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### YENCHING UNIVERSITY IN CHENGTU

A Brief Annual Report from the Office of Dean of Studies

For the Academic Year 1943-1944

The Annual Report is quantitatively given in the form of tables as appended below. Except some supplementary comments to the said numerical tables, the chief aim of the following paragraphs is to emphasize how much the University has intended to maintain the original academic standard in Peiping, and how far we have gone towards this goal.

1. STUDENTS As shown in Table II, about 58% of the applicants from accredited schools were admitted, and only 9% were admitted from open examinations held on July 29-30, 1943. Among the freshmen registered in the Summer of 1943, 31% were the so-called "coming from 6 accredited schools scattered over various places in Free China. These schools have supplied their best students to Yenching and furnished us the basic student body in the class as indicated by the record of last year that these students' work are in general above the average of the class.

The total enrollment was 380 in Fall and 362 in Spring. In fact the actual difference is not so small. 17 freshmen were dropped out due to poor records, 9 students left with honorable dismissal and 8 additional old students came from Peiping. One may be interested to note that 32% of the students were old students escaped from Yenching in Peiping and about another 50% came from various other occupied areas—a typical refugee university.

Due to the war, the graduation of quite a number of students has been considerably delayed. 18 seniors completed all the requirements for their graduation by the end of the first semester, so a special commencement exercise was held on Jan. 31, 1944 in the Assembly of Yenching. This was the first time that our graduates could wear caps and gowns in a commencement held in Chengtu. In the regular 5-University Joint Commencement Exercise held on June 28, 1944, 36 in addition to another 13 premedicals received Master's degrees. The registration numbers of the graduates differ from 35 to 42.

2. FACULTIES AND DEPARTMENTS We have 17 part-time and 95 full-time Staff this year. The part-time staffs are mainly outstanding scholars around Yenching. Among the 95 full-time staff members, 17 were original Yenching staffs escaped from Peiping after Dec. 8, 1941, and another 5 were formerly connected with Yenching. 60% are Yenching graduates.

The University faculty has been considerably strengthened since last year. It is a pleasure to report that among the scholars we have added to our groups may be mentioned Profs. Chen Yin-chueh and Hsü Chung-shu of the History Department, Prof. Li Fang-kuei of the Chinese Department, Prof. Tseng Yuan-jung of the Mathematics Department and Prof. Hsiao Kung-shuan of Political Science Department, all of whom should be a source of pride to any university.

The Department of Physics was reestablished in July 1943 by permission of the Ministry of Education. The Home Economics Department is conducting a very fine practice Nursery School, is contributing its services to the Nutrition Aid Council program in Chengtu, and is sharing in the management of the Chengtu Orphanage. The College of Public Affairs has instituted a station for rural service and studies in Chung-yi-chiao, some li's from Chengtu. The Department of Sociology and Social

Work has been entrusted to conduct a training program of personnel for the welfare of the Blind. The Department of Economics is conducting a Foreign Trade Personnel Training program under the joint auspices of the University and the Foohsing Corporation.

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As to the side of faculties, great effort has been made to strengthen our teaching staffs. So far we have 46 Professors and Assistant Professors (Ministry of Education Ranking) and 34 of them were trained abroad. There are 17 M.A.'s and 16 Ph.D.'s in the entire University. The names of western institutions represented in training abroad are:

Boston
Bryn Mawr
Berlin
Cambridge
California Inst.
of Tech.
Chicago
Columbia
Cornell

Harvard & Radcliffe
College
Johns Hopkins
London
Meorill
Michigan
Mass. Inst. of Tech,
New York
Oregon State College

Oberlin
Princeton
Palmer School
Smith College
Washington
Wellesley
Southern California
Yale

Finally I wish to add that the Library of the University has always been full of students in spite of Saturdays, holidays and nights without electricity. This characteristic phenomenon indicates clearly the intensive cooperating spirit of Yenching students with their teachers to promote Yenching's academic standard.

August 20, 1944.

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Cornell

Haryard & Redcliffe
College
Johns Hopkins
London
Meorill
Michigan
Mass. Inst. of Tech.
New York
Oregon State College

Oberlin
Princeton
Paimer School
Smith College
Washington
Wellesley
Southern California, &
Yale.

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### COLLEGE OF SCIENCE REPORT FOR 1945-4

1. General

The academic year 1943-4 has seen the continuance of the drift away from Science by the students in China. Economic and family pressure, and lassitude after years of war conditions, drive more and more students into lines of study which promise less rigorous discipline and more immediate financial benefits after graduation.

The Ministry of Education and all Universities are aware of this dangerous tendency - dangerous in view of the need of firstclass scientists for the industrialisation of China. Special inducements in the way of subsidies and scholarships are given to students of science; but naturally no rapid reversal of the present drift is to be expected. Especially the pure sciences - Mathematics, Physics, Biology, will be short of students for some time. But the work of these departmentsmust nevertheless be continued and developed as part of a balanced programme of Scientific work.

A very healthy tendency among students of science is towards courses which they see to have immediate practical value - medical, home economics, industrial chemistry, etc. The standard curriculum of the Ministry of Education has lagged behind popular demand that all our work should be related to the needs of war and reconstruction.

2. Five-University Cooperation

The Colleges of Science of the five Christian Universities in Chengtu have achieved a healthy degree of cooperation. During 1943-4 there were few overlaps in courses taught, and students beyond the freshman year in any University were able to take any course offered in any other University. For 1944-5 overlapping will be completely eliminated, and the syllabus further rationalised by cutting down the number of electives with few students.

Naturally, sharing of apparatus and supplies is a more difficult task, but Yenching and W.C.U.U. have operated an excellent arrangement by which all W.C.U.U. apparatus, and most supplies, are available to Yenching, Yenching making cash payments for their use rather than trying to buy new equipment.

In Wathematics, courses have been shared equally, in Physics, Yenching has taught the bulk of the advanced courses, in Chemistry we have been dependent on W.C.U.U., while in Biology Yenching assets are pooled in a completer 5-University plan. In Home Economics Yenching has offered most of the post-freshman work.

Yenching came onto the scene after four other Universities had been established for several years, so that very little space remained empty. Nevertheless, two rooms were allocated for Yenching offices in the main Chemistry building, one for Yenching Biology, and one for Yenching Physics, and classroom and laboratory facilities were provided for courses taught by Yenching. Then at the beginning of this academic year Yenching Science College was able to take over one floor of a new building, in return for a contribution of \$200,000 approx. There are eight large and two small rooms, available for Yenching for the duration of our stay in Chengtu. This now shows up as a very valuable arrangement.

In the new floor we have the Dean's Office, Mathematics and Physics Departments, Biology storeroom, two classrooms, a reading room for students, and living space for four junior faculty members.

#### 3. Individual Departments

When the University was first reopened, Departments of Mathematics and Home Economics were registered. In the summer of 1943, after the arrival of reinforcements to Physics, that Department was also registered. With the news of Miss Boring's decision to come out as soon as possible, we are trying to reregister the Biology Department.

We are only allowed to receive students by entrance examination into registered departments, but old students from the north may be received into unregistered departments. Thus we have students in all the original main departments. We also have premedical students, who can study suitable courses in W.C.U.U. or Cheeloo. Preengineering students, however, are sent on as soon as possible to other Universities.

- (a) <u>Mathematics</u>: The Department has been greatly strengthened this year by the presence of Dr. Tseng Yuan-Yung, visiting professor from Tsinghua U. He has taught two courses in advanced Algebra, and has also been active in his own kir research programme and the firection of studies of students and junior faculty members. Mr. Kuan Chao Chih was knocked out by T.B. during the first semester, but with care and rest, followed by a programme of light work, he has recovered, and will be able to take a full load next semester.
- (b) Physics: While the Department has suffered greatly during the absence of its chairman (drafted into the office of Acting Dean of Studies), it has been stimulated by the arrival of Mr. William Band, after his adventurous journey of two years through guerilla China. Mr. Band is now working with Dr. Needham in the Sino-British Science Cooperation Bureau, and visits Chengtu frequently, giving his time liberally to the Department. He has taken up again with Mr. Tseng Tse-Pei his programmeramme of research in Statistical Mechanics, and is expected to lead a seminar in that subject for the five Universities next semester. Dr. Ch'en Shang-Yi has proceeded with setting up his spectroscopic grating in a locally made wooden frame iron is impossibly expensive and hopes as soon as his load of administrative duties is lightened to proceed with development of a plan of teaching and research in Spectroscopy.

(c) HomeEdonomics: The Department has had little help from other Universities in teaching, and the shortage of trained personnel in this field means that faculty are hard to find, especially for advanced work in nutrition. Nevertheless the Department has prospered under the energetic leadership of Mrs. Mei, and there is great demand for the graduates.

(d) <u>Biology</u>: The small staff of the "Preparatory Department" has shown excellent teamwork, and made a good contribution to the 5 U. joint programme. Dr. Chang Ssung-Ping's lectures have been very popular and stimulating, and he has been responsible for the Joint Seminar. Students have made a good collection of local insects and amphibia.

(e) Chemistry: Our student body in Chemistry is the best in the College, but so far we have not been able to strengthen the staff. We have depended very heavily on the help of Dr. Paul Chang of W.C.U.U., and he has led an excellent series of research problems in leather tanning, in addition to looking after the needs of our students to borrow apparatus or beg chemicals. Dr. Chang also brought experienced industrial chemists to lecture in the five Universities. Most of them were Yenching graduates and lectured as a Yenching contribution to the joint programme. We certainly hope for the early arrival of Dr. Hsu Peng Cheng and Dr. S.D. Wilson, and look forward then to the registration of the Department.

Yenching has been deeply indebted to Mr. Roy Spooner, Chairman of W.C.U.U. Chemistry Dept. for the way in which his has made available to Yenching students a share of the preficus imported chemitals belonging to W.C.U.U.

4. Students

With few exceptions, students of the Science Collage are refugees from the north. Some have families in Szechuan, but perhars hate have no means of support through their studies except scholarship, loans, and selfhelp work. They are a hardworking bunch. Of the June 1944 graduates, 5 students of the University graduated with Honour. 4 of these were Science College students.

The total number of students in the college is over 80, equally divided among the years except for Sophomores. This is because when the University restarted the Science College got going slowly, and took very few freshmen, and those into the Departments of Mathematics and Home Reconomics only.

Considering the wartime conditions, student theses have kept a good standard. In Chemistry Tsao Tien Ching (son of C. P. Tsao) wrote a brilliant thesis on the tanning properties of a local root named "chiang T'ou". Lu Cho Ju (son of C. W. Iu) wrote an excellent thesis in Theoretical Physics. Good work was done by other students in problems on tanning, dormancy of insects, acoustics, and organisation of mese mursery schools in Chengtu.

During the summer vacation most of the students are earning their living, and some extra funds for next year's expenses, by work outside the University and related to their line of studies.

5. Projects

The Home Economics Department has achieved considerable success with two projects which have now run for two years - the nursery school, with 30-40 children, and publications.

The nursery school is located within the tiny University campus, and serves both as a practice ground for students of the Department, and also as a convenience for faculty members with small children. Although its original building was burned down last year, it survived and is now quite well equipped.

The Department has published three pamphlets dealing with Child training and mutrition, and these have had an excellent sale, being extramely suited to the needs of the time.

The Chemistry Department has cooperated with W.C.U.U. and the C.I.C. in a programme of teaching and research on leathertanning. Yenching students have studeed research problems, assisted in tanning processes, and taken most of the duties in the teaching of the Leathertanning Technical School.

The Biology Department has taken the making of a collection of Szechuan flora and fauna as a major activity, and trips have been made to nearby and distant areas by faculty and students. We expecté that by the time we return to North China we shall be able to carry back with us a representative collection of West China specimens.

6. Apparatus and Books It is impossible to buy in West China the apparatus which would be needed for the science work, and we have therefore appropriated very little money for this purpose. What funds there are are ased to supplement W.C.U.U. budgets, and to fill in deficiencies in the materials for the joint programme.

We have been forced to buy some books locally, as they came onto the market at excessive prices. But we bought as few as possible, and now that Dr. Needham's office gives facilities for purchase of books abroad we are trying to make best use of them.

Microfilms are now available in Chengtu, but the College needs a machine in each Department to make them really useful.

Meanwhile we have asked our members in U.S.A. to arrange for the purchase and storage of scientific magazines ready for the time they can be brought out to China.

