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Canright, H.L. 1926 Carscallen, C.R. 1916-1926 Cheng, Paul 1926-1927

Canright. H. L. M.O.

0555

March 30, 1926

Dr. H. L. Canright 350 North Sandusky Street Delaware, Ohio.

Dear Harry:

perhaps you have heard that I have at last taken up a job with the West China Union University. I am very glad it has worked out that way, for that will keep me in touch with China, and doing the thing that I want to do. As you know, I have always been terribly keen about the possibilities of the University and its very large place of usefulness in the life of West China.

please send me any suggestions you have and, please send me also a list of people whom you have met in your wide travels in this country who could make fairly liberal contributions to the University, either annually or in one big gift. I should like two lists if possible; one with the names of people who could give annually \$50. to \$100., and another list of people of larger means. I shall be sending letters, and reports, and pamphlets, etc. from time to time. I shall greatly appreciate your cooperation in this matter in which we are both so vitally interested.

With love to all the family.

Sincerely yours,

JMY ELH

0556

Board of Foreign Missions

New York City

of the

UNION UNIVERSITY.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

CHENGTU WEST CHINA.

Methodist Episcopal Church

150 Fifth Abenue

H. L. CANRIGHT, M. D.

350 N. SANDUSKY ST.,

DELAWARE, OHIO.

April 12, 1926.

Dr. James M. Yard, 150 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

Dear Jim: -

I am indebted to you for two interesting letters. I wish I knew a dozen men who would give you ten thousand each and I would gladly send you their names, but now that Dr. Welch of Grape Juice fame is dead I do not remember a single name the owner of which could give you that much.

I do think it would be worth your while though to go down to Miami Florida, out of the season, and get a chance to speak in Dr. Merrill's(R.N.) White Temple in Miami. His Official Board controlls millions and there are lots of wealthy folks there of course.

I only have a very few minutes at my disposal so must say what I have to say at once. You speak of sending letters, reports and pemphlets etc. DON'T JIM. PLEASE DON'T. Folks in this country are flooded knee deep with such things until they do not know what to do with them. Nobody reads them. They are just throw withto the waste paper basket. I know this from five years travel among the preachers and churches. The printed page will not reach them. That is one trouble with our World Service now. The preachers are sick and tired of it. Why even I if I exem read all the things that come to me would scarcely have time to do anything else. You will but waste your time and material sending letters.

Telegrams, and telephones will not catch them either. I know this from my experience in calling on the 120 Methodist Doctors in Philadelphia about a year ago now. Personal contact, the human touch is all that will do it. Hand picked fruit is the only kind that can be reached now days.

I am exceedingly glad you are in this work. I am just about as glad as you are for I can not get weaned away from my love for the University even in all these years. All my interests are still in West China almost in spite of myself.

Blessings on you in your work. Our united best to Mable and the girls.

Will be writing you occasionally. 9,340

Am just back from the Great Northwest. Have traveled 12,000 miles and spoken to 12,000 people already this year. Expect to return there until the middle of June and then they want me for the Epworth Leagues during the summer. Do not expect to accept that work however.

Very truly,

H.L. Canright.

CARNEGIE ENDOWMENT FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE

JAMES BROWN SCOTT SECRETARY

GEORGE A. FINCH
ASSISTANT SECRETARY

2 Jackson Place
Washington, D. C.

July 8, 1926.

Reverend James M. Yard,
West China Union University,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

Dear Sir:

We have been informed by the New York Office of the Endowment of your request for our publications for the Library of the West China Union University. It gives me pleasure to place the address of the West China Union University, Chengtu, West China, on our general mailing list, and we are mailing this date, with the compliments of the Endowment, a copy of our Year Book for 1925. Also, in the same package we are including a list of the Endowment's publications.

I am enclosing to you a copy of this List of Publications, and invite your attention to the regulations at the top of page three covering the general circulation of the books and pamphlets of the Endowment.

Very truly yours,

Assistant Secretary.

Board of Foreign Missions

of the Methodist Kpiscopal Church

UNION UNIVERSITY.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

CHENGTU WEST CHINA.

150 Fifth Abenue New York City H. L. CANRIGHT, M. D.
350 N. SANDUSKY ST.,
DELAWARE, OHIO.

October 3, 1926.

Rev. James M. Yard, 150 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Der Jim: -

The leading Congregational Church of Akron, Ohio. is now without a pastor. The salary is only nine thousand dollars a year. I have this from one of the leading members of the church who was our guest here a short time ago. I have been turning it over in my brain ever since wondering if I would be ding right if I sent that word on to you. I am doing it now in more of a joking spirit than in real earnest. However when you accept a call to that church I shall expect a good tip say about ten percent of the first years salary.

Great happenings in our home these days. Two weeks ago to-day all our boys we were home and I only was away speaking. I travelled all night but when I arrived Monday morning they were all gone except Cyril and he left that same evening for China. Headed for Chengtu. He and his wife with their little girl are now out on the rolling deep of the North Pacific. They sailed on the Empress of Canada Sept. 30. We had a telegram back from them from Victoria.

This leaves Si Mu and I alone for the first time since our first born came into our home over thirty years ago. A strange experience. So lonesome we scarcely know what to do with ourselves. Margaret was pretty well worn out by the summer and was not feeling first class toward the last of their visit here. The Dr. (Cyril) put her to bed for a week on strict diet and now she is much better again. I do not see what we are going to do this winter though. How can I go off and leave her alone in the house here?

Naturally I am very much cut up (That does not begin to express the feeling) of the West China Mission's treatment of my hospital. I have been trying to find out what had happened to it from all the men who have come home for the last few years and never succeeded. They would not tell me. In Chicago I met John Muir and he told me the whole wretched story. It has just ruined me. The Mission not even using the Hospital, for which we sweat blood to make possible, for any mission work. Turned it over to the Chinese to be used for a hostel for Government students, and they are there smashing my beds and ruining the building. I know for I still have friends out there even the the mission may not be friendly.

Jim do you suppose that the members of the West China Mission are allowed to do a cruel, crushing thing like that, Do you suppose that they think Canright will be the only one to suffer? NO: NEVER! If the best men I ever knew can do a thing like that and get away with it it, It crushes my belief in mankind. It almost stagers my belief in God. No: I do not believe God will permit it permanently. That is about my only sheet anchor. Otherwise as I hive frequently said since I learned of it, I wild much rather they wild take me out and shoot me. That would be a short pain and now if this goes on I must suffer all my life. Words won't express my deelings so I will quit. I had no intention of saying any thing about this when I started but just tell you of the church in a joking way and now here I have swung away off on this tangent.

What a lovely family you have. Our best to them all.

0559

Yours sincerely, Canright

C-P. Carscallen 1916 - 1926

May 12, 1926

Mrs. Charles R. Carscallen Union University Chengtu, China.

Dear Mrs. Carscallen:

l'am sending herewith a list of books which Mr. Lau has asked me to get. I am sure that you already have some of them in the library. Will you kindly take a pen and run through the ones which you have. I will then try to buy the others and send them out. I have had several gifts amounting to more than \$100. for library books. If you will send me a list from time to time of books that are most urgently needed I shall be glad to try to pick up small gifts to purchase them.

Please send me a special list of medical books. I think I might very often get doctors to make contributions toward such things. I wish you would also ask the Dean of the Medical School to send me lists occasionally of microscopes and other apparatus which doctors might be pleased to contribute.

with kindest regards.

Sincerely yours,

JMY ELH

Enclosure.

Sitting.



(Copy)

. Chengta, July 10, 1916. TRANSFER

H. T. Hodgkin, M.A., M.B., Rev. J. Endicott, D.D., Secretaries of the Board of Governors.

Dear Friends: -

I am writing you today particularly about Senate Minute No. 547, which deals with the matter of the relationship of the Senate to Building Construction. The Senate has asked me to write rather fully in regard to this matter, as it regards it of considerable importance. The Senate spent a great deal of time in the consideration of this subject and the recommendations contained in its minute represent its reasoned convictions on the matters involved. The Senate had before it the Memorandum forwarded by the Executive Committee of the Board of Governors at its meeting, March 22, 1916, and perhaps before commenting in detail on the minute of the Senate, I had better say a few words about the Memorandum.

The Memorandum seems to have been drawn up on the assumption that the Senate has very little to contribute to the building operations of the University, and therefore should have no responsibility in relation thereto. In fact, from reading the Memorandum, one would almost think that the University consisted of a Board of Governors, an Architect and a Superintendent of Construction, for the Senate is barely mentioned in the whole document, except in Item No. 4, where the Senate is to give certain information to the Architect, and the Architect on the other hand is to send his plans to the Senate for Information. It is true that Item No. 6 mentions that an expert Committee on the field may be appointed, but even this demmittee is in no way responsible to the Senate, and its personnel is even suggested in the Memorandum from home. Moreover, its powers are strictly limited to giving advice when asked by the Superintendent of Building, who may then take the advice or not as he chooses. When a building is planned, the Senate is to be asked to furnish certain information, and that is the extent of the Senate's contribution, unless the Superintenden of Construction chooses to ask its advice on some small matters. Building plans and estimates are to be prepared and finally adopted without any reference to the Senate. It is to have no chance to say whether such plans will or will not function properly, or whether such estimates are, in its opinion, proper ones. It hears no more about the matter until the plans are sent out, signed sealed and delivered, with instructions to the Superintendent of Construction to erect the building.

It would seem as if our experience with the Administration Building and with Houses "A" and "B" would be sufficient to warn us off this track. The plans and estimates of these buildings were adopted without reference to the Senate. They came to the Senate already finally adopted with instructions to proceed to erect them. The Senate was given no responsibility in the matter and naturally did not take any. It was asked for no estimates as to the probable cost of the buildings. Building proceeded, solely under the direction of the Architect, through the Superintendent of Building Construction. While the Senate, through its Treasurer, advanced funds as instructed for the building, it exercised no authority over expenditures. We know the disappointment to us all and the lamentable delay in the building construction, when it was learned that these buildings had greatly overrun their estimates. We are of the opinion that if the Senate had been asked for its estimate before the plans had been finally adopted, it would have said at once that such a building as the Administration Building could not be built for \$10,000, but the Senate was not consulted. Yet, when it was found that these buildings were greatly overrunning their estimates, the Board of Governors, judging by its letters and cablegrams, did seem to think that the Senate had some responsibility in the matter and expected the Senate to clear the matter up. We notice that the Board of Governors did not communicate with the Architect and the Superintendent of Construction asking them to make the matter plain, but with the Senate. Now if the Senate is to have any responsibility in these matters, it feels that it should be given some authority, and that is not what the Memorandum forwarded to it by the Executive of the Board of Governors proposes to do. Of course, it would be easy for the Senate to sit down and accept no responsibility in these matters, letting it all rest on the Architect and Superintendent of Building Construction, but we feel that this is not what the Board of Governors expects of the Senate, a body of twenty-odd able-bodied. and we trust ableeminded men, who represent it on the field.

The Senate would like to call the attention of the Board of Governors to the fact that the constitutionality of the procedure outlined in the Memorandum is notmbeyond question. While technically the Board of Governors has supreme power, the Constitution contemplates that the administration of all University affairs on the field should be controlled by the Senate, unless the Board of Governors should have very special reasons for taking them out of the hands of the Senate, - reasons such as the unanimous objection of one Mission to the action of the Senate, or in the event of the Senate taking action which is contrary to some wellestablished policy of the University. (See Section 5, sub-section (d), Section 7, sub-section (a), By-law 3, sub-section (g) and (h). If the Senate is instrusted with the administration of the University on the field, if it determines curricula and courses, grants degrees, elects the Vice-President, admits other organizations into co-operation and performs many other important functions, why can it not be trusted to have some direction of the building operations of the University? The Memorandum seems .- we hope it is only seeming, - to show a lack of confidence in the Senate. Is

it anticipated that the Senate will obstruct the carrying out of the Architect's plans, or that it will interfere with the general architectural features of the buildings? In regard to the former, surely it may be taken for granted that none will be more anxious to facilitate the construction of these buildings than the men who expect to spend a good part of their lives in them; and in regard to the latter, whatever may be lacking in the aesthetic taste of the Senate, it assumes that the general architectural style is already fixed, and nowhere suggests that it should be empowered to interfere in this matter, nor has it any wish to do so.

Now, perhaps I had better leave the Memorandum and turn to the definite suggestions which the Senate has to make. I am sure that here I need not labour what the Resolution itself makes clear, viz.- that the Senate has the highest appreciation of Mr. Rowntree's ability as an Architect, and in its suggestions it is actuated solely by the desire to facilitate the building construction along the lines already laid down by him.

The Senate recommends three things. First, it is suggested that both the plans and estimates for any University building should be approved by the Senate before they are finally adopted by the Board of Governors. It believes that the body on the field which is expected to use these buildings is the body most competent to know whether the plans submitted by the Architect are suitable to the purpose which they are intended to serve. The Senate assumes that the style of architecture has already been fixed by the Board of Governors, and it is not this side, the aesthetic side, of the plans, which the Senate thinks should be submitted to it for its approval; it is rather the utility of the plans, the functioning of the various rooms, on which the Senate deems itself competent to judge. It thinks also that the Architect's estimates as to the probable cost of the proposed building should be submitted with the plans, - that this too may be passed upon by the Senate, for it believes that it is next to impossible for the Architect living on the other side of the world, even though his information may be very complete, to make a close estimate of the cost of any building, for local conditions such as price of labour and materials, rates of exchange, etc. are so constantly varying. Moreover, if the Senate is to have any responsibility for keeping buildings within the estimates, it must first have approved of the estimates; otherwise, it can hardly assume any responsibility. It believes that had this course been followed in the case of the Administration Building and Houses "A" and "B" much disappoint. ment and delay might have been avoided. You may say that the necessity of submitting the plans and estimates to the Senate for its approval will unduly delay their adoption; the Senate things it better to have a little delay here rather than much delay and disappointment later.

Secondly, the Senate recommends that the Superintendent of Building Construction work under the direction of the Senate and account directly to the Senate through its Treasurer for the expenditure of all monies on University building. The Memorandum forwarded by the Executive Committee of the Board of Governors suggests that he work directly under the control of the Architect. Whatever may be the custom in America and in England in regard to the relation of Architect to Builder, the Senate feels that no man or body of men, in England or America, can direct or control except in the most general way, building operations on the other side of the globe. It feels that, being on the ground, and meeting at regular intervals throughout the year, it can be of great assistance to the Architect in carrying out his plans. Moreover, this, if adopted, would regularize the relation of the Superintendent of Building Construction to the Senate. He would then be responsible to the Senate, as we all are, for the direction of his work. This direction and control of the work of the Superintendent of Building Construction by the Senate would, of course, be exercised within the limits, of the plans and specifications which had been previously adopted. The Senate believes that this would be a most welcome step to the Superintendent of Building Construction. He is constantly asking the advice of the Senate as to certain matters, what kind of wood should be used; what course is to be followed where there are no instructions from the Architect, or where the instructions are not clear; what price should be paid for materials; how large a contract should be made and with whom; what should be done with a defaulting contractor, and many other matters. The Senate is quite sure that he would welcome any change by which his responsibility in deciding these matters would be shared by the Senate. At present the Senate can only advise; whether the advice shall be followed or not rests with the Superintendent of Building Construction. We do not think that this is a happy condition of affairs either for the Superintendent of Building Construction or for the enate. If the Board of Governors were a body meeting on the field regularly throughout the year we would, of course, suggest that the Superintendent of Building Construction should be under its direction, but inasmuch as it meets only once a year, and then for a couple of days only, it would seem out of the question to put the matter there.

Thirdly, the Senate recommends that after the plans have been finally adopted, and during the process of construction, it have power to make minor alterations in the interior arrangement of the building. After a University building is once erected, the Senate presumes that it has power, if it thinks wise, to make such minor alterations as eliminating a closet here, putting one in there, moving a partition wall one way or another, or inserting a partition if it should be needed in order that the building might be of greatest service. It asks that it be given such power a few months earlier while the building is still in process of construction. Otherwise, what happens? Before the building is completed, two, three of even four years may have elapsed since

the Senate furnished to the Architect the data on which the plans were based. It is impossible for any man or body of men to foresee down to the last detail what will be recuired so long ahead. No matter how carefully plans may have been prepared at home, before the building is completed some minor changes are usually required. I do not know of any large building erected in West China in which this has not been the case. The Missions at work in West China would find it unduly irksome if they were unable to make minor alterations in any of these buildings without reference home. In fact, I know of no Mission which conducts its building operations under the conditions and restrictions which the Memorandum proposes that the Board of Governors should lay upon the Senate. The Senate believes that for practical efficiency the Board of Governors should give it power in this matter, and trust it to exercise its power with wisdom and tact. Any other assumption on the part of the Board of Governors, in regard tolthis or other matters, would be dangerous, I fear, to whole-hearted and enthusiastic cooperation on the part of the Senate and the Missions on the field which it represents.

I do not think that the other matters mentioned in the resolution need much comment. The Senate is of the opinion that the layout of the Central Plot and the disposition of the buildings thereon should be submitted to it for its approval before final adoption. This is from no mere aversion on the part of the Senate to being ignored, nor a mere desire to be recognized as an important constituent part of the University organization, but here too, the Senate feels that it would be unwise to leave the final decision in this important matter to the Architect and the Board of Governors, so few of whom have ever seen the University property which is being laid out. The Senate quite realizes the value of having the plot laid out by a man such as Mr. Rowntree, in order that unity may be preserved, and it is quite prepared to give full value to Mr. Rowntree's suggestions. But it considers that it would be a mistake for the University to put itself entirely, in this important matter, in the hands of one man, however competent he may be, without reference to those on the field whose familiarity with the property and its environment should make their opinion of value. Our experience to date in this matter of the layout prepared by the Architect, or rather in the disposition of Houses "A" and "B" on their sites, confirms us in this opinion. These houses have their backs, kitchens, and outbuildings, all facing the campus, and one of them fronts on rice fields not likely ever to belong to the University.

This letter has run to considerable length, and I must stop. We trust that the Board of Governors will be led to a wise decision in these matters. We believe that the Board will be well guided if it makes use of the Senate on the field

to the fullest extent, and places on it all the responsibility it is willing to hear.

Some time ago I sent each of you a copy of a letter sent to Mr. Rowntree, regarding the proposed new Middle School Building. I am afraid that that letter will not prove very intelligible as no map of the property accompanied it. Mr. Dye has since kindly drawn a couple of maps on a small scale, which I enclose.

With kindest regards to you, and to the other members of the Board whom I personally know, I remain,

On behalf of the Senate,

Yours sincerely,

(Signed) C. R. Carscallen.

Secretary.

West China



Union University

LIBRARIAN

CHENGTU, WEST CHINA

July 20, 1926.

Mr. J.M. Yard, 150 Fifth Ave., New York City.

Herewith the first response to your offer to try to secure gitfa of books for the Library if lists were supplied. I expect there will be plenty of others coming along.