### YENCHING UNIVERSITY

### REPORT OF THE ACTING DEAN OF WOMEN

### SPRING SEMESTER, 1944

The Women's College, as part of the University, began the second semester in much the same routine as the first. This is saying a great deal for war time and is indeed worthy of thanksgiving.

### Winter Graduation

At the close of last semester, nineteen students graduated from the University of which twelve were women. It is most gratifying to report that practically all are engaged in work intimately connected with the war. Of the twelve girls, four work in various hospitals, as nurse, social worker, chemist, and secretary. Two are directors of nurseries and third serves in an orphanage. The Y.W.C.A. has recruited two as secretaries. One has joined the Frontier Service Department. Two remain as assistants in the University.

### Spring Registration

This semester the women students register a total of 136, the vacancies left by the winter graduates being partially filled by students newly arrived from Peking and by fresh admittance. They constitute over one-third of the University total of 375, and are distributed in the following manner:

Class	Number	College	Number
Freshman Sophomore	<b>4</b> 0 <b>44</b>	Arts Sciences	48 46
Junior Senior Graduate	31 15 1	Public Affairs Graduate Special	36 1 5 136
Special	5 136		

### Leans and Scholarships

This semester the students find their financial condition in a sadder plight than the last. The cost of food, which constitutes the largest item of their expenditure, has risen from an average of \$300 per month last semester to that of \$600 this semester. Moreover, the Ministry of Education has stopped granting food subsidies to new applicants, leaving late arrivals to further borrowing.

It is plain that the University cannot be expected to solve the problem entirely for the students. But by revamping the relations between loans and scholar-ships, the University has substantially ameliorated the condition of a considerable number of students. The University loan issued to a student remains at \$1,875, the same as the last semester, but whereas last semester those loan-holders who received scholarships or government subsidies were required to turn these back to the University to have their loans deducted therefrom, this semester government subsidies are handed to them without any deduction, whatsoever, and scholarships are deducted by the half and by the quarter from full-loan holders and half-loan holders respectively.

University loans are granted to needy students from Yenching in Peiping. A recipient is required to have achieved the grade ratio of 5.1 in her academic work. This semester the university has issued loans amounting \$220,312.50 of which \$64,687.50 has been allotted to thirty-nine girls, in thirty full-loans and nine half-loans. Partial deductions from scholarships have made up for \$19,142.25 making it a net expenditure of \$45,545.25 on loans for women students.

Scholarships are awarded to needy students who have acquired a minimum grade ratio of 6.5, except in the case of departmental or specially designated scholarships. Out of the University total of \$116,325.71, the women students have obtained \$62,685.71, more than 50%. Such preponderance may be explained by two factors. In the first place, the general grade ratio of the women students is higher than that of the men. Secondly, several very large scholarships, namely Child Welfare, by virtue of their nature necessarily go to the women students.

It remains for the College to express its indebtedness to the donors of these scholarships. For convenience they may be tabulated as follows:

### (A) Extra-university Scholarships:

Numbe	r		Amount per Semester
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### (B) Intra-university:

Number			Amount per Semester
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#### Grants-in-aid

Aside from scholarships and university loans, the college has been fortunate in being entrusted with the administration of certain funds for the benefit of women students. These funds are given by friends of the college, individuals or groups, to help students who require special aid.

Thanks are owed to the McBride Fund, through Mr. H. W. Robinson, for \$1,000 granted to a case of appendicitis and another \$1,000 to a needy student who, being a freshman cannot receive any university loan. Miss Ruth Van Kirk has most kindly aided to the amount of \$1,000 each a case of tuberculosis and three Bridgeman Academy students who have arrived too late to receive university loans. Miss

Pauline Chang has made a gift of \$500 to assist the tuition payment of a student. An anonymous donor has sent an amount of \$2,000 toward the funeral expenses of a student who died of pneumonia.

The largest amount of grants-in-aid has been derived from the Wellesley Fund. A full account of the Fund has been rendered in a separate report and will not be repeated here. In connection with aids to individual students, however, it is a pleasant obligation to note that the Fund has been expended on cases of health deficiencies. Up to date seven students have been benefited; one student with gastric ulcer, one who needed eyeglasses, and the rest with tuberculosis. These total \$18,635.00 and include medical expenses as well as food subsidies.

### Self-help Work

When it is taken into account that the minimum expenditure of a student is \$8,000 for the semester, it needs no explanation to point out the fact that for most students from occupied China, self-help work constitutes an important source of income.

This semester the university has allotted \$60,000 for the purpose. The U.C.R. Student Relief Administration at Chengtu also offers opportunities to students, Yenching included. But these sources are far too inadequate to meet the actual need. Many students have found self-help work as tutors in private homes. Yenching women students are specially favored as English teachers. As tutors they receive remuneration several times that of the university rate of \$20 per hour. But the advantage is somewhat reduced by the time element as consumed in the process of going to and returning from these outside jobs.

### Student Food

The students have continued to manage their own dining hall, including the purchase of foodstuffs, the supervision of cooking, and the hiring end firing of kitchen employees. In order to increase further their over-all efficiency, they have since this semester amalgamated their management with that of the men's hall. The students have so distinguished themselves in this service as to merit an honorable mention, which was accredited to them by the university on Honor's Day.

Due to the scaring of prices, however, student food constitutes a long-term problem from the standpoint of nutrition. According to a survey made recently by the faculty and students of the Dietetics Class, Home Economics 202, the food consumed by the women students gives only 1,500 calories per capita per day, of which some 70% is derived from cereals. The protein intake is also far from being adequate: about 30 g. per student with only 2% from animal sources. Most of the Vitamin A is taken in the form of carotene, and its value to the body is doubtful, since each person receives only 9 g. of vegetable oil per day. Similarly, as a result of deficiency in oil, most of the Vitamin C contents are lost in the process of cooking.

In fine, the diet cannot even stand comparison with that consumed by the working class before the war, then already considered as below subsistance level.

Improvement by the students' own efforts is not feasible in view of their inablity to pay prohibitive prices.



### Student Health

It is quite impossible to make an adequate survey on the health condition of the students. Several phenomena, however, call for gratification. In the first place, the functioning of the Wellesley Infirmary has, almost unremittingly, taken care of cases of minor illness, among women students: cold, unknown fever, malaria, digestion upsets, etc. Secondly, the dreaded diseases of typhus and diphtheria, which have invaded the men's dormitory, have spared the women. Thirdly, in the case of tuberculosis, of all the universities at Chengtu, only Yenching can boast of a complete record of fluoroscopic examination. It reveals that 4% of our community is actively affected, which, according to Dr. Green of the W.C.U.U. Hospital, is lower than the percentage of pre-war Cheeloo University. Among the Yenching girls, no new cases have developed this semester, while three old cases have fully recovered, leaving in complete rest only two girls who fortunately have their homes near Chengtu and have their own financial resources to draw upon.

### Summer Graduation

Just this week the university graduated a class of fifty students, including eleven women. A ceremony was held in conjunction with the other four Christian universities at Chengtu. It is too early to make any report on the post-graduation plans of the students concerned.

### Faculty Members

The women members of the faculty have increased from last semester's number of thirty to thirty-three. All additions are in the assistant or clerical class.

It is most regrettable that Miss Shen Ying Shen, typist, has been lately laid up with active tuberculosis. Her medical needs will be taken care of by the Wellesley Fund.

The community here anxiously awaits the coming from America of the repatriated members, especially Miss Speer, Miss Boring and Dr. Sailer. May it be blessed with their speedy return.

### Resignation of the Acting Dean

Breaking a rule of documentary style for the sake of clarity and expressiveness, I take the liberty to write this section in the first person.

Last fall I returned from my summer vacation to be startled by the news that the University had commissioned me to serve as Acting Dean of the Women's College. It was an emergency measure necessitated by the sudden departure of Dean Wang, and was intended as a temporary arrangement to meet the need of a transitional period in order that the University might find time to engage a regular dean. My health had been in poor condition, but I risked it for the sake of the emergency and taking into consideration the temporariness of the situation.

Months have elapsed and now we find ourselves at the end of another academic year. Allow me to dispense with the trite sentiment of dwelling upon my personal incompetence. Since last winter I contracted sinusitis which has given me many fevers. This, together with other physical ailments, calls for such rest as the duties of the Deanship do not and cannot allow. The sole and fundamental reason

for my resignation is ill health. That the administration has harkened unto my plea is a manifestation of Yenching's spirit of truth in freedom. Availing myself of this opportunity, I wish to express a word of profound gratitude to the entire administration for the guidance, sympathy, support, and indulgence it has most generously and unconditionally extended me in the past ten months.

And now the administration is to be congratulated on having found a new dean in the forthcoming service of Miss Lu Hui Ching. Her position hitherto as Head of the Division of Physical Education and Health has brought her into intimate contact with student life. Above all her keen sense of responsibility will inevitably lead her to introduce into the Women's College many improvements now sorely lacking. It is needless to give the assurance that all those who know Miss Lu will pledge her the warmest support. God bless the new Dean!

Respectfully submitted

Ch'en Fang-Chih Acting Dean, 1943-1944

June 27, 1944

### YENCHING UNIVERSITY IN CHENGTU

### Report of Acting President, May 20,1944

The second academic year of the University since its reopening in Chengtu, which is about to be completed, is one of consolidation. We have become better oriented to war conditions as well as our immediate environment. Correspondence with America has also given us a better understanding regarding the attitude of the Trustees. The University has come to accept the present scope as its probable scope for the duration and has settled down to make the most of it. The year is marked by conscientious teaching and hard study.

### The Faculty

While it is encouraging to have some 30 members of the original faculty and staff join the University in Chengtu, all of the foreign members were intermed and few of the Chinese senior people have been able to leave Peking. Strengthening of the faculty has therefore become one of the most urgent needs of the institution. Inspite of the many difficulties, our effort has been well rewarded. It is gratifying to say that since last fall several outstanding scholars have joined the University faculty. They have contributed a great deal to maintaining the academic standard in Yenching and they have exercised a valuable influence on the community of universities in Chengtu. The following list may be of some interest:

Prof. Chen Yin-Chueh: Chinese History

Prof. Hsiao Kung-Chuan: Political Science

Prof. Li Fang-Kuei: Philology

Prof. Hst Chung-Shu: Chinese History

Prof. Tseng Yuan-Jung: Mathematics

Prof. Chao Jen-Chun, a well-known specialist in Monetary Theories and Economic Statistics, has been with the University since its reopening in Chengtu.

We are all glad for the fact that 20 of the American members of the Yenching faculty were repatriated last fall and landed at New York from the "Gripsholm" on December 1, 1943. Frequent correspondence has been carried on with these colleagues ever since the news of their repatriation. We welcomed them all to join the University in Chengtu, and on their part all of them indicated their deep concern and loyalty to the institution. But problems of family, health, retirement, etc. are keeping most of them back at home. Everal have taken up temporary work connected with the war-program, and one of them is working in the New York Office of the University. We have finally reduced our request to a minimum of 2 or 3 members with long-time connection and administration experience in the University to join us in Chengtu! It seems we shall be able to have at least \*\*REXEMBLE\*\* Dr.Randolph C.Sailer and Miss Margaret B.Speer with us next fall. The arrival of these colleagues will not only supply several of the outstanding needs of the University but will also strengthen the administration and morale in general.

News about members in Peking continue to be bad. Much effort has been spent in trying to secure and send relief funds to these colleagues.

Several weeks ago, we thought we had found a way of doing this. Just at that time came the news of the Japanese again making large-scale arrests of University faculty and students in Peking and Tientsin. Informed circles believed it was connected with sending of funds from Free China to Faculty and students in that area last winter. Thus again we have to let the matter go for a time. Mention may here be made that a small sum of money has recently been sent to President Stuart through an official organ.

The New York Office has just made a study of the problem of paying back salary to members of the University. Presumably those who are now in the University in Chengtu will be able to redeive their payments before long. The New York Office has also sent some money contributed for the relief of the victims of the fire of last spring. It is being distributed to members concerned.

### The Student Body

Problems of space and finance have convinced the University administration that it should limit the size of the student body, probably for the duration of the war, to the maximum of 400, with approximately 1/3 of the quota for women. Registration this spring semester presents a total of 375, 136 of whom are women. The registration of the 3 colleges are as follows: Arts & Letters, 136; Natural Science, 84; Public Affairs, 155. Of the total of 375, 181 come from the original student body in Peking, 105 were admitted to the University in 1942 and 89 were admitted in 1943.