May I suggest that if possible you secure prepayment of postage on any books contributed. This is a large item and our appropriations for books are so small we might find it embarrassing to meet even this expense in connection with any gifts you may secure. I think you know that it is much better to send books by post rather than freight. Dr. Beech has just had a box of books, forwarded by the M.E. Mission Rooms, New York, which came by freight and was over a year en route and cost a terrific sum for freight. A similar box for Mr. Starrett came by same shipment, and had been wet and the contents almost useless. The books were not desirable to begin with. If anyone offers to make up a box of that kind for the Library, please decline if possible, or select yourself what will be useful and send by book post. One new book on a live subject would be worth all the books in the two But I need not say these boxes which have just arrived. things to you, for I am sure you understand what we want.

The summer continues remarkably cool and conditions satisfactory in the City and Province. (At least peaceful, if not entirely satisfactory).

With thanks, and kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

may Carscallen.

MRS. C. R. CARSCALLEN LIBRARIAN WEST CHINA UNION UNIVERSITY CHENGTU, WEST CHINA

Aug. 10, 1926.

Dear Mr. Yard,-

You started something when you wrote that offer re securing books for our Library. I enclose another sheaf of requests. I send also a couple of contributions to the fund, which were turned in by Mr. Brewer. Please use these to purchase first

Gray - Anatomy (Lea & Febriger, Philadelphia) in an edition later than 1920. Should there be no edition later than 1920 do not purchase.

All goes well here. The weather is quite cool and fall-like. We shall be moving into the new Library Building in a couple of weeks. When we are all squared away I'll have Mr. Soper take some interior photographs and send you.

With thanks, Yours sincerely,

W.W. Carocallen.

MRS. C. R. CARSCALLEN
LIBRARIAN
WEST CHINA UNION UNIVERSITY
CHENGTU, WEST CHINA

Aug. 24, 1926.

Many thanks for the book which came yesterday - Whitehead - Science and the modern world. As I have no word about it I am putting it in the Book Club, as a loan, for the present.

I enclose two more lists of medical

I am asked regarding this matter of your securing books for us, whether we can count on getting the books asked for eventually. It will make a difference in the books asked for, as you can see, whether one can certainly depend on getting them in this way or not. There are some books the professors must have for their work. In the absence of any definite word from you in the matter, I have discouraged putting any titles which must be forthcoming, on these lists.

In Dr. Service's list, last item, there is a magazine which is very much wanted.

The new Library will not be ready for occupancy at the end of this month as we hoped. Building operations are so slow in China.

All well on the campus. Weather continues very hot.

Yours sincerely,

N. W. Carocalleu.

Mrs. C. R. Carscallen
West China Union University
Chengtu, China

Dear Mrs. Carscallen:

Many thanks for your
lists which have cuite over-whelmed me.
I regret to say that you cannot count on
getting these books from me. Books that
professors must have ought to be ord red from
your own budget. I will see to it that Dr.
Service gets his magazine, and I expect

soon to some other books along.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,

James M. Yard

JETY: HD

Dictated but not read, and sent out in my absence.

A. M. Y.

Cheng, Paul . 1926-1927

0572

May 13, 1926 .

Mr. Paul Y. Cheng International House 122nd St & Riverside Drive New York City.

Dear Mr. Cheng:

I am sending you this brief letter to notify you of your appointment to the faculty of west China Union University. I cannot let this opportunity pass without saying to you how greatly I appreciate your willingness to go to this far field. You will suffer hardships on your travels such as you have never known, and in these disturbed days you will suffer spiritual experiences not easy to bear, but you will find a great reward.

You are going back to your native land at a most interesting and stimulating period. China, I suppose, has not been so mentally and spiritually aroused for thousands of years as she is just now. Such great periods in a nation's life occur again and again but they are usually centuries apart. It is your good fortune to work in the beginning of the great new movement. I know of no place in the world that offers a finer opportunity than west China. Its climate is good, its seenery majestic and inspiring to an unusual degree, its people virile, open-minded, friendly and progressive. The wealth of its soil and of its mines beyond computation.

This is one of my first official acts, and I take great pleasure in writing you, this letter. I shall think of you often and pray that success may ever be yours.

Cordially and sincerely,

JMY ELH

James IV Yard

July 9th, 1926. Mr. Paul Chong. c/o Mr. Barl Cranston, Escondido. Cal. Door Paul: I am looking forward with the greatest of pleasure to having you go to West China. I am sure that you will do a great deal of good and I know that you will be greatly inspired by the wonderful country and by the great opportunities on every hand. I shall follow your career with the greatest interest and shall always pray that you will have the greatest possible success. I has been a real pleasure to know you this Spring and I shall always be grateful to Farl for having introduced us. If I can be of any help in the future be sure to let me know. I believe you will take to lest China a point of view concerning Christianity and Christian obligation that is fresh and daring and that will be a challenge to all whom you meet. We are, of course, very far from the final faith or the final interpretation of Christianity. China with her great practical saints and high topreciation of values will contribute very much to the religion of the future. Christianity with its tremendous emphasis upon sacrifice and upon the value of the individual person will likewise make its contribution. Chinese telerance and patience will also bring in a great gift. The days of romance are not dead. The need for sacrifice and daring is as real as ever. In this modern age everything is so mechanical and materialistic that the life of the spirit is well nigh smothered. It is our task, I mean the task of all of us, to keep alive within us if possible that living flame which came to us out of the infinite mystery and which, for lack of any better name, we call the Divine. Many of us know it is real, though we do not understand it and though we have no word, no language to express it. It was in Confucius and in Buddha and in Socrates and in Jesus. These are some thoughts that are in my heart as I think of you going out to the far rim of the world. May joy and peace and success ever go with you. Sincerely yours, James M. Yard may lom U574

The University of Chicago



1447 E. 55 St. Chicago, Ill July 20, 1926.

Dr. James Yark 150 Fifth Ave. New York City, N. Y.

My dear Dr. Yard:

I am very sorry to inform that I have to postpone my trip to Chengtu to a later date, because recently I received a cablegram from home advising me to remain in this country for a while and other important reasons. I am enclosing herewith Earl's letter to me and a copy of my answer to his letter. I hope they will serve to explain my situation to you. Your adtice is urgently solicited.

From the agents of Los Angeles S. S. Co. and N.Y.K. at Chicago I have canceled both my steamer reservations. The money will be refunded to me. Will you please let me know what shall I do with the \$600.00 traveling expense? I have spent a part of it but I will stand for it myself.

Dr. Yard, I want to assure you that I will leave for Chengtu as soon as the circumstance will allow me to do so. I shall try my best to be at Chengtu not later than the beginning of University next year. I would appreciate you if you will consider me as one who has accepted your appointment and for some special reasons he wish to postpone his sailing to a late date.

For the next schoolyear in this country, I hope I shall be able to enter some good university such as Cornell off or Michigan to begin my Ph. D. work there or just take some special work which would of help to my teaching in the West China Union University. After five years, if I have the popportunity to come back to this country again I can may be able to finish my work then. I hope you can help me to realize my ambition.

I shall be very glad to hear from you and your valuable advices. With my best wishes for all your successes, I am,

Most sincerely yours, heng. Leng.

P. S. Will you please return the two enclosed letters to me at your earliest convenience?

P. Y. C.

July 21st, 1926. Er. Paul Chong, 1447 East 55th Street, Chicago, Ill. Dear Paul: arrived this morning. Naturally I was somewhat surprised but I write understand your position and I think that, all things considered, your decision is a wise one. I should have been glad of course if you could have continued your journey, but I am quite in sympathy with you and shall be glad to work with you during the next year, colving the problems as they come along. I shall hope that both you and Miss Ling will be able to go to Chongtu next summer. I note that you raise the question with Earl as to whether or not Mr. Gibson might be willing to allow some of his money to go for your tuition this year. I have no idea whether or not that can be arranged, but I am asking Darleto write to Mr. Gibson on the matter. I think he can do it better than I. Please keep me in touch with your movements during the year and let me know of your progress and success. If I can be of any help in any way, do not fail to call on me. I shall not write to Mr. Gibson until I hear further word from Earl.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,

MY/RT

James M. Yard

PAUL YUAN CHENG

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

HWANG HOO TIENG DISPENSARY

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS

NANTAI, FOOCHOW, CHINA

July 25, 1926

Dr. James Yard 150 5th Ave. New York City, N. Y.

Dear Jim:

Your air mail letter was received with great pleasure.. I wish to thank you very much for your approval of my postponing of the date of sailing for Chengtu until next year and your willness in arranging to have Miss Ling and me to join the Univ. work together next summer.

I feel if I should go back this year, one part of my time would be spent on traveling in China and the other part for preparing lectures and getting acquainted with people and things in Chengtu. When Mr. Meuser was in New York, he told me that I did not need to teach until the beginning of school in the fall next year. My present plan, as I see it, will eventually amount the same result although the order of the program is somewhat altered. Besides taking some subjects in some University next year, I am planning to get my lectures ready so that when I go back I can start my teaching at the same time as Mr. Meuser expects me to do. He also told me that the Pharmacy School in Chengtu is very short of apparatus and references for the important research work on Chinese drugs and that he wish me to help him get them. As I know some rich people in Seattle and other cities, I may be able to get some of them to do something for our Pharmacy School and University.

In view of the above facts, I feel that, although I am remaining in this country, I shall be serving Chengtu right along. Moreover, I am expecting to reach Chengtu by August next year. The difference in my physical presence in there is only a matter of few months, whether I go this year or next.

I am wishing that either University or Mr. Gibson will give my me financial help enough to go to school for a year, so that I can devote my whole effort to Chentu work and my study in some University.

I have an idea of writing to some of my friends in Seattle to make them interested in our University. I wish you will send me some information or materials for publicity work. I also wish to get your personal advice on this matter. I do not know how much I can accomplished but as soon as getting they promise to help I shall turn them over to you.

If there should be any body who may wonder the postponement of my sailing to West China, I am sure that you and Earl will be able to help me to explain to him.

Wishing you every success and with kindest regards,

Yours for Chengtu, 1447 E. 55 th St. Chicago, Ill.

Paul Y. Cheng

July 27th, 1926.

Mr. Paul Cheng, 1447 East 55th Street, Chicago, Ill.

Doar Paul:

gard to publicity, let me say that as soon as I get out the little booklet I am working on, I till send you some copies which you may send to your friends in Seattle. Your idea of getting some money for the University work from friends whom you know is a mighty good one and hope you will be able to get several hundred dollars for the Department of Pharmacy before you leave next summer.

you know what you are going to do. What does your letterhead mean? Is this an old one or have you established an agency?

Sincerely yours,

JMY/RT

James M. Yard

September 2, 1926

Mr. Paul Y. Cheng, 1447 E. Soth St., Chicago, Ill.

Dear Paul:-

gone to sleep on your business, but I have been on vacation during the whole month of August and have done very little at correspondence. I wrote to Mr. Gibson as I told you and sent Cranston's letter also. Mr. Gibson sent a very fine reply, and he and his church will be willing to allow you also per month for the year beginning July first last. I hope this will see you through. I judge from the tone of Mr. Gibson's letter that they will be willing to see to it that you and your bride receive tickets for Chengtu next summer. Please let me know as soon as possible how your account stands and I will then authorize the Board to send you a check for \$100 monthly.

Perdon my deley and this brief letter, but I want you to know this much today.

Yours as ever.

James M. Yard

JMY HBB

0579

S. Richer.

1917 Jackson Boulvard Chicago, Ill. Sept. 8, 1926

Dr. J. M. Yard 150 Fifth Ave. New York

Dear Jim:

I thank you very much for your kind letter of Sept. 2. I am glad to know that you had very nice vacation and are getting along well. I certainly appreciate your effort to make Mr. Gibson and his church willing to allow me \$100 per month for my school expense here beginning from last July. I feel very grateful for your interest in me.

on the 1st of July, I received \$600 traveling expense from the Board. \$220 were spent in buying steamer tickets. Sometime last month I sent the receipts for the refund of the \$220 from the two steamship companies to you. I suppose you have got the refund from the companies already. \$50 were used for my traveling from New York to Chicago, Indianapolis, and Detroit. Now I still have \$330 the balance in my possession. Please let me know whether you want to transfer it to be my monthly allowance. I have the money deposited in the University Bank here if you want me to return it to the Board I can do that. Also please advise me whether I should take care of the \$50 spent for traveling the few places mentioned above.

I bought \$200.00 of traveler's checks from our Mission Board on July 1st which consist of 5 \$20 checks and 10 \$10 checks. I used the first 4 \$20 checks and Last 7 \$10 checks, so I still have \$50 left. Recently I misplaced the check book some place and am afraid that I might have lost it. As I do not know the numbers of thoses checks so I could not notify the company to stop payment. Will you please tell the treasurer of our board to notify the company to stop the payment on those checks? I wish to thank you for all the trouble.

I am glad to know, that Mr. Gibson might be interested in sending Miss and me next year to Chengtu. I hope every thing will come out satisfactory to all parties.

I am getting along very well here but very busy with my study. If there is any thing that I can be of service to you please do not hesitate to let me know.

B9.353.854 pro

Very sincerely yours,

F3.787,389

F3.787,606, prio

Cheng

Sept. 13th, 1926.

Mr. Paul Ching. 1917 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

Dear Paul:

I am replying to your letter of September 8th. I will collect the \$220 and deposit it to your account here with the Board. The \$330 which you have on deposit there, you would naturally apply to your salary for July, August and September which will use that all up except a balance of \$30. I think you better take care of the \$50 you spent in travel if you can. We may be able to fix it up later on.

check book and hope it may turn up later on. If it does, please let me know at once. I will take the matter up with the treasurer and stop payment if possible.

According to the above \$20 will be due you for your October salary, which I suppose will be paid at the end of the month as missionaries' salaries usually are, I mean about the 25th or so if each month.

Please keep me informed of your work and your thoughts. I hope that everything will go in the best possible way.

My family is now located at Wallace Lodge and I begin to feel as though I had a home. Our oldest daughter leaves for college one week from today.

Sincerely yours,

JMY/RT

James M. Yard

Oct 23, 1926 Dear Jim: I am very sorry that I have not written you for a long time but I have thought of you and changter work often. Try school work has kept me very busy and it is very interesting to me too. How are you getting along, fun? I am very glad that you have a home now at wallace Lodge! I hope your folks are all enjoying their best of life. Have you heard from Earl often? He told me that he had real good time in Teking. How is the condition in Changter? How is dur university getting along? I am very much interested in affairs going on there and hope you will keep me informed. The more I think of Chenghi and to its University the more I realize its great future. I have not a single day without thinking seriously the great work that we are engaging in I shall write you again, with kindest regards to your family. always jours, Paul.

1807 - Warren ave.

Chicago, Ill.

October 29, 1926 Mr. Paul Y. Cheng 1807 Tarren Avenue

Dear Paul:

Chicago, Ill.

Your letter of October 23rd came while I was away and I am very glad to know of your where-abouts. I will send your new address to Mr. De Vesty and checks will go forward as usual.

I have had only a brief letter from Barl which indicated that he and Lawrence ing if they have proceeded up the river or whether, like some other West China people they have been kept in Shanghai. The last word I had was that some of the West China missionaries were starting for Changtu on October 26th.

We have had reports from Cheng-tu that everything is quiet. I ought to have a letter from President Beech soon telling of the opening of the University, the number of students, etc.

My campaign is going forward slowly, but I have made some very fortunate contacts in the last month which I hope will yield some results rather soon.

My family are all well and getting along nicely Our eldest daughter is at Swarthmore and is delighted with dollege.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,

JIY:MD

0583

1807 Warren Ave. Chicago, Ill., U. S. A. Oct. 30, 1926

Dear Earl and Lawrence:

It gives me great pleasure to read the many kind and interesting letters from you both. I am very glad indeed that you were getting along quite well in your journey and that you arrived Peking safely two months ago. It was too bad that you met the big storm near Japan. I really feel sorry for Lawrence to be so badly spasick. I have been worrying whether the strife in China has interfered your going to Chengtu or not. From Earl's letter written in Peking, it seems to me that there is not going to be any difficulty at all. I thank God for his care for my comrades.

As I told you in my last letter that thru Earl's kind recommendation and that of Jim's, Mr. Gibson and his church has generously given me \$100.00 per month for my school expense for the whole year. I feel very grateful to you, Earl, on this matter and many others you have done for me in the past. I sincerely hope that some day I shall be able to do momething toward your ideals in return.

I remember that I told you both before that when my father was living, he always wished I would take up some work along the line of healing art. This is the reason I started in with pharmacy. My interest in the subject has made me stay with it, but I have always regreted since that I did not live up to the expectation of my dear father. Last year in New York, Earl, were sharing with me many evenings my difficulties in not able to take up chiropractic in the evening school. The reasons were many. However, the hope of specializing a certain healing art has always been warm in my heart.

It is to my own suprise that I did not think of asking you for an advice that whether It would be wise for me to remain in this country for another year in view of my circumstances at that time until I reached Chicago. Had I done that in New York I probably would still be with Squibb. Things were in my favor, I was thrown into this city where the best well known school of Chiropractic called National College of Chiropractic is located. I never knew that your advice, Earl, for me to stay in this country was the unforeseen sign of prealization of my dream.

After I found every thing satisfactory with the school (Epecially the liberal and rational point of view of the Dean of of the College.), I decided to enter the school for a trial of three monthsleaving the worry of financial part aside and knowing confidentially myself that I would work hard if I had to in order to get the Education.

The school gives a three-years course consisting six months each. If one takes it continuensly he can finish it in

18 months. Having some previous experiences along the line and college work in chemistry, physiology, bacteriology, etc., I was given six months of advance credits, therefore if everything goes well, I expect to graduate in Aug. nest year. The text books used in the school are all regular medical books. I think the school has chosen this policy very wisely, because medical books are very thorough and resourceful. This also shows liberal view of the school. They have nothing against any body or institution expect excepting to make chiropractic into a scientific study and to be useful to humanity.

partly because I did not know whether I would like it or not and partly because there are so few really understand the principles of chiropractic naturally they would have a certain amount of prejudice against it. Of course, it is true that there are millions of people who are in favor of this art of healing. I take this course with my sincerest conscience that I may be a real helper to the people with this new science and with my full realization they usefulness of some medicines if properly and conscientionsly given. Even I have the idea that some day I may be able to make a study in medical healing art.

The school also gives a thorough course in electrotheraphy which has been used in this country in many hospitals, large and small. There are also courses given in X ray, diseases of eyes, nose, and throat, and obstetrics, some special movements of esteopathy etc. I am taking semister this semister pathology, principles of chirpractic and spinal adjustment, dissection, and anatomy, neuralogical clinic, special techniques, clinical diamosis, physical diagnosis, and neuralogy. I have eight classes every day I am getting along very well but extremely busy with my study and outside work. I have always take good care of my health.