31 students (16 men and 15 women) graduated at the Commencement of June 1943, and 17 (7 men and 10 women) graduated at the Winter Commencement. For the Commencement this spring 45 students (33 men and 12 women) are candidates.

Aside from a few disciplinary cases, this is a very quiet and hard-working year as far as the students are concerned. The following is a paragraph that one of the faculty wrote in a letter to some of his friends:

"The academic standard is in general low in Chengtu. Yenching has been trying her best to keep her original standard. 15 among 73 Freshmen students were dropped out from the University at the end of last fall. We succeeded in inviting 4 famour professors to join us. It is generally agreed that Yenching has been able to improve academic standard. It appears to me that there are good chances for Yenching to give her valuable contributions to South China; Yenching should manual not lose them."

(3 student statistical tables are appended herewith.

# Finance and the Financial Campaign

The financial administration and procedure are kept as uniform as is feasible for the 5 Christian Institutions in Chengtu. The rising cost is of course a general problem, and budget administration is in

a great part a matter of estimates and guess-work. The increase in exchange subsidy and the considerable balance from 1942-43 are helpful towards balancing the Yenching budget for the current year. We are still hoping to be able to close our books at the end of June without a deficit.

The \$10,000,000 Financial Campaign approved by the Board of Directors last winter is now in progress. The prospects are encouraging for Chungking to make its quota of \$5,000,000 and Chengtu \$3,000,000. Only a portion of these sums has been actually collected to date, but the outlook is hopeful and alumni and friends of the University are working hard for the cause. Alumni in other centers seem also to be making their best effort, and it is hoped that a lasting esprit de corps among alumni and friends as well as monetary receipts will result from the nation-wide Financial Campaign.

### Building Space

In planning for the reopening of the University in Free China two years ago, a conservative policy was adopted regarding buildings and grounds. We considered ourselves fortunate in being able to have the use of 3 small school compounds in Chengtu on a rental basis without having to go to the great expenses of building construction. Unfortunate-having to go to the great expenses of building construction. Unfortunate-having to go to the great expenses of building construction. Unfortunate-having rent is going up faster than even some of the other expendimeantime rent is going up faster than even some of the other expendimeantime rent is going up faster than even some of the other expendimeantime rent is going up faster than even some of the other expendiment tures. Moreover, there is always the hovering uncertainty as to what the landlord will do after the current contract expires. This last spring the Methodist Primary School authorities served us notice that when the term expires in July they would want the school building for when the term expires in July they would want the school building for the operation of the school which is now outside the city. In that school compound there are now 10 faculty families. It is well-nigh impossible to try to house these 10 families any other way. The matter is still under negotiation. It is difficult now to say what the final outcome will be.

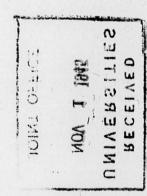
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Closer cooperation among the 5 Christian Institutions in Chengtu has been felt advisable by many people. There have been also concrete difficulties in the way. The present serious financial situation facing all of these institutions may help to bring the institutions closer together. Conferences are going on even now to plan for cooperative measures for the next year.

In the case of Yenching, the distance between Yenching in the city and the W C U U Campus makes an additional problem. At the present, when a limited number of courses are interchanged between Yenching and other institutions, a number of students are obliged to walk the 2-mile other institutions, a number of students are obliged to walk the 2-mile distance twice a day, and some even 4 times. Closer academic cooperation under the present physical conditions would mean undue hardship to a large number of Yenching students and faculty. The only feasible plan seems to be to hold all Yenching classes on the Campus. That evidently would mean keeping offices out there also. On this arrange-evidently would mean keeping offices out there also. On this arrange-evidently would mean keeping offices out there also. On this arrange-

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Y.P.Mei Chengtu May 20,1944.



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Y. P. Mei

Chengtu, China May 20, 1944



### YENCHING UNIVERSIT - N CHENGTU

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### THE ACTING PRESIDENT'S REPORT

### FALL SEMESTER, 1944.

In the fall of 1944, the University started its third session in Chengtu. "Consolidation" may be said to be the watchword for this third year. In spite of the manifold difficulties of war-time administration, the University has had a good foundation laid in Chengtu and is making some prudent progress. Under the pressure of the war, each succeeding year is likely to be harder than the last. But we have reasons to believe that the Yenching group in Chengtu, faculty and students, will be able to stand under the strain and make a distinctive contribution to China's need of higher education for the duration of war.

### I. FACULTY

It is most gratifying to report that the whole faculty of 1943-44 remained without an exception in the fall of 1944. Professor Wu Mi, long-time and well-known professor of comparative literature in Tsing Hua University, is this year on sabbatical leave from that institution. We consider it an honor that he has decided to spend the year with us as a Visiting Professor.

Unfortunately several cases of serious illness have occurred among the faculty. To mention a few, Miss Grace Boynton, Professor and Chairman of Western Languages Department, has had to advance her furlough and leave Chengtu early in January on account of/health. Professor Chen Yin-Chueh, Professor of Chinese Mediaeval History, has suffered from a threatened detachment of the retina. For a while it was feared that he might have to lose his eyesight. Fortunately he is now on the way to slow recovery, but it will be necessary for him to rest for the next several months. Professor Chao Jen-Chun, Intersor of the fortunate combination of excellent medical service together with the supply of pencillin in Chengtu that has saved Dr. Chao's life. It is hoped that he will be able to resume his work within the next few weeks time.

For the strengthening of the administration, Mr. T. L. Shen, formerly Acting President of Soochow University, has joined the University as the Chief Secretary, and finally Mr. Jen Yung-Kang has arrived from Sian to be our Registrar. All the time we have been hoping that Dr. Han Ching-Lien might return to the University and resume his duties as the Dean of Studies. There is still hope that he will be able to do so in the spring.

The faculty and staff members have been eager to make their contribution more directly to the national war effort, and as opportunities offer themselves they have responded in very definite ways. Mr. Sun Ting-Yun, as assistant in the office of the Dean of Discipline, has joined the army with the student volunteers. Miss Chou Chi-Hsin, an instructor of Physical Education, has spent several months as a recreational worker at one of the American Air Force Bases around Chengtu.

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And now Mr. Lin Chi-Wu is working in the Chinese Army Training Camp at Luchow as its recreational officer. Mr. Lin was asked to be the faculty superindendent to accompany the student volunteers from the 5 Christian Universities in Chengtu to the Training Camp at Luchow. The group was so well organized and maintained such co-operative discipline, that the Commander of the Training Camp asked the University for Mr. Lin's services at the Camp. Mr. Lin is now serving in the Camp as a contribution from the University during the spring semester.

During the fall, the U.S.A. State Department extended an invitation to Yenching to elect a faculty representative to take a tour in America as its cultural guest. The Faculty went through the usual procedure of University administration and finally elected Acting President Mei to be their representative. The military situation during the winter was not favorable for the Head of the Institution to consider an extended trip like this. Now that conditions have improved militaryly and politically, he will probably start sometime in the spring.

The Faculty morale continues to be good under the circumstances. Wartime living year after year makes it very hard on everybody. Malnutrition and overwork are responsible for an increasing amount of illness and occasional cases of psychological mal-adjustment. Radical improvement of faculty treatment is called for and will help matters. Furthermore, the group requires strengthening very badly. Besides the expectation of Dr. Han's return, referred to above, we are also hoping that some of the American members of the Faculty now in America may be able to join us in Chengtu before long.

We continue to receive news about the Faculty groups in Peking and tweishien. Apparently the situation of the Peking group has been worsening steadily. We are at least happy to say that it has been possible to arrange to send \$300,000 in the spring and \$500,000 in the winter of 1944 as Relief Fund to the group in Peking. We are waiting to hear about the safe arrival and distribution of these sums. News has just arrived from Peking concerning Chancellor Emeritus Nu Lei-Chuan's death. He died of a stroke on October 29, 1944. The University is planning to hold a memorial meeting in Chengtu. There was a rumor in the fall that President Stuart had sufferred a nervous break-down. All the results of our inquiry have been in the negative, and for this we feel exceedingly thankful.

### II. THE STUDIMT BODY.

The total enrollment of students during the fall semester was 380.

Among these 126 were women, exactly a third of the total. 98, or about a quarter of the total student body, were new students. 137 of the total of 280 came from the original student body in Peking. 19 students, 13 men and 6 women, graduated at a simple winter Commencement in January. This brought the total of students graduated in Chengtu to 1218. Practically all the graduates came from the Peking student body.

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There are a el large number of student organizations relative to the size of the sudent body. The Student Self-Government as well as the Yenta Christian Fellowship have both been doing very well. There are 12 small Fellowships under the Christian Fellowship, each consisting of 10 to 15 men and women students and usually with one or two faculty members. These Fellowships meet about once a week, and the profaculty members. These Fellowships meet about once a week, and the profaculty members. More than half of the student body belong to these Fellowships groups, and in many ways they are the basic units in student lowships groups, and in many ways they are the basic units in student life and opinions. There are also 31 other groups, departmental, literary, musical, dramatic, and what not. 12 of the student organizations publish periodical wall-papers——wall-papers because of the shortage of paper and thehigh cost of printing.

War-time conditions work hardship on the students as well as on the faculty. The considerable fortion of students from occupied territory in the student body gives special importance to the matter of scholarship and aid in Yenching. For the fall semester the University gave scholarships to 113 students in varying amounts totaling \$326,000. The students was \$500 per student per semester. In the total tuition paid by 380 students was therefore only \$190,000. Bethe total tuition paid by 380 students was therefore only \$190,000. Bethe total tuition and organizations for special scholarships dosides, there were also a considerable number of special scholarships dosides, there were also a considerable number of special scholarships dosides, there were also a considerable number of special scholarships dosides, there were also a considerable number of special scholarships dosides, there were also a considerable number of special scholarships dosides, there were also a considerable. The fall semester. To students from occupied tervenching students in need, and \$500,000 were given to a large group of aid to students for the fall semester. To students from occupied tervenching students for the fall semester. To students from occupied tervenching students for the fall semester. To students from occupied tervenching students for the fall semester. To students from occupied area. In a spite of the University works under, our principae has been to nancial pressure the University works under, our principae has been to nancial pressure the University works under, our principae has been to nancial pressure the University works under, our principae has been to nancial pressure the University works under, our principae has been to nancial pressure the University works under, our principae has been to nancial pressure the University works under, our principae has been to nancial pressure the University works under, our principae has been to nancial pressure the University works under the description of the many of the description

The spirit of the student body is very gratifying. The academic circles in Chengtu seems to agree that the Yenching students work the hardest. It may be an interesting diversion here to make mention of the Joint-Science Library incident. There is a Joint-Science Library on the W.C.U.U. Campus for the 5 Universities. Last summer the Librarian had to put in some extra tables and chairs and electric lights, rian had to put in some extra tables and chairs and electric lights, and he presented the bill to Yenching because "more Yenching students and he presented the bill to Yenching because "more Yenching students used the library than all students of the other 4 Institutions put together". We finally paid the bill for other reasons, but that is what gether". We finally paid the bill for other reasons, but that is what the librarian thought about it. The student body is also very active in the discussion of national issues and very responsive to calls from the government towards the war effort. During the fall, 2 boys joined the Burma Expedition, 8 joined the Air Force, and 23 joined the Army and Burma Expedition, 8 joined the Air Force, and 23 joined the Army and are now receiving their training at the Camp at Luchow. That makes a are now receiving their training at the Camp at Luchow. 5 girl students

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have contributed their services working in one of the American Air
Force Bases near Chengtu. They serve as telephone operator, typist,
secretary, and accountant. It was reported that the presence of these e
college girls in the American camps has not only supplied the
college girls in the American but also has helped the American men
American Army the services needed, but also has helped the American men
and officers to a different attitude towards Chinese women and the
nese people.