Jim wrote me before that from what he could ascertain that Mr. Gibson and his church are going to have Miss Ling and me to join the Chengtu work. It sounds not quite certain but I suppose it is their intention to support us there in Chengtu. I want to assure you again that we want to join your worth while work there, unless we are not wanted by the people in Chengtu. I have thought of West China work almost every day and anxiously hope our Univ. will be able to establish a college of agriculture and a health and hygiene. The importantes of these educational institutions in Chengtu does not need any explanation.

which is self-explanatory. As you know it is always my principle to encourage an ambitious person, so I wish very much that she can have the opportunity to take her Master Degree work in some University. This is another new problem for me to solve, for if she should get any fellowship in some university, she probably wants me to wait for her to go to Chengtu together. If she can not get fellowship then I may have to work to support her to realize her ambition. But I do am perfectly aware of the fact that if Chengtu wants me I must go as quickly as I can. May I ask you to give me your adivce. Best wishes to you all. As ever yours,

1807 Warren Ave. Chicago, Ill. Nov. 13, 1926

Dear Jim:

Your kind letter of Oct. 29 was read with great pleasure. I am very glad to know that you and your family are all well and getting along nicely and also your progressive work. Thank you very much for your kindness of transferring Mr. Meuser's letter to me. I am glad that he is still in Canada and am going to communicate with him about my prospective work in Chengtu.

A few days ago, Earl forwarded to me two letters, one from Pres. Beech and one from Miss Brethost. They did not know that I was not coming this year, they both gave me hearty welcome. I also got a very long letter from Earl telling me lots of good connections he made in his journey in my country. I have written him an encouraging letter and told him to go ahead with his work which I hope to follow up in the future.

No doubt you have been wondering what I am studying in Chicago. I am enclosing herewith a copy of my letter to Earl which I trust will give you all explanations. I want to assure you that my interest in doing research work in Chinese drugs and Chengtu movement shall always be the same, though I am taking chiropractic now. The reason I am taking this new subject is this that I hope I can do more for the people there and can use to the advantage in my study medicine which, as I told you before, I wish to do in China sometimes in the future. I think chiropractic will work very well with medicine. This is my opinion there are many people who have their particular professional interest and do not think probably as I do.

As my allowance is not enough for my expenses here due to high cost of tuition, so that I have been working every Saturday and Sunday evenings in order to make a few dollars for the deficiency.

I have not received your check for my last month allowance, will you please look into the matter?

Everything is going on very nicely with me and I am extremely busy. I hope to hear from often. With my best wishes to you and your family.

As ever,

November 17, 1926

Mr. Paul Cheng 1807 Warren Avenue Chicago, Ill.

Doar Paul:

Your letter of November 13th, with the letter of October 30th to Farl and Lawrence, arrived a few days ago. Will you let me be perfectly frank and say that I was a bit disturbed by the fact that you have begun the study of chiropractic? I wish you had consulted with me last fall before taking it up. I do not know at all what the attitude of Mr. Gibson toward that profession is, nor do I know just what the medical faculty in Chengtu would say, but I feel rather sure that the medical men would not approve.

Ir. Gibson is not in the country so I cannot consult him about the matter, but I think we must be perfectly frank with the people in Chengtu, so I am writing to both Harl and Dr. Booch asking them to sound out the medical faculty and let us know what is their position in the matter.

Jet me hasten to say that I appreciate your spirit and your hard work which is prompted I know by your deep sympathy for those who suffer and I doubt not your knowledge of chiro-practic could in many cases be a real blessing. On the other hand, in a place like Chengtu, we must do team work, and the attitude of the medical faculty on that whole matter is most important. My own personal opinion is that it would have been much better for you to have continued your work in chemistry.

Mr. Paul Cheng Nov. 17, 1926 By the way, did you get my letter asking you to go to the American Express Office in Chicago to report the loss of your Travellers' Checks? Be sure to do that. That is the only way that you can recover the loss. You have to report it yourself to their Head Office in Chicago. Your check was held up because I had temporarily lost your address. I have since asked Mr. Dovesty to send it along. If you have not received it when you get this letter, please let me know. With kindest regards, Sincerely yours, JMY: MD



"National College & Chiropractic

CHARTERED AND INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF ILLINOIS

Chicago

November 19, 1926.

Tile Paul Cherry

James M. Yard, D. D., West China Union University, 150 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Dear Sir:

Mr. Paul Cheng has shown us a letter which you wrote him concerning his matriculation at this institution. We realize the position in which Mr. Cheng stands with regard to the prejudice which may become apparent in the Union University should it become known that he is taking work with us.

Permit us to say that the NATIONAL COLLEGE OF CHIRO-PRACTIC is a reputable institution, recognized by all Boards governing the practice of this art, whether they be Medical or Drugless Boards. For instance in the states of Illinois, Ohio, and Michigan where Medical examiners are in charge, the NATIONAL COLLEGE graduates are respected and successfully pass the same examinations as the Medical student with the exception of Materia Medica and Major Surgery.

Regarding the practice of Chiropractic there can be no doubt that it should be welcomed by able and representative practitioners of Medicine since it rests upon a scientific foundation and its conclusions and contentions are built upon the basic sciences of chemistry, physiology, pathology, biology, etc. Mr. Cheng will, when he has successfully graduated from this institution, be an asset to any Medical group because not only is manipulative therapeutics taught here, but a complete course in electro-therapeutics, a department of the healing art which is rapidly coming to the front today and which is being used by some of the most prominent physicians in the country.

The NATIONAL COLLEGE has a unique position in the Chiropractic world because its faculty is made up of men from all the departments of science. Its President is a graduate of Rush Medical College and amongst the faculty will be found men from some of the leading Universities of the country. It has also had the honor to graduate a number of Medical practitioners who have taken Professional Courses as well as some of the educators in the Universities of the states.

Nov. 19,1926

Mr. James M. Yard, D.D.

Its curriculum is based upon the regular Medical text books, so that a sound therapeutic education is given to all students. We feel that if these facts are explained to the persons who may object to Mr. Cheng continuing his work here, they will reconsider any adverse decisions which they may be prone to make. There can be no doubt whatsoever that a knowledge of manipulative and electro therapeutics resting upon a sound basis of scientific knowledge will be of the utmost value to the Union University of West China.

Any further information which may be of use to Mr. Cheng or yourself we shall be glad to forward to you.

Very truly yours,

THE NATIONAL COLLEGE OF CHIROPRACTIC

AB:MD

December 8th, 1926.

Mr. Paul Cheng, 1807 Warren Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Paul:-

This is my first opportunity to answer your letter of November 20th, as I have been out of manifice for two weeks. In regard to the salary, Mr. De Vesty informs me that there is slightly less than \$20.00 due you on your October allowance because of the fact that they did not get the full refund on one of those Steamer Tickets. You probably have received his check for the balance whatever it was.

As far as your study is concerned, we shall have to wait until we receive some word from Dr. Beech. I will send your letter on to him which states the case better than I can and will give him a very clear idea of your purpose. I hope very much that your study of Chiropractic will not make you less acceptable, but knowing the attitude of Medical Men, I feel that I must put the case up to them very clearly as soon as possible.

What are your plans for the Christmas
Holidays? I suppose you will spend them with Miss Lin.
Is she in Michigan or Syracuse? If you go through
New York any time, be sure to let me know of course.

With kindest regards and every good wish,

Sincerely yours,

JMY:EN

Jan. 3, 1927.

Mr. Paul Cheng, 1807 Warren Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Paul:-

Please accept heartiest thanks from Mrs. Yard and myself for your very kind remembrance at Christmas time. Please also express our thanks to Miss Ling. It was lovely of you both to think of us and we appreciate it very much.

The letters from lest China are for the most part very discouraging. Dr. Beech even fears that the radical elements will take control of the college buildings and drive out the foreigners. I think I never had such a pessimistic letter from him as came in last week. All this disturbance means of course, that he is most difficult to go ferward with our campaign for the Universities. I am hoping that when Canton establishes herself and gains recognition from the Powers that she will be more friendly to Missionary Institutions.

With kindest regards and best wishes for the New Year,

Sincerely yours,

JMY:EN

Jan. 25, 1927.

Mr. James M. Yard,

Representative of West China Union University,

150 Fifth Avenue,

New York, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

I am writing to inquire if you know where Mr.

Pao (Paul) Yuan Cheng is located. I had a letter from him in July 1926, stating that he was sailing soon to take a position in the West China Union University, but later about September, I learned indirectly that he was in Chicago. Mr. Cheng is a graduate of the University of Washington and I am anxious to learn where he's located and what he is doing. Any information you have, regarding him will be appreciated.

Very truly yours,

C. W. Johnson, dean.

CWJ:T.

Feb. 2nd, 1927.

Mr. Paul Cheng, #20 North Ashland Blvd., Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Paul:-

The more I think of the matter, the more sure I am that the Medical faculty would not at all approve of your present course. I feel sure that if you want your support continued by Mr. Gibson you should give up your study of Chiropractic and enter the second semester in some University studying either advanced chemistry or further course in Pharmacy.

soon take this up with my Advisory Committee here in New York and will let you know their decision. I suspect that they will favor sending no money after February unless you leave the school of Chiropractic.

So far as you personally are concerned. I dislike very much to say this but I know the attitude of Medical men on this question and since I am not representing myself and the money is not mine, I feel that I must be fair and honest with the donor and the University authorities.

This is not final judgment on the matter but a word of warning that I feel you should have.

You will be glad to know that a cable came through about ten days ago from Miss Ellison and Earl Cranston urging the students to protest against intervention by the United States in China and saying that Chengtu was quiet - no cause for alarm.

Yours as ever,

JMY:EN



20 NORTH ASHLAND BOULEVARD

Mational College Chiropractic

CHARTERED AND INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF ILLINOI

Chicago

February 5, 1927

James M. Yard, M. D., 150 - 5th Ave., New York, N.Y.