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		*	\$5,307	250.00
Chungking Chengtu			3.082	350.00
			1,351	300.00
Lanchow			187	400.00
Neichiang			165	,000.00
Kangting			139	,847.30
Nancheng			52	,600.00
Paoki			36	,500.00
Tienshiu			27	,000.00
Kweilin			26	,500.00
Kwieyang			70	,200.00
Kanhsien			10	,050.00
Chunhsien			10	,000.00
Wenchow			10	,000.00
Santai			70	,000.00
Chien-ou			9	,000.00
Changting			0	,700.00
Chenhsi				,260.00
Tihwa (Uru	mchi)		4	,200.00
Tzuliuchin	g		4	,000.00
Nanping			ن	,000.00
Yulin			2	,500.00
Peipei			2	250.00
Sunghsien				500.00
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JOINT OFFICE

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### YENCHING UNIVERSITY IN CHENGTU

### THE ACTING PRESIDENT'S REPORT

#### FALL SEMESTER 1944

In the fall of 1944, the University started its third session in Chengtu. "Consolidation" may be said to be the watchword for this third year. In spite of the manifold difficulties of war-time administration, the University has had a good foundation laid in Chengtu and is making some progress. Under the pressure of the war, each succeeding year is likely to be harder than the last, but we have reason to believe that the Yenching group in Chengtu, faculty and students, will be able to stand under the strain and make a distinctive contribution to China's need of higher education for the duration of war.

### I. FACULTY

It is most gratifying to report that the whole faculty of 1943-44 remained without an exception in the fall of 1944. Professor Wu Mi, long-time and well-known professor of comparative literature in Tsing Hua University, is this year on sabbatical leave from that institution. We consider it an honor that he has decided to spend the year with us as a Visiting Professor.

Unfortunately several cases of serious illness have occurred among the faculty. To mention a few, Miss Grace Boynton, Professor and Chairman of Western Languages Department, has had to advance her furlough and leave Chengtu early in January, Professor Chen Yin-Chueh, of the Department of Chinese Mediaeval History, has suffered from a threatened detachment of the retina. For a while it was feared that he might lose his eyesight. Fortunately he is now on the way to slow recovery, but it will be necessary for him to rest for the next several menths. Professor Chao Jen-Chun, of the Department of Economics, had to be operated on for pancreatitis. It is only the fortunate combination of excellent medical service together with the supply of penicillin in Chengtu that saved Dr. Chao's life. It is hoped he will be able to resume his work within the next few weeks.

For the strengthening of the administration, Mr. T. L. Shen, formerly Acting President of Soochow University, has joined the University as the Chief Secretar and finally Mr. Jen Young-Kang has arrived from Sian to be our Registrar. All the time we have been hoping that Dr. Han Ching-Lien might return to the University and resume his duties as the Dean of Studies. There is still hope that he will be able to do so in the spring.

The faculty and staff members have been eager to make their contribution more directly to the national war effort, and as opportunities offered, they have responded in very definite ways. Mr. Sun Ting-Yun, an assistant in the office of the Dean of Discipline, has joined the army with the student volunteers. Miss Chou Chi-Hsin, an instructor of Physical Education, has spent several months as a recreational worker at one of the American Air Force Bases near Chengtu. Mr. Lin Chi-Wu is working in the Chinese Army Training Camp at Luchow as its recreational officer. Mr. Lin was asked to be the faculty superintendent to accompany the student volunteers from the five Christian Universities in Chengtu to the Training Camp at Luchow. The group was so well organized and main tained such cooperative discipline that the Commander of the Training Camp asked the University for Mr. Lin's services at the Camp. Mr. Lin is now serving in the Camp as a contribution from the University during the spring semester.

During the fall, the U.S.A. State Department extended an invitation to Yenching to elect a faculty representative to take a tour in America as its cultural guest. The Faculty went through the usual procedure of University administration

and finally elected Acting President Mei to be their representative. The military situation during the winter was not favorable for the Head of the Institution to consider an extended trip like this. Now that conditions have improved militarily and politically, he will probably start sometime in the spring.

The Faculty morale continues to be good under the circumstances. War-time living, year after year, is hard on everybody. Malnutrition and overwork are responsible for an increasing amount of illness and occasional cases of psychological maladjustment. Radical improvement of faculty treatment is called for and will help matters. Furthermore, the group requires strengthening very badly. Besides the expectation of Dr. Han's return, referred to above, we are also hoping that some of the American members of the Faculty now in America may be able to join us in Chengtu before long.

We continue to receive news about the Faculty groups in Peking and Weishien Apparently the situation of the Peking group has steadily deteriorated. We are happy to say that it has been possible to arrange to send \$300,000 in the spring and \$500,000 in the winter of 1944 as Relief Fund to the group in Peking. We are waiting to hear about the safe arrival and distribution of these sums. News has just arrived from Peking concerning Chancellor Emeritus Wu Lei-Chuan's death. He died of a stroke on October 29, 1944. The University is planning to hold a memorial meeting in Chengtu. There was a rumor in the fall that President Stuart had suffered a nervous breakdown. All the results of our inquiry have been in the negative, and for this we feel exceedingly thankful.

### II. THE STUDENT BODY

The total enrollment of students during the fall semester was 380. Of these 126 were women, exactly a third of the total. 98, or about a quarter of the total student body, were new students. 137 came from the original student body in Peking. 19 students, 13 men and 6 women, graduated at a simple winter Commencement in Januar. This brought the total of students graduated in Chengtu to 121. Practically all the graduates came from the Peking student body.

There are a large number of student organizations in relation to the size of the student body. The Student Self-Government and the Yenta Christian Fellowship have both been doing very well. There are twelve small Fellowships under the Christian Fellowship, each consisting of ten to fifteen men and women students and usually one or two faculty members. These Fellowships meet about once a week and the programs consist of religious cultivation, social activities, and community service plans. More than half of the student body belong to these Fellowship groups, and in many ways they are the basic units in student life and opinions. There are also thirty-one other groups, departmental, literary, musical and dramatic. Twelve of the student organizations publish periodical wall-papers ---- wall-papers because of the shortage of paper and the high cost of printing.

Wer-time conditions work hardship on the students as well as on the faculty. The large proportion of students from occupied territory in the student body gives special importance to the matter of scholarships and aid in Yenching. For the fall semester the University gave scholarships to 113 students in varying amounts totaling \$326,000. The tuition collected from students was \$500 per student per semester. The total tuition paid by 380 students was therefore only \$190,000. Besides, there were also a large number of special scholarships donated by friends and organizations for specific purposes which totaled \$250,000. The International Student Relief Committee gives relief and aid to students in need, and \$500,000 was given to a large group of Yenching students for the fall semester. To students from occupied territory, the Ministry of Education makes a monthly loan approximately equivalent to the board expenses. All in all, in spite of the great financial pressure the University works under, our principle has been to try to see the boy or girl through college as long as he or she deserves a college education, especially if he has come from



60

the occupied area. In spite of the many efforts in the direction of student relief and aid, much yet remains to be done. The general health level among the students is quite deplorable, and most of it is probably due to lack of proper nutrition.

The spirit of the student body is very gratifying. The academic circles in Chengtu seem to agree that the Yenching students work the hardest. It may be an interesting diversion here to make mention of the Joint-Science Library incident. There is a Joint-Science Library on the W.C.U.U. Campus for the five Universities. Last summer the Librarian had to put in some extra tables and chairs and electric lights, and he presented the bill to Yenching because "more Yenching students used the library than all students of the other four institutions put together." We finally paid the bill for other reasons, but that is what the librarian thought about it. The student body is also very active in the discussion of national issue and very responsive to calls from the rowernment. During the fall, 2 boys joined the Burma Expedition, 8 joined the Air Force, and 23 joined the Army and are now receiving their training at the Camp at Luchow. That makes a total of 33, or 13%, out of a total of 254 men students. Five girl students have been working in one of the American Air Force Bases near Chengtu. They serve as telephone operator, typist secretaries, and accountant. It was reported that the presence of these college girls in the American camps had not only supplied the American Army the services needed, but also had helped the American mem and officers to a different attitude towards Chinese women and the Chinese people.

Compared to the last two years, the present is a much more lively year among the college students. Something seemed to be going on all the time throughout the fall. Some issues are national and some arelocal. They range from discussions of democracy and constitutional government to local incidents and even girls dancing with the American soldiers. Though nothing very vexing has happened in Yenching itself, repeated incidents in our neighbor institutions makes for an apparent atmosphere of unrest. Through it all, it is gratifying to report that the Yenching student body has been intelligent and constructive, and the faculty patient and cooperative. From this general background one can all the more readily appreciate the incident of the student body petitioning for retaining the Dean of Discipline. Dr. Wei Yung-Ching has been in charge of Student Welfare and Discipline since last summer. In the winter Dr. Sweet of the U.C.R. wired from Chungking for Dr. Wei's services in connection with a training program. The University was considering loaning Dr. Wei when the students heard about it. Seventeen student organizations and a large group of individual students presented a petition through the Student Self-Government, asking the University not to let Dr. Wei go. Fortunately Dr. Wei did not have to go. Such an experience is probably unheard of elsewhere and rare even in Yenching;

## III. RESEARCH AND TRAINING PROJECTS

Several special training projects have been developed. The International Trade Project is under the joint auspices of the Fooshing Trading Corporation and the University. The Blind Service Training Project is under the joint auspices of the Committee on Welfare for the Blind and the University. During the fall semestor the Project of Labor Welfare Training was also developed between the Association for Labor Welfare and the University. All these training projects are undertaken by the College of Public Affairs of the University. The College of Public Affairs has also established a station for rural service and research at Chung Yi Chao, some has also established a station for rural service and research at Chung Yi Chao, some ten miles to the northwest of Chengtu. The Home Economics Department of the College of Natural Sciences has developed a Child Welfare Program. As an extension service, it has undertaken a program of publication of Child Welfare and Parent education material in the form of illustrated charts and booklets. This Service has already begun to get a good deal of attention and popularity. In the Child Welfar Training Project, the Department of Home Economics is associated with the Department of Sociology and Social Work.



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The budget for the current year shows a total income of \$24,286,500 and a total expenditure of \$24,437,780, leaving an estimated deficit of \$151,370 which is to be made up from the balance of the previous year. Budget administration under present day circumstances is a very difficult job. Cost of commodities rises at an accelerated rate. On the first of July, 1944, when the University financial year began, the cost multiple in Chengtu was 564, and on February 28, 1945 it climbed up to 1175. Estimates of costs and prices for six months ahead that looked fantastic, usually proved to be inadequate at the actual time of spending. The arrangement for selling drafts on New York on the open market has helped considerably to increase the income of the institution in national currency, but the United Clearing Board, responsible for arranging the sales, has had slack periods resulting in cash shortage in the University treasury. We have had to borrow several amounts, totaling \$1,500,000 at 3% interest per month. The situation is so annoying sometimes that Mr. A. C. Huasske, the University Controller, has humorously hung up a sign in his office, "You don't have to be crazy to work in this office -- but it helps."

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	500.00
Sunghsien	
MOM AT	\$10,453,407.30
TOTAL	US\$99.00
Alumni in America	0500000

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/s/ Y. P. MEI

Chengtu, March 15, 1945

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# YENCHING UNIVERSITY REPORT OF THE WOMEN'S COLLEGE FOR FALL SEMESTER 1944

Yenching has completed two and a half years of work in Chengtu. It has been especially difficult to secure a Dean of the Women's College. This report is written by the fourth Acting Dean. In spite of the frequent change of personnel, we have tried to keep the Women's College traditions as intact as possible. The following is the report for this semester:

## I. Women's College Staff:

The Women's College administration staff consists of two and one third persons. Miss Fan Hsi-chun is in charge of student welfare and scholarships and loans and carries her work very efficiently. Miss Hoh Hsun-Yung joined us in November as our matron and business manager. I am the 1/3 of the staff, for I am in charge of three different things namely: Head of Physical Education Division, Health Division, and Acting Dean of the Women's College.

The number of women on the general staff is 33 against 66 men. Dr. Sheng Hsi-Yin and Miss Huang Chung-Chiu, both Yenching graduates will join the University next term, Dr. Sheng in the Physics Department and Miss Huang in the Home Economics Department. We had to face a very serious housing problem.

## II. Student Enrollment:

There are 126 woman students among the student body of 386. The ratio is still about 1 to 3. In the classes they are distributed as follows:

Freshman	18
Sophomore	42
Junior	27
Senior	27
Graduate Students	1
Unclassified students	9
Auditors	2
Total	126

Their distribution in three different colleges is as follows:

College	of	Arts and Letters	44
College	of	Natural Sciences	38
Collogo	of	Public Affairs	44
Correge	01		126

During the semester, 15 students dropped out on account of illnesses, family affairs, and war-time service.