Dear Doctor:

Mr. Cheng has consulted with us as to his standing in this institution with relation to the attitude of the faculty of the University of China and the Advisory Committee. Of course we are just as anxious as you that he should not lose or in any way jeopardize his chances of becoming a faculty member of the Union University, and therefore we have very earnestly considered the matter of his remaining here.

It is perhaps somewhat difficult for a commercial and heterodox institution to expect that it be judged upon the basis of its usefulness only, but we can assure you that the small amount of tuition which Mr. Cheng pays does not weigh in the matter at all.

When he came here, we discussed this thing pro and con and reached the decision that inasmuch as Chiropractic and Physio-Therapy were definitely established modalities of therapeutics and enormously useful, whatever our uninformed critics may say about it, that Mr. Cheng would be justified in thoroughly investigating the status of the modalities in order that he might intelligently discuss them when their inevitable appearance in China should occur.

We realize, of course, that a certain measure of responsibility rests with us in this matter and we will readily and willingly release Mr. Cheng from his scholastic labors here, if the Board insists. But we again urge that so intelligent and able a representative of the Chinese people be equipped with a full knowledge of these new developments in order that his sphere of influence for good may be enormously increased.

Very truly yours,

Dean, aBudden

THE NATIONAL COLLEGE OF CHIROPRACTIC

AB:MD

Box 135 20 N. Ashland Boulevard Chicago, Illinois February 7, 1927

James M. Yard, D. D. 150 Fifth Avenue New York City, N. Y.

Dear Jim:

I have your letter of Feb. 2nd in which you kindly advised me to give up my study of chiropractic and to take up advanced chemistry or pharmacy in the second semester in some University. From my five years' experience in University and from practical stand point of acquiring knowledges, it is deemed very unadvisable by me to do so, because, in the first place, most courses in chemistry or pharmacy offered by University are full year courses, some even more than one year, to begin a subject right at its middle is impracticable and is not allowed by the University. In the second place to join in the laboratory work half of which has to be made up is, out of question, impossible and no University will allow this practice. In the third place, since the time from now on to the end of this semester is only little over four months, to enter an University for such a short period will amount to very liitle as far as gaining knowledge is concerned. For the above several reasons, I feel it is very unwise for me to enter some University at this time.

In my letter of Feb. 2nd, I told you that I was specializing a course in electro-therapy now. There is a very capable head Professor taking charge of it. It is very complete and up to date. The electro-therapy clinic here which you visited a while ago is very well equipped with facilities for taking care of a great number of patients, thus giving the students a good opportunity to get their practical experiences. If the medical faculty at Chengtu and Mr. Gibson should know the truth and importance of electrical healing science today, they would be only too glad, I imagine, that I am specializing this subject. Nor could I see any reasons for them to object my acquiring the knowledges in pathology, physiology, obstetrics, physical and clinical diagnosis, anatomy, symptoms of visceral disease, splanchnology, x ray, etc. all which are taught from the regular standard medical text books. I shall give you a list of text books in proper names and authors for your information.

I am sure that you can remember what I told you in my previous letters about my true attitude in taking up this new work and my genuine interest in medicine and drug research, so I shall let it go without repeating. Sufice to say that every healing science has its merits and they should, it seems to me, be worked together for the welfare of the poor patients, therefore, it would be too unfortunate if there should be any prejudice placed against any one of them.

I feel you should know clearly by this time that y my decision to go out to Chentu is not for the amonut of money I am getting nor for the job. It is only because through the inspiration

and admiration of the spirit possessed by you and Earl and other Chengtu workers plus my desiring to render a worth while service in West China that I decided to go there. When I was in New York City, I spent practically every evening over a period of more than a year with Earl. He often brought up various problems concerning Chengtu work to discuss with me. His influence and earnest desire to have me to go out there to help him doing the missionary work under our new plan coupled with my keen interest in the mission field and in the Chinese drug research made me willingly to resign a job which brought in with three times the amount of salary I am supposed to get in Chengtu and a bright prospect in the future and to decline two attractive offers which recently came to me. If the medical men at Chengtu and Mr. Gibson should just know these facts, I do not think there would be any question of honesty and fairness raised by them. Of course, at present, we really do not know the attitude of either of them yet. If, I believe, the matter is properly and comprehensively presented to them, they will have no objection to my sincere attempt. I realize that these medical men there are very important to the University, but the best service to the people being the aim of our activities there, I think, should and ought to be considered equally important. It seems, therefore, rather logical to assume that the abler I make myself to serve Chengtu the more welcomeed I shall be to the community.

Two recent letters from Earl, one dated Nov. 23rd, 1926, on the middle of Yangtze, has the following content, "So go to it for all you are worth, Paul, and make the very most out of this year. I am with you thoroughly in it because it is what you want to do and you know best, and I hope I may be one of the first upon whom you shall practise it, although I do not as yet know what I may have wrong, when you see me. But at least you can straighten and limber me out. I was glad that your brother thought that you still intend to specialize on pharmacy and I assume that you count on Chengtu, as we do on you, and surely your anatomy and other studies will make you a much better teacher, as well as practioner, after this year." and the other of Dec. 11, written on a boat in Szechuan came to me three days ago, says, "I wrote that from your brother who treated us so cordially in Shanghai I learned about your study of the chiropractic. I trust it meets your highest expectations. A few days ago when I strained my back be chance I wished you were here to manipulate it back into quickest health, and I did rub it a little myself, but not scientifically I am sure. It is alright now."

Judging from the sound of the two letters from Earl, I rather expect to get a favorable answer from Chengtu. Of course, if you think that you want to take the action now you know the best and you can do as you please. If the thing should take place against our original plan, I shall leave with no regrets or hard feelings and I shall put my hope in the future that I may be sent by His will to serve among Chengtu friends.

Thank you kindly for letting me know the cable sent over by Miss Ellison and Earl. May West Union prosper in the future as she has never done before. With my kindest regards to you and your family.

Very sincerely yours,

Paul. Cheng

Gray's Anatomy
Pathology
Diagnostics of Internal MedicineG. R. Buther, M.D.&Sc.D., LL.D.
Physical Diagnosis
Human Physiology
Symptoms of Visceral DiseaseF. M. Pottenger, A.M., M.D., LL.D., F.A.C.P.
Electrotherapy Burton B. Grover, M.D.
U. S. Army X-Ray ManualAuthoried by the Surgeon-General of the Army.
Medical JurisprudenceE. D. Brothers, B.S., LL.B.
Obstetrics
Gynecologysame as above.
SplanchnologyJust started today.
Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat
These are major part of books and courses which cover Junior and senior here.
Faut & Coping heng.

Feb. 21, 1927.

Mr. Paul Cheng. 20 N. Ashland Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Dear Paul:-

I hope you will forgive me for having been so slow in replying to yours of the 7th. I have been consulting with various members of the board and with some of our regular M. D.s. I am now prepared to say that I think you will have to give up your course in the National College of Chiropractic.

onter at once, the Medical School of Northwestern University, to there continue your course in Ex-ray Physi-Therapy. Dr. Vaughn tells me that their course in Physio-Therapy is perhaps the best in the country. He will gladly write you a letter to the dean which will, I think, get you in. We may be able to make arrangements so that you will be required to pay no tuition.

Acting as the agent of the University after having considered this thing very thoroughly, this is the only decision I can come to. I hope you will understand my point of view thoroughly. I appreciate the real love and sympathy for the Chinese people which caused you to enter upon this course. But you will be able in the end, to do more for the people by keeping in sympathetic cooperation with your colleagues on the medical faculty in Chengtu than by any further knowledge of Chiropractic which you might gain by remaining where you are.

- 2 - continued.

Feb. 21, 1927.

I have two things in mind in coming to this decision. First, is my duty to Mr. Gibson and to the medical faculty at Chengtu; the second is my regard for your future usefulness in working on that faculty.

please let me know your decision in this matter at once. If I can be of any help in making an opening for you at Northwestern University, it will be my happy privilege to do so.

Ever your friend,

JMY: EN

Box 135 20 N. Ashland Blvd. Chicago, Ill. March 3, 1927

Dr. James M. Yard 150 Fifth Avenue New York, N. Y.

Dear Jim:

I visited the Physio-therapy Department of Northwestern Medical School here yesterday. It is a very newly established department, therefore, from my humble judgement, it is not well organized yet. It only consists of a fairly large room where five booths were provided for taking care of treatments and a small gymnasm, so it was called there, for correcting exercises. There was only a lady who looked like a nurse to me taking charge of the place. Because it was only started a short time ago, therefore little information could be obtained by me. I was informed that there will be no class open for physio-therapy untill next fall. Since there is no such course available at Northwestern Medical School at present, I wish to ask you for your further advice.

Certainly I appreciate your situation thoroughly in making this decision. To assure you my sincere attitude toward Chengtu work and my profound care for our future cooperation, I am ever ready to consider willingly your further advice. But I do hope that it will not be taken as a right to infringe my freedom of learning. I feel that my duty to Mr. Gibson and West China Union University is my fulfilment to our agreement and my loyalty to my future work. However I am willing to yield my privilege for the sake of cooperation which is indeed very important to the success of our great work in Chengtu.

We were in New York that we should not be orthodox in the idea of religion. I think you would agree with me that the same law can be applied to the healing sciences. It seems to me that no matter how much prejudice one may have against chiropractic as one of methods of healing, since it has been legalized by thirty-six States in the Union and practised by thousands of citizens of the United States, it does not sound unreasonable for a foreigner like me who has, for many years, been interested in medicine and other healing sciences, to make an investigative study of chiropractic. In view of my hard struggle in taking care of my school study as well as my outside work at night every week end, it is no easy job for me to be craving for this new attempt, if not for the interest of investigation and for some good I may be able to render in the future.