#### III. Winter Graduation:

Nineteen students include six woman students, graduated in the Winter Commencement which was held in our small auditorium on the 29th of January. All of whom have already found work.

## IV. Scholarship and Loan Policy:

Beginning this academic year, a new policy was set for scholarship and loan.



Only students who have secured the grade ratio of 515 or above may be qualified to apply for university and other outside scholarships. The principles for distribution are based upon academic standing, needs, and personality. The Extra-university scholarships are varied in amount but the intra-university are divided into 6 groups: Special Honor Scholarship, Classes A, B, and C, tuition scholarships, and scholarships for new students. The amounts per year are \$10,000.00, \$10,000.00, \$8,000.00, \$6,000.00, \$3,000.00, and \$3,000.00 respectively. The Special Honor Scholarship is for highest academic standing and representation of Yenching Spirit regardless of need. There are six in all, two of each kind. They are in Honor of Dr. J. L. Stuart, Mr. Wu Lui-Chuen, and Dr. H. E. Kun Two woman students received such scholarships, one received Dr. Stuart Honor Scholarship, and the other received Mr. Wu Lui-Chuen Honor Scholarship. A small loan fund is set aside just to meet emergency cases. All loans are considered temporary. The students can only borrow for a short term from 1 to 3 months.

V. Scholarship, Loan, and Self-help work:

A. Intra-university scholarships:		,		
Type of scholarships	Total No. offered	Women	Men	Amount per Head per yr.
Special Honor Scholarships Class A Class B Class C Tuition Scholarships Scholarships for new students Total	6 4 20 25 39 12	2 2 5 6 13 6 34	4 2 15 19 26 6	\$10,000.00 \$10,000.00 8,000.00 6,000.00 3,000.00
B. Extra-university scholarships:  Type of scholarships		woman stud	lents	Amount per Head per yr.
Child Welfare Scholarships		9		\$12,000.00 - 20,000.00
Who Li Company Scholarship Ching Cheng Company Scholarship Mary Richard Scholarship Hittle Scholarships Blind Welfare Scholarships International Scholarships		1 1 2 1 1 16		8,000.00 10,000.00 10,000.00 5,000.00 15,000.00
Total				

C. Loans: University loans and Ministry of Education loans:

(1) Altogether 13 woman students received emergency loans from the university. The sum amounted from 1,350.00 to 2,000.00 each student.

(2) Ministry of Education loans: The amount for each student is about enough to cover board fee. Such loans are divided into two classes. Class A and Class B. Class A people received average \$1000.00 per month and about \$900.00 for Class B people. Twenty-nine woman students received Class A and 3 received Class B.

D. Ministry of Education Scholarships:

These scholarships are only given to students of Natural Sciences. Every university is entitled to apply 1/2 of the total enrollment of new students in the College of Natural Sciences. Yenching is granted 22 scholarships and 16 are received by woman students. The amount for each student is \$10,000.00 per year.

Page 3.

E. Self-help Work:

The Women's College is trying to find self-help work for woman students. The kinds of work are: private tutoring, night school, typing, copying, statistical work, social work, office work, and various other kinds. The first three kinds usually pay higher and the other kinds pay only \$25.00 per hour. About 1/3 of the woman students have done self-help work.

## VI. Health of the woman students and faculty:

In view of the under-nourishment and mental strain which cause much sickness, Yenching has put into effect a preventive Health Service Program. Every student and faculty member must have a physical examination, a medical examination and a fluorescopic examination every year. All health records are being followed up very closely. Warnings are given to individuals from time to time and all problem cases are called for re-checking whenever they need it. Quite a good deal of money has been spent in improving the kitchens, toilets, and drainage. Lectures on preventing diseases and personal hygiene are given from time to time. Yenching is the only university that has been successful in rendering a satisfactory health program in war-time.

There has been quite a number of serious cases of sicknesses and operations among our faculty and students during this year, but most of the cases have been men. For the past semester, only two girls dropped from school on account of sickness. Three woman students who were resting in the T.B. sanitorium last year are all coming back to study this spring.

## VII. Dormitory food:

The students manage their own kitchen in the dormitory. Their supervision is good and they certainly get what they pay for. The board fee for the fall semester is \$1,400.00 plus a "tou" of rice. For the coming semester, the fee is going to be raised to \$2,000.00 per month. Because of the good and careful management, the students get fairly good food in spite of the sky-high prices.

The woman faculty this year have a kitchen of their own which can accommodate the whole woman faculty. We have to be grateful to our Sister College Wellesley, for a fund which helped to cover initial expenses, kitchen utensils and part of the overhead expenses.

## VIII. Wellesley Fund:

The Wellesley Fund policy for this year has shifted its main emphasis from loan and relief work to a "mass nutrition" project. About 60% of the fund goes to food subsidies. Around 3/4 of the weman students and faculty are benefited by these projects. For details please refer to the semester report on Wellesley

Mrs. Nancy Lapwood is substituting for Miss Boynton on the Wellesley Fund Committee. Mrs. Dye is the Chairman and the Treasurer, Mrs. Lapwood is the secretary, and I am the executive secretary of the committee.

## IX. Wellesley Infirmary:

The Wellesley Infirmary was established by the Wellesley Fund last year, has been expanded from a two-bed room to two single rooms. The change of location has improved the ventilation, light, privacy, and supervision of the woman nurse. A fund of \$500.00 U.S. currency was given by the World Day of Prayer Fund, New

York, for which we are very grateful. This fund was specified for the use of the Wellesley Infirmary. A separate report will be submitted for the Wellesley Infirmary.

Some Special Features:

Woman Students joining war services in U.S. Air Force:

Five woman students left school to serve in the U.S. Air Force bases as typists, interpreters, and telephone operators. We have received fine reporabout their good work. One of the woman faculty members of the Physical Edu cation Department, Miss Chou Chi-Hsin also rendered a service of one and a half months in one of the bases as director of recreation program.

B. Service Program to the U.S. Army and Air Force:

Many of our woman faculty and students have helped in all sorts of enter tainments which are held at the air bases, Y.W.C.A. and Li Chi Hsueh for the U.S. Army and Air Force people. President and Mrs. Mei have given quite a number of parties to those people. Through such contacts, we hope that Yenching can help in building up better understanding between the American and Chinese peop

C. Student Volunteers: Twenty-five man students have already left to join the army and are being trained in a camp at Lu Hsien, Szechwan. Mr. Lin Chi-Wu, Professor of Physics Education, has been asked to serve as Director of Physical Education and Recreation at this camp for six months. As the Head of the Physical Education Department, I am feeling sorry to lose Mr. Lin for the coming semester. At the same time, we are proud to have a share in the training program. Some woman students and faculty volunteers are going to leave for their military nursing training very soon.

D. Military Nursing Course: A course in military nursing training was offered in Yenching first by the Student Self-Government and then directed by the Health Division. Thirtyeight students have completed the course and passed the examination. Among them twenty-eight are woman students. They are ready to serve as first aider: in case of emergency.

E. Economical "Nutrition Project":

In view of the under-nourishment of the faculty and students, the Welleslo Fund started an Economical "Nutrition Project" for woman students and faculty and families. The purpose is to serve a subsidiary breakfast every morning with high nutritional value. The cost per person is only \$500.00 per month but it actually costs from \$800.00 to \$1,000.00. The Wellesley Fund makes up the balance. This project benefits about 75 woman students, 18 faculty children, 12 faculty members and 10 T.B. man students. The woman students of whom we have records show an increase of body weight after taking the food.

In closing this report, I wish to take the opportunity to express our most urgent request for Dean Margaret Speer's return to Yenching next fall. This is not only an urgent call from the Women's College, but also from the general University administration. We are also looking forward very anxiously to early returns of Dr. R.C. Sailer, Dr. A. Boring, Miss N. Cochran, Miss S. Duncan and others.

Feb. 8, 1945

Respectfully submitted by:

/s/ Lu Hui-Ching Acting Dean of Women

## College of Science Report for Fall Semester 1944-5

The unpopularity of the pure sciences as subjects of University study seemed to reach its maximum at the beginning of the fall semester of 1944. Few students passed into the Mathematics, Biology, or Physics Department of any University: few even tried the Entrance Examinations of the Colleges of Science. At Yenching, about 10% of candidates wished to study science, and in the end only eight students out of the 1944 Freshman class of fifty entered the Science College.

Main reasons for this were probably: family pressure forcing students into courses with brighter immediate financial future, feeling among youth that national salvation lies through political rather than scientific means, student tiredness and lassitude causing them to avoid hard courses, weak teaching of science in Szechuan middle schools.

The tide seems now to be turning however, for at the Winter Entrance Examination a fair proportion of candidates registered for sciences, and 35 out of (?) 90 who passed were entered into the Science College.

As I mentioned in my previous report, the Ministry of Education gives preferential treatment to students of science. 50% of each class may get "kung fei" which almost covers the cost of food during termtime. Students of ather Colleges have no such advantage.

Students of the Science College volunteered enthusiastically for the new Student Army. Over 30% of our students offered to go - proportionally more than in other colleges. Not all were accepted however, and girl students have still not been called up.

The visit of Dr. Dorothy Needham and Dr. Sanders of the Sino-British Science Cooperation Bureau brought a welcome stimulus to science in Chengtu during the semester. Their evident appreciation of the work of Chinese scientists, and desire to help in every possible by supplies of literature and equipment made a very favorable impression. Their lectures on subjects in their own lines, and on wartime science, were very popular.

There is now practically no duplication or overlapping in the work of Science Departments of the five Universities.

Small classes mean that we are working a little below standard efficiency in teaching, but in view of the strains and debilitation of long war years we cannot expect our faculties to show their prewar creative or executive energy.

Yenching has continued to depend heavily on WCUU for the loan of apparatus and laboratory space, most generously given. In return we have contributed funds on an increasing scale to reimburse WCUU for its service to our students.

3. Individual Departments
On advice of Dr. Han Ching-Lien of the Ministry of Education, we have delayed the attempt to register the Departments of Chemistry and Biology, which has meant that we have not been

able xt to take freshmen into these Departments. Seeing that we have facilities in the joint 5-University programme for dealing with students, however, we have accepted transfers from other Departments into Chemistry or Biology.

I list below the names of faculty members in the five Departments of the College, with the work for which they have been responsible during this semester. (The ranking given is that designated by the Ministry of Education). Mathematics Department

E.R.Lapwood, M.A. (Professor and Chairman) - Differential Calculus

Differential Equations

Tseng Yuan-Yung, Ph.D. (Visiting Professor)
Modern Algebra

Seminar

History of Science

conference with each student of Dept. weekly.

Kuan Chao-Chih, B.S. (Assistant)

Theory of Groups
Yao Chih-Chien (Assistant) Theory of Hquations. General Mathematics

Mr. Yao and myself were half-time in the Department and half-time in the Office of the Dean. Dr. Tseng was sick for about three months during which period Mr. Kuan took over most of his work. Mr. Kuan himself had just made a remarkable recovery from TB, and was able to do more work than we had feared. Both are now fit and able to take a normal load during the spring semester.

Dr. Tseng has taken a leading part in the founding of the

Chengtu Mathematical Society.

Physics Department

Chen Shang-Yi, Ph.D. (Professor and Chairman)

Practical Physics (Assisted by Mr. Chu Pao-Hsi)

Advanced Optics

Tu Lien-Yueh, M.S. (Assistant Professor)
- College Physics

Magnetism and Electricity

Practical Radio

Journal Club

Tseng Tse-Pei, M.S. (Lecturer)

College Physics II

Heat

modern rhysics

Chu Pao-Hsi, B.S. (Assistant) Lu Cho-Ju, B.S. (Assistant)

Dr. Chen was concurrently Acting Dean of Studies, and so was able to give less than half of his time to the affairs of the Department, which naturally suffered in consequence. Lo Wu-Nien, who had worked with Yenching for two years, got a chance to proceed to U.S.A. for advanced study, and left the University. Last semester his place was to some extent filled by the temporary employment of Lu Cho-Ju, son of Dr. Lu Chih-Wei.

For the present semester (Spring 1945), the vacancy left by Lo Wu-Nien has been satisfactorily filled by Miss Sheng Hsi-Yin, Yenching graduate of 1932 and Ph.D. of Michigan University, where she specialised in Molecular Spectra. She is able to teach over a wide range of subjects. Lu Cho-Ju stays for one semester under special arrangement as (unpaid) research assistant.

Mr. William and Mrs. Band were not able to visit Yenching from Chungking during the semester, as we had hoped they would, owing to the pressure of work in the Office of the Sino-British Science Cooperation Bureau. We kept in constant correspondence, however, consulting Mr. Band on all plans concerning the Department and the College. In December, when many foreigners were evacuated from Chungking, the Bands left for India. Most recent letters suggest that they have already left India en route for England, where they intend to rest in the country for several months before resuming studies. They of course intend to return to Yenching.

Yenching Physics faculty members, especially Dr. Chen and Mr. Tseng, were very active in the Chengtu Branch of the Chinese Physics Society.

Home Economics Department
Mrs. Nyi Feng-Chi Mei, M.A. (Professor and Chairman)
Principles of Home Economics

Home Management House

Supervision of Extension Projects

Miss Nina Stallings, M.S. (Professor)

clothing

Technique of Home Management

Hsieh Wen-Mei, B.A. (Assistant Professor)

Children's Disease

Nutrition

Home Nursing and Hygiene

Liu Chao Kuo, B.S. (Assistant)

Choice and Preparation of Food

Kuang Jui Fang, B.S. (Assistant) General Dietetics

Students of the Department may major in either Nutrition, or Child Welfare, or Home Economics Education. Previously the lack of personel had made our work in Mutrition very weak, but addition of the following part-time teachers

Cheng Chi, Ph.D. (Part-time rrofessor)

Food analysis

Yd Hsi-Hsuan, M.S. (Part-time Professor)

Advanced Nutrition has greatly strengthened the course. When Dr. Kung Lan-Chen arrives our work in nutrition should be very satisfactory.

The two Home Economics Extension projects have developed wellmost satisfactorily. The Nursery School, with its enrolment
limited to 30 children, worked through a satisfactory semester,
providing valuable service to married women with professional work, and at the same time a training ground for students majoring in Child Welfare. This project is now self-supporting as far as the university is concerned, operating on a year's budget of \$655,000.

The second project - Parent Education Publications - meets an immediate and urgent need in China. Working on a yearly budget of \$300,000, it is also self-supporting, after getting subsidies from the University during the firstwo years. It has received this year subsidies from the ministries of Education and Social Welfare, and its pamphlets and posters have enjoyed a steady sale. Chemistry Department

Paul C.Chang, Ph.D. (Acting Chairman, Honorary) (Courses offered in W.C.U.U.)

Chia Ting-Hsun, B.S. (Assistant Professor)

General Chemistry Tanning Engineering

Yin Ching-Chin, B.S. (Assistant)

Dr. Chang has continued his valuable aid as Honorary Chairman of the Department, and has done much to effect smooth cooperation with W.C.U.U. He is also directing theses for a large number of Yenching senior students, mainly on problems of leather tanning.

Chemistry faces the problem of rising costs in a more acute form than does any other department. It now costs in some courses for materials alone about \$10,000 per student per semester, and students are of mouse quite unable to bear this charge. Every Chemistry Department is facing the likelihood of having to reduce the amount of experimental work drastically.

Industrial Chemistry still presents itself as the most attractive course for science college students, combining academic interest with training for service in reconstruction and economic security. Nearly all of our graduates proceed directly into large factories.

We look forward eagerly to the arrival of Dr. Hsu reng theng during this semester, and hope that the return of Dr. S.D. Wilson

and Dr. Adolph will not be long delayed.

Biology Department Chang Tsung-Ping, Ph.D. (Professor and Acting Chairman) Cellular Physiology Special Problems in Physiology General Biology (Part) Seminar Tang Chi-Hsueh, M.S. (Lecturer)

General Biology (Part) Human Biology Introduction to Modern Science Chin Tsun-Te B.S. (Assistant)

All premedical students have now passed on into the Medical Courses of other Universities, so that the work of the Department is much reduced. But a favorable office situation in the Biology Building, and a well-combined programme of the Five Universities, has meant that our Biology faculty has had good facilities for joining in advanced discussions and research. They have also borne most of the responsibility for general courses in scieme in Yenching.

We greatly hope for the arrival of Miss Boring, and that it

will also be possible for Dr. Lí Hui-Lin to join the department. For the Spring semester, Mr. Chin Tsun-Te has left to take up research work at Tsinghua University, and we have invited Mr. Liu Chih-Tao to join as Assistant in his place.

4. Students The distribution of students through years and departments was as shown below:-

Dept	lst yr	2nd yr.	3rd yr.	4th yr.	Total
Math. Phys. H. Ec. Chem. Biol.	1452	2 3 10 6 1	1 7 4 2	1 3 4 12 2	5 10 24 24 5
Totals	s 10	22	14	22	68

(These figures refer to the middle of the semester, and show slight discrepancies from figures for beginning or end.)

Four students graduated at the end of the semester, one from each of the Departments of Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, and Biology.

The addition of students accepted at the Winter Entrance Examination will make the Freshman class much the largest.

## 5. Equipment

As stated in previous reports, we are not attempting to acquire equipment in Chengtu. We only spend what money is necessary to provide materials for experiment or sometimes equipment (e.g. for thesis work) which cannot be borrowed. Even this moderate programme is still expensive.

For books, the case is different. On every occasion or chance, we beg for books or try to buy them. As a result, in addition to the books purchased in Chengtu from private individuals secondhand, we have been able to get through the kindness of the Sino-British Science Cooperation Bureau ( much helped by Mr. Band) about thirty up-to-date books published in England or U.S.A. These are of great rarity and value in Chengtu.
We have also acquired and set up a rough-and-ready micro-film

reader, and the Math. Dept. has undertaken the copying in typescript of important monographs available in microfilm. Our experience so far has shown that until much better microfilm readers are available this is the most efficient way of using the excellent service of films which is now becoming available, from American and British sources, in Chengtu.

If it eventuates that books can be posted to us from U.S.A. (none have come through so far) we shall be requesting immediate help in sending out a number of recent textbooks of which we are in great need. Lists have been prepared and constantly revised by each Department.

(A list of books received through the S.B.S.C. Bureau is added on the next page.) Mapwood R. Lapwood

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Yenching University College of Science

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Report of the Work of the Three Years 1942-5

Introduction

When the University was re-opened in the Fall semester 1942, the College of Science was restarted in a very scrappy and inadequate way. During the subsequent three academic years we have struggled with the problems of inadequate finance, lack of staff and equipment, wartime strain and demoralisation, trying first to keep going a skeleton College which could be a frame for postwar rehabilitation, and second to make up when possible the obvious deficiencies in the skeleton itself.

correlated beginnings - as was inevitable in our refugee condition. 1943-4 saw some expansion, as we endeavoured to fill up the gaps and solve problems of accommodation and equipment. 1944-5 has been a year of consolidation. Additions to our faculty already sanctioned for 1945-6 mean considerable further recovery, and the beginning of a better-balanced and more adequate staff.

the Year 1942-3 In 1942 there were many serious reasons against the restarting of the College of Science, even when other Colleges were to be reopened. But there were two major reasons which decided Dr. Mei and Dr. Han to start Science work. The first was the fact that a minimum of three Colleges is required by the Ministry of Education for registration of an institution as a University, and without Science Yenching would have had two only. The second was that the reopening of Yenching was primarily meant to provide a home for faculty members and students in free China as they made their way out from occupied Peiping.

faculty there were practically no scientists. Even by gathering in all possible help no more than two Departments could be registered with the Ministery of Education in the summer of 1942. Home Economics, headed by Mrs. Mei, had a staff relatively complete, though weak. Mathematics at first had only myself.

Mysics, Biology, and Chemistry could muster no experienced staff members of our own. We were therefore most fortunate in being able to mobilise three alumni who were working with West China Union University to act as Honorary Chairmen of our preparatory departments; Mr. K.C.Wu, in Physics, Dr. C.C. Liu for Biology, Dr. Paul Chang for Chemistry. They each gave generously of their time and emergy to take care of Yenching students. In each preparatory department we had one assistant of our own. That was all.

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students came in steadily throughout the year from Peiping. Previously, with Pre-engineering and Pre-medical courses, each of three years, there had been seven courses of study in the College. So we had coming to us students of 26 possible types of need. Financial and emotional reasons prevented us from sending them on immediately to other Universities, so that we had to find some kind of sork appropriate for each one. In this we were immensely aided by the cooperative spirit of the other Christian Universities in Chengtu, especially West China and Cheeloo, which took our students into any of their courses without complaint, even when they arrived late in the term.

Naturally West China had most to share with others, and we depended very heavily on its generous help.
Mr. Wu in Physics and Mathematics, Mr. Spooner in Chemistry, and Dr. Chang Min-Chun in Biology, have during these three years shared with us building space, apparatus and other facilities, precious materials for experiement, with unstinted kindness. Without such assistance, our students could never have completed teir courses.

stream from Peiping, until at the end of the year the College was almost completely made up of refugees. To our great satisfaction, some faculty members also arrived. Reinforcements in Physics, especially, so changed the picture that we were able to register the Physics Department during the summer.

During the spring of 1943 we had the first visit to Chengtu of Dr. Joseph Needham, head of the Sino-British Science Cooperation Bureau. This fresh contact with the outside world meant great encouragement, and later on brought much material help in books, microfilms, etc..

much strengthened. In Mathematics Mr. Yao and Mr. Kuan had rejoined the staff, and we were also able to add as Visiting Professor Dr. Tseng Yuan-Yung of Tsinghua University. In Physics we now had Dr. Ch'en Shang-Yi, xxx Mr. Tu Lien-Yueh, and Mr. Tseng-Tse-P'ei from Peiping. At the end of the winter Mr. William Band arrived in Chengtu after his long journey through guerilla China. Although he was unable to stay long with us, his work with Dr. Needham and the encouragement of his visits and correspondence were a very great help.

In Chemistry we were able to add Mr. Chia T'ing-Hsun, who proved a capable lieutenant to Dr. Paul Chang, and in Biology Dr. Chang Tsung-Ping. Miss Stallings strengthened the Home Economics Department

This winter also saw the repatriation of many of our faculty from North China to the United States. Thereafter constant correspondence, and the efforts of our friends in America on behalf of our interests, further decreased our sense of isolation.

We were most fortunate in acquiring at the beginning of this academic year the use of a complete floor in the newly-built Medical College Central Block of West China University. Yenching paid for the completion of the floor - at that time exis/ting only as a shell - and in return had the right to occupy it for the duration of the war. In this floor we were able to house comfostably the Mathematics and rhysics Departments, with classrooms, and also to place a Science Reading Room and a few junior faculty members.

Thus the College was in a far better position than it had been a year previously. In this year however Science as a subject of study reached the nadir of its popularity, and we had too few students, especially in the lower classes. Wartime strain also reached its maximum, and we suffered much from sickness among the faculty members and their families.

Dr. Chen Shang-Yi was called by the University to take the position of Acting Dean of Studies. This he did with distinction for subsequent years, but naturally the Physics Department and Science College suffered from the division of his attention.

The Year 1944-5 Financial stringencies reached their height as we contemplated the 1944-5 Budget, and all agreed that no expansion could be envisaged throughout the University. We were able to make a few replacements \* in our faculty which made for strengthening; beyond that, we used our energy in consolidation of the work of the previous year. We obtained in all a large number of new books through the Sino-British Science Cooperation Bureau. We set up our own microfilm machine and were able to type oppies of important papers, in addition to using the machine regularly for reading.

Yenching took over a greater share of the teaching of advanced courses in the 5-Universities joint programme, especially in Mathematics and Physics. In Home Economics the addition of Miss Yu Hsi-Hsuan and Dr. Cheng Chi as parttime lecturers much improved our work in Nutrition.

In view of the fewness of students majoring in Science entered during the summer, a new freshman class was taken at the beginning of the Spring Term. The size and calabre of this class was convincing proof that the tide had begun to run again towards Science. Examinations in 1945 Summer also showed a great increase in students chosing Science.

Prospect for 1945-6 As it is confidently expected that the University finances will not in future cramp our work as they did under the special conditions of high prices and low exchange rate during 19455, we can look forward to further recovery of the College from now on. Certain improvements have already been authorised for 1945-6.

The Department of Mathematics will have four fulltime staff members - including a new professor to take my place. We are glad that Dr. Tseng Yuan-Yung has consented to stay for at least this year with Yenching. In Physics no major change in staff is expected.