It is indeed very unfortunate at present in this country for the different methods of healing to be misunderstood each other so badly. Instead of working out the different methods of healing sciences together for the good of the sick people, they they have openly become desperate foes, while liberal-thinking people like us have to pay for the penalty. Hoping to hear from you soon. With best wishes to you. as ever yours,

March 9, 1927.

Mr. Paul Chong, #20 N. Ashland Blvd., Chicago, Il inois.

Dear Paul:

I have not had time before to reply to yours of March 3rd.

about much of this medical business. On the other hand, I know that you are facing a fact and not a theory. My judgment is that will be of very much greater usefulness in Chengtu if you do not go there with the faculty prejudiced against you before you arrive. If you continue your course in Chiropractic, they will be prejudiced against you, without doubt. I wish now that I had insisted on this point earlier in the year.

However, it is my final judgment that you should go to the Northwestern Medical School, and get the most that you can during the next few months, whether in Physio-Therapy, Pharmacy, or some other department.

It is probably true that the equipment in the new Northwestern school is not yet as complete as that in your present school. But at any rate, Northwestern has a good standing with the Doctors and whatever you get there will stand you in good stead. I hope, therefore, that you will be able to make this change and adjustment at the earliest possible moment.



- 2 - continued.

· March 9, 1927.

The Treasury Department did not have your new address, but they now have it and I hope your salary check has reached you all right. Whenever you change be sure to send a letter giving your new address to Mr. Chas. DeVesty, 150 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.

with hearty greetings,

Sincerely yours,

JMY:EW

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Chicago. Illinois

March 20 1027

20 N. Ashland Boulevard

Dr. James M. Yard 150 Fifth Avenue New York, N. Y.

Dear Jim:

I hope you will forgive me for having been slow in replying your letter of March 9th. I just received a bulletin from Northwestern Medical School yesterday.

Now I wish to ask you, also Dr. Vaughan, to make the necessary arrangements for me to enter the Medical School of Northwestern University and to give me a letter of introduction to the proper man of the school in regard to my entrance. Since I have not had the course in premedic and since I can not attend the complete course in medicine prior to my sailing for Chengtu, West China, I believe that a special arrangement has to be made with the school authority in order that I may be accepted as a special student and allowed to take certain courses without prerequissite of premedic or otherwise.

Since as you said there is open prejudice against Chiropractic in the medical circle, I wish you will consider whether it would be deemed wise to tell the Medical School of Northwestern University the fact that I have been a student of Chiropractic school or not. Recently my mind has been greatly disturbed by the matter of my study, it is my earnest hope that every thing may move on smoothly after this change takes place.

In your previous letter you mentioed the possibility of exempting me from paying tuition in Northwestern University. As I have been running short of money every month and have been out of week-end work, I desire very much that you will be able to make arrangements to this effect.

Please tell me in detail when you have the arrangements made for me.

> I wish to thank you very much for your sincere effort. With kindest regards,

P. S. I have not heard from Earl for long time. Please tell me where Ican reach him.

March 24, 1927.

Mr. Paul Cheng, #20 N. Ashland Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Dear Paul:

Here goes a reply to yours of the 20th. I was away for a day or two, which accounts for the slowness of this letter. I have just been going over the matter with Dr. Vaughan and on his advice, have written to the Registrar, asking for his help in a scholarship. And I am endlosing herewith a letter of introduction to Dean Cutter. Please get after this at once and get into the school at your earliest opportunity.

Mr. Gibson is now at home, I understand, and I shall be wanting to report to him on the case. I shall be very glad if I can say that you are at Northwestern University.

Time is passing and you must get started on this new course as quickly as possible.

With every good wish,

Sincerely yours,

JMY: EN

P. S. I have not heard from Farl either, but know from cables, that he is still at Chengtu. Miss Ellison is also there.



March 24, 1927.

Dr. Irving S. Cutter, Dean, Northwestern Medical School, Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Dr. Cutter:-

This will introduce to you, Mr. Paul Cheng, who expects to go to West China next September to teach pharmacy in our Medical school there. While waiting he would like to take a course in Electro-Therapy. He has already had some work in that subject in the Chicago College of Chiropractic. Upon the advice of Dr. J. G. Vaughan and myself, he is giving up that school and wants very much to learn as much as he can between now and September.

Mr. Cheng is a Master of Science from the University of Washington, and spent last year in Squibbs Laboratories. He is an exceedingly well qualified man and I hope you will give him every opportunity.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,

JMY: EN



March 24, 1927.

Mr. C. W. Patterson, Registrar, Northwestern Medical School, Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Mr. Patterson:

Upon Dr. J. G. Vaughan's suggestion, I am witing you concerning Mr. Paul Cheng, who is to go to Chengtu next September to teach pharmacy in the Medical school there,

I know that he is entering late in the term, but I hope you will allow him to enter nonetheless. He was studying Electro-Therapy in the Chicago College of Chiropractic, and upon my advice and that of Dr. Vaughan, he is leaving that school. Being a Chinese, he did not understand the attitude of medical men toward Chiropractic, and therefore, did not realize that a course at such a place would handicap him on the faculty at West China.

He is a man much above the average and I hope you will give him every facility. Will it be possible for you to grant him a scholarship covering all or part of his tuition? West China Union University will greatly appreciate anything that you can do for him. He will, no doubt, call upon you very soon.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,

JMY:EN

Box 135 20 N. Ashland Blvd Chicago, Ill. March 25, 1927.

Dr. James M. Yard 150 Fifth Ave. New York, N. Y.

Dear Jim:

I have just found out from Northwestern University
Bulletin that the Spring quarter of its Medical School will
begin on next Monday, March 28th. I am hoping that the
arrangements you are negotiating now, I presume, with the
Institution concerning my entrance will be completed very
soon, so I may start in the Medical School right from the
beginning of the Spring quarter.

Hoping to hear from you soon. With my best regards,

Very sincerely yours,

Paul (Chena)

Box 135 20 N. Ashland Blvd Chicago, Ill. March 31, 1927

Dr. James M. Yard 150 Fifth Avenue New York, N. Y.

Dear Jim:

Your letter inclosed with a letter of introduction to Dean Cutter was received on the 25th. In the next morning, I went over to Northwestern Medical School with your letter to see Dr. Cutter. Having gone through the necessary red tape of interviewing an important man and experienced a long waiting, I was informed at last by the girl at the office that Dean Cutter was not ready to answer the matter and she told me to come back the next Monday.

In that Monday morning I went over there again. Not until about noon I was referred to see Dr. Coulter, the head of the new physio-therapy department, again without seeing the addressee of your letter. Then I was once more referred to see the Registrar from whom I leaned that the dean had O. Ked for me to take up dissection of arm and leg, which I have had at National College already, and physio-therapy, which he was not able to tell me the nature and content of the course. So again I went down to see Dr. Coulter but he has gone already, for his duty there was from 11 to 12 o'clock. Judging from the short time Dr. Coulter is there in his office, I fancy there could be very much that he can give me personally. Probably I shall be assigned to work under some nurses in that department who got their physio-therapy train as I understand, from Victor X-Ray Co. near here, for a week in lecture and with some clinic experience.

On Teusday morning I called up Dr. Coulter and was told that he would not be in school at all that day, so I called him up at his private office and made an appointment to see him yesterday. Yesterday noon I saw him at the school. He told me that there is no course find in physio-therapy given by the school yet.bu"But I will put you to work with Miss Smith (the nurse in charge) and will give you some assignments for reading", he continued. When I told him that I had one quarter of work in dissection at National College, he did not even suggest some change. As far as I can see I do not think there was any interest at all on their part concerning my entering the school. It was taken rather an obligation than anything else. Your recommendation for a whole or partial scholarship was flatly turned down is another evidence which proved that there was lack of interest apparently.

While in the next quarter, if I should continued to study in the National here, I shall have following courses, "Eye, Ear,

2----To Dr. James M. Yard

Nose and Throat", Gynecology, Psychiathry, all to be taught by the reputable M. Ds. in this city. Also I shall continue in Pathology, Physiology, Neurological Clinic (in class room) and Physio-therapy and shall continue to serve, as I have been doing this quarter, in the day and night Physio-therapy Clinic. It is very easy for any fair minded person to after comparing the two entirely different schedules, to realize the fact that I shall get much more knowledge and practical experiences, if I stay with National next quarter. Even, there is no room for objection by those who have prejudice against Chiropractic in this schedule, because I shall take no course in Chiropractic in the next quarter, if I am allowed to stay here.

Since Northwestern Medical School is a very well known institution in this country, it is very natural for one to feel much honored to be able to be a student of that school; but in view of the limited work given to me by Dr. Coulter, I can not let my vanity of attending the big school overshadows my true desire of acquiring some useful and practical knowledge and experiences

I was very glad to received two letters from Earl and one from Miss Ellison definitely stating their aproval on my taking this new subject. I think Earl would consider my study even more favorable, if he knews that I have been specializing in Physiotherapy. No doubt, you have also heard from him concerning my problem. But I want to tell you that his letters would produce no effect at all, had I found Northwestern to be apply willing to give me the knowledge and experiences I desire.

Undoubtedly, you know that Physio-therapy has quickly come to the front in the healing arts and has been generally and generously recognized by the medical profession. It now has the seal of approval of the American Medical Association. Long before the American Medical Association began to bestir itself the National College of Chiropractic had installed an experimental clinic containing all the types of machines known at that time, so as I have been told. Now she is offering a very sound and practical course on this subject.

It is my earnest hope that those who sincerely wish me to secure this knowledge of practical use will not be perturbed by the innocent word "Chiropractic" being attached to the National College. Since Northwestern can not give the work with the least satisfaction to me, I beg to ask you to reconsider the whole matter and advise me whether it would be advisable for me to complete my physio-therapy training at National.

This letter was delayed on account of my unusual busy in the day and night clinic here. I have been very closely, intouch with the new development in China. I hope your faith will be well be affected by the exaggerated and repeated statement about Nanking incident. There was hardly a mention of killing of a large number of innocent Chinese by the foreign gun boat.

Hoping to hear from you soon. With kindest regards,

As ever yours, Paul (Cheng)



Box 135 20 N. Ashland Blvd Chicago, Illinois April 17, 1927

Dr. James M. Yard 150 Fifth Avenue New York City, N. Y.

Dear Jim:

Having been troubled with stiff neck and shoulder, I was obliged to delay to acknowledge your kindness in giving me your approval to continue on my study here. I want to assure you that your new encouragement and help have inspired me and given me new faith to our important work in Chengtu. I feel very grateful for your true and sincere attitude toward me and my future career in serving Him and people of West China.

Thank you very much for your advice to read up closely "The Revolt of Asia". I shall, indeed, do so. I sincerely hope after Nationalist movement has united China, there will be new opportunity for true and ideal missionary work in the country to bring the people to Love, Peace and Truth.

I am glad to hear that Dr. Beech is in Dixon, Ill. I do hope you can arrange for him to see me some time before he leaves this country again.

With Seasonal Greetings to you and your family, I am,

As ever yours,

Vaul. (Cheng)

P. S. Do you know where is Earl's girl, Miss Welch, now? I am hoping that I shall have the opportunity to meet her, if she is now in this country.

When you come to Chicago again in May, please do not fail to let me know. I am looking forward the pleasure of seeing you again in this city.

May 13, 1927

Mr. Paul Cheng 20 N. Ashland Divd. Chicago, Ill.

Dear Paul:

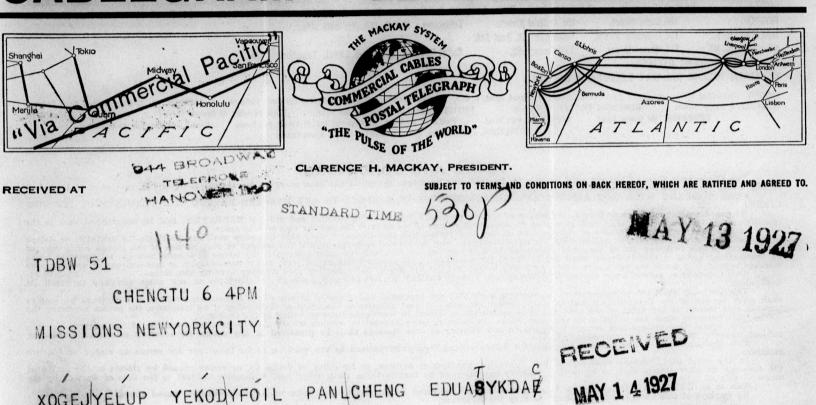
astray for I wrote you not long ago.

sure when he will get back in the vicinity of Chicago again. I am sorry but I do not know where Miss Telch is. I may possibly go to Chicago June 24, but that is not at all sure because it is almost impossible to raise money in any large amounts and I may have to leave my present position June 1st or July 1st. The future of this office is quite uncertain. Our inecutive Committee will meet on May 1 th and decide the matter but I am pretty well settled in my conviction that I ought not to remain with the University much lenger.

Before I get away be sure and write me and let me know your plans. I hope you will be able to get out to Chengtu at the earliest possible mement.

Yours as ever,

CABLEGRAM - "VIA COMMERCIAL



Translation: "Tell Dr. James M. Yard,
Union University strongly urge
Pan L. Cheng will combine with (you).
A very hearty welcome."

YEKODYFOIL

XOGEJ YELUP

PANLCHENG

MAY 1 4 1927 TREASURERS OFFICE RECEPTION DEST

Box 135 20 N. adland Blod Chicago, Ill. may 17, 1927 Alear Jun: How are you getting along?. It is quite a long time, I have not keard from you get. Are gon coming here this month? Please write me a few lines, if you can find time. I pray that it is not because sick ness which prevents because from writing me for such kong time. I am planning to go to Mount Vernon, Down to attend miss Ling's Graduation Exercise on the 27 of this month. May 2 ask you to secure à Western

Clergy fare certificate for me? I may make a few short trips in the summer. I Shall sund you the application Lee rightway. Please apply it for me as soon as you can, so it will reach me by the 27th. I also like to have Eastern Clergy Cer fare Certificate, because it would be hard to till When I may travel to Easternagain. It is very hard to forsee the outcome of Chuese shiggle, I but let our faith and prayer be our unfading guide of our Thope for the future of China Sand our work in Chengton. with kindest greetings, yours as ever (Cheng)

Hey 20, 1927

Mr. Paul Cheng 20 M. Ashland Plvd. Chicago, Ill.

Dear Paul:

I wrote you on May 15th and I think I wrote you a ghort letter before that, just a line or two. I do not understand thy you have not received them. I am sending this Special Delivery and hope it will reach you all right.

Please take this letter and the clergy books and your application to Mr. Copper, 40 Rush Street, Chicago and he will give you applications and put it over for you. You see, you must sign them yourself and the Testern certificate would have to go to Chicago in any case, it cannot be handled here.

I am rushing this off so I am not sending you much af a note. I hope you will have a good trip at Mount Vernon and that everything is going along well with you. Please give my regards to Miss Ling.

With every good wish,

Sincerely yours,

Box 135, 20 N. ashland Blod, Chicago, Illinois, May 31, 1927

Many thanks for your kind letter of may 13 and special delivery of resent date. I have got my clergy certificates and wish to thank you very much. I regret much that I have delayed in answering you letter swing to my heavy school work.

your letter of may 13 yave me a great earprise. I am hoping that the cable came from Chengto recently has given you new courage. I can not bear to see our university to lose one of its great pellars especially at this critical moment. I am sure our university has valued you by your faith + service of 15 years in record and not by what amount of money you have raised for her. I believe that after the New revolution in china is over, the government and the chinese Jeople of Chengte will be auxious to do a substancial part toward our unversity finance. It seems to me The future of the institution is much brighter and greater than ever before. In the meanture, may I venture to suggest to all my

courades that let's do the best we can to main tain our university in its original greatness. The things we need most are our unchanging faith, leavis courage and our trest in god.

For a long time, I have wished to tell you my complete flan from now until the time I sail for Changte, due to my heavy study + chine work, I have so delayed in doing so. as you know I shall be thru with my school work west septemen, but there is a requirement of three mouths of intervalup in the chine after graduation eonsidered to be very valuable. I feel that I should take the offortunity to slay three months long, if I am allowed to do No. also miss ding is contemplating To take uf a le month course in obstatues Which, she feels, as a science, should replace the old hazardans midwify. The wester that she can be of service to our hospital in Cherque besides teaching. The 6 month course is the standard requirement of Illinois State Examination Board. In view of above ensurestance, I deen it were for me to take up the internship and to leave for changte with her Descenter. at any

rate, it is impossible for me to go to changles at present, as the fighting is still going on around young togething and general young sen is once again joining to the military activities. But I do hope that the road to changle will be ofened soon, so I can leave for changler will not later than mest alreamber.

This summer, besides continuing my physiotherapy work at the National College, & wish to take up some more charistry at the University of Checago, if I am able to pay the tuition. my tustion, laboratory fees, and books alone at the national college run at an average of more than # 60.00 per month. My room and board cost me about \$50.00 her month. These few clamo alone run up more than \$ 100.00 a mouth already, therefore, up to present, I am indebted more than \$300.00. I feel that it is time I ought begin to do something to adjust my finance. The part-time work is very seare. Once I do get it, it only interfers my study and Clinical work instead of helping we wuch financially.

Furthermore, Miss Ling's Acholanthifs

at cornell college will be expired on the 8th of next mouth. The is coming to live in chiergo. I have to be restouible for her expenses. Owing to the war evolution in Ehma, her unde has suffered a great loss in business and is not able to send her any money. It is only rational for me to take care of her. I am therford Obliged to ask you for your advice and Consule. I have wondered if you could explain to mr. Gibson about my setuation and ask him and his church to help me to overevne my difficult circumstances. If I deside to attend the summer ochool of the university of Chesago, the I have to pay quite a high tention + laboratory fee. This will make my francial condition even worse. I am vinerely haping you can de something for me to relieve me from my difficulties. I have been groung a great deal of thoughts in making our university one of the greatest centers in the development of Chargen in the years to come. I believe with on Christian faith and cooperation we shall attend our actions I shall find offertimety to talk to you about them. Be sure let me know, where you come to Chicago again with best wahes and kindest regards to you and your family, the ever yours, Paul.

May 31, 1927 Mr. Paul Chong 20 M. Ashland Blvd. Chicago, Ill. Dear Pault There are several questions we have got toget settled as soon as possible so please reply to this letter at the earliest possible moment. What do you think about getting out to West Or ina under present conditions? What would you do if you could not go this year? If you do go what is the approximate time that you would hope to leave Seattle? Would you be married and take your wife with you? Do you understand that the salary mentioned by Dr. Joech includes the mary of your wife? It may not be possible to teach pharmacy next Fall. In such a case what subjects would you be prepared to teach. . Dr. Beech is to see Mr. Gibson soon and we must get these affairs settled at the earliest possible moment. I shall be leaving this office very soon and so you will have to get into communication with Beech because he will have to handle such matters after I take another position. Yours as ever, Secretary 0621