Dr. Liu Cheng-Chao has joined the staff of the Biology Department. A gift of £ 350 hads been received from England for scientific work, and this has been allocated to special projects to be carried on by the Biology Department. With the addition to our scope thus made possible we expect that the Department can be registered immediately with the Ministry of Education.

U.S.A. to the Chemistry Department. We also have budget for another professor and an extra Assistant. The apparatus budget has been increased.

In Home Economics Miss Yu Hsi Hsuan has joined fulltime for work in Nutrition. Miss Josephine Huang takes Miss Stallings' place.

Thus the faculty of each Department is being improved, and a better balance attained between the work of different departments. Biology will carry a special project in Economic Entomology, and Home Economics continue projects in Parent Education and Nursery School.

We may conclude that during these three years the Science College has struggled up to a point where its present work can be used as a basis for reconstruction in postwar days. It has kept alive the traditions and the organisation of the College through a period of extraordinary difficulties, and has continued to train scientisits for national service in spite of grave handicaps. This has been nossible through the moral stamina of the students and faculty members, which is our greatest asset as we face the future.

July 1945

E.R. Lapwood

## SEMESTER REPORT OF THE DEAN OF DISCIPLINE YENCHING UNIVERSITY, FALL, 1944-45

We have finished the fall semester of this academic year quietly, although there were some excitements. As to the work of the Proctor's office, it is outlined here as follows:

- l. Student advisors Each student was assigned to a teacher as his advisor to whom the student could go for guidance with his headache problems, both personal and academic. Last semester the faculty members who served in small Christian fellowship groups as advisors in addition were requested to cooperate with our guidance program, for they met student informally and might be in a better position to help them as their friends.
- 2. Student bodies Besides the student government and 12 small Christian fellowship groups there were 31 well organized student clubs whose main purpose was academic cultivation. Among these clubs 12 were able to annouce the results of their studies or discussions from time to time by "wall papers". Current events, the idea of democracy, the problems of unity and harmony within our country, and the problems of post-war peace and organization were subjects of general interest among them.
- 3. Living conditions In the beginning there were 201 men students living in the Wen Miao dormitory. The number dropped to 158, and 43 left either because of joining the army or due to graduation. There were about 20 men living on one room and they were packed up in ten or eleven double deckers. The sanitary condition was improved. Several small peices of land in the temple which were laid waste before ha ve been utilized and vegetalbes as well as evergreen were planted to beauty the place.
- 4. Board Students were paying 1,400 dollars L.C. per month for their board. Their food was by no means decent, yet it was excellent for what they paid. It was apparently due to students' good management. After the Chinese new year the price of food was increased tremendously, and each man student is paying 3,000 dollars for food at present.
- 5. Student volunteers Yenching has contributed 33 students
  Since last semester the government begin to call for student
  volunteers to build a new youth army, 23 Yenching boys responsed
  enthusiastically and joined the army. It was 130 percent over our quota.
  The number assigned to Yenching was 10. Besides those who joined the
  youth army Yenching contributed another 8 to the Chinese air force
  and 2 to the Burma expeditionary force.
- 6. Scholarships Scholarships were given to students according to three principles: a) satisfactory academic record, b) good conduct,
- c) financial difficulty.

  (1) University scholarships The university spent 326,000 L.C. last semester for scholarships (granted to 113 students) in which an amount of \$239,500 was granted to 79 boys.

(2) <u>special scholarships</u> There were about 25 different kinds of special scholarships totaling to about \$250.000. among which one

half was granted to ment students.

(3) Y.M and Y.W. Student relief grants Including scholarships, self-help earnings, and medical help and amount of about \$ 500,000 was granted to Yenching students from the Y student relief funds. Including scholarships,

was granted to renching students from the I student relief funds.

(4) Loans from the Ministry of Education We had 157 students receiving Ministry board loans among whom two thirds were men. The amount for each has already been increased to about \$\mathbb{X} \mathbb{Z}\$1,500 Since Jan.

(5) Self-help Since still two thirds of our students were from the occupied areas, a majority of them were doing self-help work to support themselves, because they were cut off from financial resources. Last semester the University spent about \$70,000 for this purpose alone.

7. Christian Fellowship
been a vital part in Yenching life. A vesper service on every Sunday
is held and the attendance is about 40-50 in average. A choir of 20
sings regularly. The was a Fall retreat held in a big and quiet

Buddhigt townloand chout 100 members attended. The Yenta Christian Fellowship has always Buddhist temple and about 100 members attended.

In small fellowship groups students enjoys a sort of family life. There are worships, discussions on both religious and life problems, firendship and fun. The number of these groups has been increased to 12 and the number of student joining is about one half of our whole student body. But directly ar indirectly every student was influended by the small groups in one way or another.

At Christmas the Yenching Chorus which was organized last semester gave a very beautiful Christmas concert, and there were about 800 attended. Twice did they go out to the airfields toe entertain the U.S. airmen.

the U.S. airmen.

Military training was suspended in December, 8. Military training Military training was suspended in Deand our military officers were called back by the government.

9. Physical education and health service
Under the capable leadership of Miss Lu Hui-ching the physical education program and the health service have increasingly become important pasts in the University. Each student is required to take two hours of physical education a week. Extra-curricula activities are encouraged and symmastic facilities are provided and are increased from time to time. Our health program consists of daily clinical routine, visiting patients in student dormitories, hospitalization, physical and medical examination medical social work and the improvement. and medical examination, medical social work and the improvement of community and personal hygienee.

Last semester there were 616 medical cases, 738 surgical cases, 409 physical and medical examinations, and 28 hospitalization cases.

Submitted by

Wei Yung-ch'ing
Acting Dean of Discipline

March 2, 1945.

The report of the fall semester 1944 was submitted in February 1945. In writing the report of the spring semester, only new items are to be mentioned others are figures for comparison.

#### I. Student Enrollment:

In the spring semester, there are 128 women students among the student body of 408. In the classes they are distributed as follows:

Class	Fall Semester	Spring Semester
	The transfer of	on
Freshmen	18	29
	42	36
Sophmore	27	29
Junior	27	22
Senior	41	1
Graduate Student		9
Unclassified Students	9	•
Auditors	2	
Total	126	128

Their distribution in three different colleges is as fellews:

College	Fall Semester	Spring Semester
		100000
College of Arst &	Letters 44	46 39
College of Natural	Sciences 38	43
College of Public Total	Affairs 44 126	128
10041		

During this semester, 2 dropped out on account of illness, one on family affairs, and 1 returned after having recovered from T. B.

### II. Summer Graduation:

85 students including 16 women students graduated on July 2nd. The Commencement was held in Huasipa together with the other Christian Universities. Practically all of them have already found work. Five women graduates are going to remain in the university as assistants.

## III. Scholarships and Loan Policy:

The schelarships and loan policy are the same as in the fall semester. Except for special reasons, they are on a-year basis. Beginning with the coming academic year, the number of scholarships is going to be reduced on account of the financial difficulties. The amount of each kind of scholarships, on principle, is going to be difficulties. The amount of each kind of scholarships, on principle, is going to be difficulties due to the cost of living. The payment for self-help work in increased three times due to the cost of living. The payment for self-help work in the past year was \$50.00 per hour and it has been raised to \$100.00 beginning with July.

## IV. Health of the Women Students and Faculty and their Food:

The health of the women students and faculty members as a whole is much improved. Both groups managed to have better food by paying a small additional fee.

The university made loan to the students and Wellesley Special Fund made loan to the women faculty. This made it possible for them to buy food stuffs and fuel ahead of time so that their board was not be affected by the rising of the prices.

There were only two cases of operation during this semester - one faculty case of bladder stone, one student case of acute appendicitis. Both cases were successfully operated on and came back to school for their ordinary work.

## V. Wellesley Special Fund:

With the experiences in the past two years, the Wellesley Fund Committee was able to administer the fund in a well planned program and on definite principles. The sum granted for the year was \$5,000.00 U. S. currency. The exchange rate varied each month during the year. In June, the committee received an extra grant of \$1,000.00 U. S. currency for which we are all greatly grateful. The extra grant gives us a new inspiration to make a vacation plan for all women faculty members and students.

A. A summary of the income and expenditure of this fund, as it was handled by the executive secretary is reported as follows:

## From Aug. 1, 1944-July 31, 1945

Receipts	
Expenditures: Faculty Community Kitchen	96,358.00 52,320.00 366,500.00 195,600.00 627,210.00 86,500.00 59,000.00 15,265.00 230,600.00 1729,353.00 32,400.00
*	1761,753.00

## B. Special Nutrition Project:

The Nutrition Project as a whole was very successful although it was our first experience. Those who took the food received better nourishment and most of them gained weight. Average speaking, 70% of the women students, 15 members of faculty and children and 12 T. B. men students took the food. With the exception of the children and the T. B. men students who were given free shares, and about 10% of the women students who paid a part of the fee or received free shares, the rest paid a minimal fee of only \$500.00 Chinese currency. The Wellesley Fund made up an average of \$800.00 per head per month.

In April, Lady Seymour paid a visit to Chengtu and came to Yenching to see our work and place here. She was greatly inspired by the good will of our nutrition project. After she went back to Chungking, she took up the matter with the British Aid Fund Committee, and as a result, a million dollars was granted to the Five Christian Universities for an experimental plan to give special food for students who had T. B. or were threatened by T. B. A Committee was then organized with representatives from each university. I am also heading this project. The whole plan



was mapped out and put into action in two weeks. Now the work is being carried on even during the summer vacation. We are hoping that the British Aid Fund Committee will send another grant to continue this good project.

#### C. Vacation Plans

After receiving the extra grant of \$1000.00 U. S. in June the Wellesley Fund Committee immediately called a meeting to discuss how to use this money in a most effective way in the rest of the year. Some research work was done before the meeting and as a result, a vacation plan for women faculty members and students was worked out. Now every one of the people in these groups is benefitted by this fund and having a better vacation this year. The administration of the vacation plan may be summarized as follows:

The general principle is to split the money between women faculty and students.

### 1. For Women Faculty:

Every woman faculty member may apply for a vacation grant provided she is leaving the school for at least a week to a place inside or outside the city for a vacation. With the hope that this change will bring a greater efficiency to each of them for her future work. The grants were based on the distance of the place where they go. Average speaking, the grant roughly cover about one third of the basic expenses where-ever they go.

#### 2. For Wamen Students:

- (1) To encourage day trips during vacation. Each woman student is entitled to take a day trip once a week and she can also invite a man guest who must be our own men student or man faculty. Both the woman student and her guest are receiving a grant of \$400.00 N. C. as a food subsidy for the trip. If a girl wants to invite a guest who does not belong to Yenching she may do so but she has to pay for the share of the guest. Now the girls are very busy talking about where to go and what to eat on their trips. Some interesting reports may be given after the vacation is over.
- (2) Student food subsidy: The students are paying only three thousand dollars per month including all the over-head expenses during the summer vacation. According to the prices, they should be getting poorer food than they were during the past year. The Wellesley Fund is trying to help by giving a grant of \$125,000 per head for special food every five days. The students are managing to plan for their own food. Yesterday they had a "Chiao Tse" party and I and a few others were invited to enjoy them with them.

## D. A Way to Measure Health:

For the past year, we have been trying to buy some scales because it is such an important thing to tell us about our health in general. A few days ago, a brand new American made portable scale was available and I immediately bought it. It cost \$70,000.00 N. C. From now on we shall weigh each student every month (probably in their required Phy. Educ. classes) and this simple fact will give us some light of the health status of the students and faculty, I am sure.



VI. The Wellesley Infirmary:

The Wellesley Infirmary has improved a great deal in all respects. The students enjoy the place when they are sick. They receive closer supervision, better food and a place much more comfortable than their own rooms. The Wellesley Fund has to help the running expenses besides the extra grant from the World Day of Prayer Groups.

VII. The Women's College Administrative Committee:

The Women's College Administrative Committee consists of seven members plus two officials. Unfortunately two of the members are in Chungking, three never turned up at any meeting and only two come regularly. In order to strengthen the Committee, we decided in our spring meeting to add two new members who we think will be enthusiastic about our work. The new members are: Miss Verna Neih, Principal of the P. U. M. C. Nursing School and Dr. Koo Yuen Yu.

So far three American Red Cross girls have visited us here. Miss Lucille Young, Wellesley 1939, Miss Margaret Lea, Wellesley 1925, and Miss Mary Matzinger, Smith 1937. On June 6, the Women's College gave a joined dinner to entertain the above Red Cross members, the new committee members of the Administrative Committee, and the Wellesley Fund Committee members, Wellesley Alumnae in Chengtu.

In closing the report may I also express the regret of all women faculty and students for not having Miss Speer as our Dean for the coming year. Let us do all we can to bring her back as soon as possible.

Respectfully submitted by:

(Signed) Lu Hui-ch'ing Acting Dean Women's College

July 31, 1945

CC

New York Committee of Women's College
Individual Members of Administrative Committee of Wemen's College
President's office
Dean Margaret Speer
Miss Grace M. Boynton
Office of the Women's College in Yenching



W-C file Copies

Waled 5/10/46 to

#### YENCHING UNIVERSITY IN CHENGTU

REPORT OF THE WOMEN'S COLLEGE 1945-46

It is a good feeling to think the time has come that Yenching University in Chengtu is moving back to its original campus this summer. This report will be the last one of the Women's College in Chengtu.

I. Women Students Enrollment During the Four Years in Chengtu:

Colloges	Fall 1942	Spring 1943	Fall 1943	Spring 1944	Fall 1944	Spring 1945	Fall 1945	Spring 1946
Arts & Letters		53	52	51	44	46	55	43
Natural Sciences		21	43	44	38	39	40	32
Public Affairs		32	37	35	44	43	38	31
Total	74	106	132	130	126	128	138	106
Total No. of Men & Wo n	285	364	380	362.	382	408	417	339

Women Graduates During the Four Years in Chengtu: II.

Colleges	June 1943	January 1944	June 1944	January 1945	June 1945	January 1946	Total
Arts & Lotters	9	2	5	5	5	3	29
Natural Sciences	2	3	7	0	7	3	22
Public Affairs	4	5	3	1	4	6	23
Graduate School	0	0	1	0.	1	1	3
Total	15	10	16	6	17	13	77
Total of Men and Women Graduates	31	18	53	. 19	86	25	232

III. Women Faculty Members During the Four Years in Chengtu:

Year	Members of Women Faculty	Total Number of Men & Women Faculty
1942-1943	25	74
1943-1944	37	115
1944-1945	38	123
1945-1946	36	112

IV.. Scholarships: University Scholarships (from University Fund)
Outside Scholarships (including Foreign Scholarships from
friends in the United States and Chinese Scholarships from friends and institutions in China).

	Univ.	Fall : Outside Scho.	1945 Amount Granted	Univ. Scho.		3 1946 Amount Granted
Total Scholarships Granted	80	29	\$1,712,500.00	74	37	\$2,234,824.00
Rec'd by Women Stu- dents	22	14	\$ 835,000.00	21	17	\$ 817,930.00

Different kinds and number of scholarships as received by Women Students in 1945-1946.

Kind of Scholarships	No. of Women Students Recid	Amount Granted
University Scholarships  Dr. Stuart Honour Scholarship  Graduate Student Scholarship  Mrs. Moi Memorial Scholarship  A Kind Scholarship (\$18,000.00 each)  B Kind Scholarship (\$15,000.00 each)  C Kind Scholarship (\$12,000.00 each)  D Kind Scholarship (\$7,100.00 each)	1 1 3 6 7 3	\$ 20,000.00 30,000.00 12,000.00 48,000.00 90,000.00 84,000.00 21,300.00
Outside Scholarships Mary Richards Scholarship Hittle Scholarship Methodist Scholarship Nichols Scholarship Child Welfare Scholarship Blind Welfare Scholarship Ching Cheng Company Scholarship Five University Summer Scholarship Young People's Party Scholarship	2 2 1 7 17 2 1 1	60,860.00 49,000.00 16,000.00 116,000.00 950,000.00 100,000.00 15,000.00 5,000.00
Total	54	\$1,622,000.00

#### V. University Subsidy, Government Loans & Grants: 1945-46

#### University Subsidy:

Year	No. of Men & Women Rec!d	Total Amt. Granted	No. of Women Rec'd	Total Amt. Granted
1945 Fall	51	\$454,000.00	19	\$187,000.00
1946 Spring	37	481,870.00	17	202,070.00
Total	88	\$935,870.00	36	389,070.00

### Government Leans & Grants: as received by women students

	1945 Fall		1946 Spring	
	No of Women	Amount Granted	No. of Women	Amount Granted
Loans	20	\$420,000.00	13	\$358,800.00
Grants	21_	441,000.00	21	579,600.00
Total	41	\$861,000.00	34	\$938,400.00

#### VI. Health of the Women Students:

Health of the Women Students is definitely improving in each year. The improvement in body weight of women students is greater than as it is in men students. The number of T.B. cases and operations are decreasing and up to this academic year, there is no record of active T.B. cases and operation among the women students.

#### VII. Dormitory Food:

The cost of iving increased greatly during the year. The dormitory food permonth jumped from \$4500, to \$6000 then to \$7500. In order to help students to receive minimum nourishment, the Wellesley Fund has been subsidizing the women students \$500 to \$1000 then \$1500 per head per menth to keep in proportion with the increase of their board fee. As a whole, the women students are getting a reasonable amount of daily nourishment because of the subsidy and good management by the students.

#### VIII. The Wellesley-Yenching Special Fund:

The Wellesley-Yenching Special Fund has been a great help to all women students and faculty. In the past three and a half years, we used this fund to meet the needs of emergency cases, medical relief, food subsidy, loans and all kinds of welfare of the women students and faculty. Due to the unexpected jump of the exchange rate of the American currency, we are able to share two and a half million dollars with the Peiping group and still carry our plans as they were planned. Up to now the end of the year, we are having a balance of almost two million dollars in hand for which we are very thankful. The balance will make it possible for us to meet emergencies of the women students and faculty when we move back to Peiping. The Peiping group is doing well

with the money. They are giving eggs and extra fat to women students and faculty, and milk to the sick and weak students. A report from Peiping saying that a girl with very poor posture has improved her carriage greatly after taking milk and eggs. In this case, the habitual posture defect of this girl was probably due partly to undernourishment. The full account of the Wellesley-Yenching Fund is presented in a separate report. The following items and the amount of money spent so far, may give a general picture of the work.

The gift from the Wellesley-Yenching Fund for the year of 1945-46 is \$6,000.00 U.S.C. at an average rate of exchange of \$1,500.00 to 1.

Total Income	\$9,000,000	Total Amt. of Expenses up to Apr. 30, 1946
	1. Faculty Welfare 2. Faculty Dental Relief 3. Faculty Food Subsidy 4. Faculty Loan & Relief 5. Student Food Subsidy 6. Student Loan & Relief 7. Faculty Children Relief 8. Wellesley Infirmary 9. Miscellaneous 10. Contingency 11. Peiping Group	\$ 252,900.00 35,000.00 289,000.00 1,277,570.00 1,753,000.00 378,500.00 43,500.00 194,563.00 21,800.00 110,900.00 2,620,500.00
	Total	\$7,027,233.00
,	Balanco	\$1,927,767.00

#### IX. Wellosley Infirmary:

The Wellesley Infirmary is very popular all through the year in accommodating students who are sick and tired to have a single room to rest with special food served. We are particularly lucky to have a Cantonese servant, who is a good cook for the sick. Since we are leaving Chengtu, we are going to present to the Hwa Mei Girls' Middle School, the owner of this campus we are occupying, the full equipment of the Infirmary. This will be a good memory of the Wellesley-Yenching spirit in Chengtu.

#### X. Rehabilitation:

The problem of rehabilitation is very important and serious in China and Yenching is not an exception. We are facing the difficulties in finance, travelling facilities, and uncertainty of political situation. Our student body consists mostly of people who came from the previous occupied territories and they are very anxious to go home as well as to join Yenching in Peiping next fall. The United China Relief is helping us on the travelling expenses for faculty with full amount and students with an average of half of the expenses. We have spent a great deal of time studying the individual needs of students. We are making grants to the needy students. Many people lost their folks and family properties due to the war. This is a natural phenomenon of course, and is an expected result of the war. It will take a long time for us to build up. As to the Peiping Campus, Dr. Stuart gave an estimate of the loss at \$500,000.00 U.S.C. When we go back, we will find a great loss of all the living facilities and equipment. We may have to sleep on the floor or bring our own beds. However we are still very thankful to have the reunion and shall work hard to

build a better Yenching.

In closing, we wish to express our deep gratitude to the friends and supporters of the Yenching Women's College, particularly to our Sister College Wellesley, Members of the Board of Trustees, Members of the Administrative Committee both in America and in Chengtu, and the Members of the Wellesley-Yenching Fund Committee both in America and in China who have inspired and helped us a great deal in going through these difficult years.

Finally, we are all looking forward to have Dean Speer's return to Peiping to guide us in the work of reconstruction and to build a better Yenching Women's College than ever before!

Submitted by,

Lu Hui-ching
Acting Dean of Women

April 20, 1946

#### YENCHING UNIVERSITY

## Report of the Acting-President

1947 - 48

## To the Members of the Board of Managers:

The administration for this year was definitely set up as an emergency administration. It lacked the definite planning and long-term objectives which would be possible with a permanent chancellor and a permanent president in office. During the year we were without a chancellor. The name of Dr. C.W. Luh, who was on leave but who had acted as chancellor on previous occasions, was retained for use in official communications. The undersigned carried through the year as acting-president and all matters concerning the administration were focused in the president's office.

Our principal problems are not fundamentally educational, nor are they fundamentally financial, but they do consist in Yenching University being able to present to its students a set of aims and objectives in life which transcend the purely educational aims of an academic institution. This cannot be carried out in mechanical ways by a faculty and staff however efficient they may be as administrators and teachers. A very positive constructive leadership in the formulation of student ideals and standards of action is essential, and it is the building up of this force which must not be overlooked in providing for the future.

The maintenance of the Christian character of Yenching is a matter of real concern. It is easy to secure staff who are in sympathy with the ideals of the institution. It is difficult to secure staff who are dynamic and aggressive with respect to the institution's Christian program. The Yenta Christian Fellowship continues as an important factor in campus life. There has been some suggestion that it should be supplemented or replaced by a university church. The Friends' Center, conducted by Professor Lucy M. Burtt, in Chengfu, represents a Christian effort which offers opportunity for intensive individual contacts.

We have not been free from financial anxieties. The key-note of the year has been one of retrenchment. We have endeavored to reduce expenditures on less essential itmes, but at the same time to maintain salaries at an adequate level. It has been necessary to make frequent adjustments in the salary payment scale. Replacements have not been made in the case of staff who have resigned or left for further study abroad and some of the departments have been considerably weakened thereby. The results of this are being felt and remedies must be promptly applied. The faculty is suggesting that in the postwar era, Yenching should undertake to develop a limited number of fields of study, but should develop these intensively.

We have carried out a systematic restudy of the curriculum and have also conducted a survey of the health problems of the campus. An experienced engineer from the Shanghai Power Co. was loaned to the university to make a careful study of our material plant and power installations and to make recommendations. Our desire has been to gather data on the basis of which the maximum physical efficiency can be attained and funds expended in a forward-looking manner. A system of regular salary contracts (pin-shu) similar to those used in government institutions has been instituted to begin with the next academic year.

Numerous gifts of books have come to the University Library from organizations in England and America who are interested in the postwar rehabilitation of the universities. The alumni have responded generously with funds for scholarships and universities. The alumni have responded generously with funds for scholarships and student financial aid. With the gradual liquidation of the wartime relief organizations that have made large contributions to the budget during recent years, it will be necessary for Yenching to contact new sources of financial support. It is probable that some of these new sources are to be found in China. The Rockefeller Foundation has continued its interest in several areas of Yenching activity. Wellesley College and the Wellesley alumni have made a substantial renewal of their interest in Wellesley-Yenching cooperation. An important event of the year is the proposal of the United Yenching. We will also look to this fund for the support of visiting professorships from abroad.

The academic year just closing has been characterized by considerable student unrest, which is a reflection of the unsettled political situation throughout the country. We have endeavored to carry on and to project for the future a normal program providing for about the same total number of students. The undersigned, whose resignation from the office of acting-president becomes effective at the end of this resignation year, wishes to record his gratitude for the wholehearted support which the academic year, wishes to record his gratitude for the wholehearted support which the Board of Managers has rendered. It has been a pleasure to be intimately associated with a faculty and staff cooperating on a venture so filled with constructive idealism.

Wm. H. Adolph Acting President

June 21, 1948

