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Buck, J. Lossing 1930-1932

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Nanking

TRANS
1/11/30

University of Nanking

January 6, 1930

Prof. J. Lossing Buck,
C/o Matson Steamship Line,
San Francisco, Cal.

My dear Buck:

We have today received a copy of Dr. Ely's letter to you dated January 2. I understand Dr. Ely sent a copy of this letter to you in San Francisco. I am, however, enclosing herewith the copy of Dr. Ely's letter addressed to you at our office.

This communication is a most unexpected solar plexus blow. I do not see anything in your letter of December 23 that should seriously irritate Dr. Ely. Personally I feel the Institute for Research in Land Economics and Public Utilities is stretching things a bit in contending that Miss Mertsy should be considered officially a representative of the Institute when the Institute is not bearing any part of her salary or expenses. I hardly think, however, that the point is worth quibbling about. We all hope that out of this initial contact there will eventually grow a greatly increased interest and cooperation by the Institute in the work at Nanking.

I am writing Dr. Ely today and am enclosing a copy of my letter. I hope this communication succeeded in soothing his ruffled feelings. Probably you will wish to send some communication from San Francisco before you sail.

Our office received a wire from Miss Mertsy this morning as follows:

"Correspondence from Dr. Ely in no way reflects my opinion or affects our agreement."

I hope this indicates that Miss Mertsy's plans for going to Nanking have not in any way been modified. For several days I have been expecting a letter from Miss Mertsy approving the tentative steamship reservations I have made for her on the President Fillmore. As yet no confirmation of these reservations has reached us, but I hope from her telegram that she will be sending us some further word within a few days.

Again wishing you a happy voyage, I am

Very cordially yours

B A GARSIDE

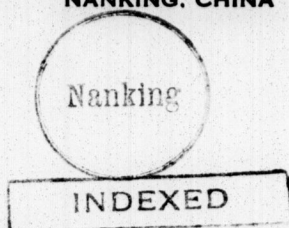
BAG-H

Enc.

0814

UNIVERSITY OF NANKING
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY
NANKING, CHINA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS,
FARM MANAGEMENT AND RURAL SOCIOLOGY



TRANSFER

San Francisco, Calif.,
January 10 1930

Mr. B. A. Garside,
University of Nanking,
150 - 6th Ave.,
New York City.

Dear Garside:

Many thanks for your letters of January 2nd and January 6th. Your reply to Ely is a masterpiece, and I appreciate it greatly. It is also good to know that Miss Mersky is planning to come in spite of Ely's letter. At the time I saw her she made it clear that she was willing to come to us eventhough not as a representative of the Institute. I am enclosing copy of my telegram to Doctor Ely and my letter written this morning. Doctor Ely naturally is somewhat upset because according to the stated arrangement in his letter to you the Institute is getting considerable honor and glory from its connection with the University of Nanking, but without participating in any of the expenses connected with the relationship. Of course, if he intends to take care of part or all of the expenses of future representatives the matter is somewhat different. In my reply I have tried to emphasize the importance of the Institute participating in such expenses. I think we must stick by this if we are to allow the stated relationship to stand. I trust there will be no further difficulties. There is of course little loss until Doctor Ely has definitely agreed to help in the expense end. However, we want to try and get his interest to such an extent that he can help in the financial end. One other Economist has intimated that the Institute may not survive very much longer and that Doctor Ely is trying to bolster it up by showing how much work it is carrying on in various directions.

Will you kindly send me copy of Doctor Ely's letter telling of his desire to continually send a representative and of the statement of the work of the Institute. This material I should have to show to Doctor Chen, or perhaps it might be better to send a copy direct to Doctor Chen and another copy to me.

08 15

1-10-30

Pg.2

I am writing Doctor Duggan asking him to be sure to send word to you of any progress that is being made regarding the visiting professors; also that he send a copy to Mr. Reisner, as well as myself.

Will you kindly order all available reports of the Annual Meetings of the American Soil Survey Association. These may be purchased from A.M. O'Neal, Secretary, Box 974, Houma, Louisiana. These reports are \$2. ~~a piece~~ and probably there are only four or five of them available. These are for the University Library ~~yes~~, but perhaps should be sent to me for deposit in the Library so that I may be sure of their arrival.

Your good steamer letter is greatly appreciated, and I sincerely trust we may see you in China soon. I am sorry not to have had more time with you when we both were not "on duty."

With best personal regards,

Very truly yours

J. Rossing Buck

08 16

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UNIVERSITIES
JAN 13 1930
JOINT OFFICE

08 17

| CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED | |
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| TELEGRAM | |
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WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

NEWCOMB CARLTON, PRESIDENT

GEORGE W. E. ATKINS, FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT

Form 1227 B

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| NO. | CASH OR CHG |
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Send the following message, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to

Jan. 9 19 30

To Dr. Richard T. Ely
Institute of Land Economics
Street and No. (or Telephone Number) Northwestern University
Place Chicago, Ill

~~Regret my letter has caused misunderstanding. The University of~~
~~Nanking and I are as desirous as ever of cooperation with the~~
~~Institute. Of course if the Institute pays expenses of its represen-~~
~~tatives each year we become to that extent part of the Institute's~~
~~work and the relation ~~unpleasant~~ is unquestioned. Letter~~
~~follows.~~

SENDER'S ADDRESS
FOR REFERENCE

SENDER'S TELE-
PHONE NUMBER

08 18

San Francisco, Calif.,
January 10, 1930

Doctor Richard T. Ely,
Institute of Research in Land
Economics & Public Utilities,
Northwestern University,
Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Doctor Ely:

Your letter of January 2nd has reached me at San Francisco, together with copies of Mr. Carside's letter in reply. Mr. Carside has covered the matter quite fully, but it seemed best for me to send you a telegram last night -- a copy of which is enclosed; and also to write you further with the hope that any misunderstanding may be cleared up. My letter was, perhaps, a little ambiguous, and for this reason may have caused misunderstanding. At the time of writing it I was perhaps thinking too much of the limited extent of the present cooperation of your Institute, rather than of all the future possibilities,-- your warm interest in our work and your cooperative spirit in releasing Miss Mertsky are extremely appreciated, and all this is an excellent beginning. As soon as you can participate in some or all of the expenses of your representatives at Nanking, I am sure the organic relationship with the University of Nanking you have indicated in your announcement of the work of your Institute will be quite in order.

Please understand that no question has been raised by the University Authorities and what I have written is simply in a personal way as a suggestion. It is entirely too small a thing to effect the plan of cooperation as we talked it over together. I hope, therefore, that you will not allow my suggestions to trouble you further. We must go ahead as planned. President Y. C. Chen of the University of Nanking would be pleased to hear from you direct regarding the plan of cooperation. I shall talk with him about it also and you will be hearing from him soon after my return.

It is good to know that all of your best men want to come to Nanking and we shall heartily welcome them and you.

1-10-30

Pg. 2

You will be interested to know that Professor G. W. Sarvis now at Hiram College, Hiram, Ohio, and formerly Dean of the Arts & Science College, and Professor of Economics at the University of Nanking, spoke very highly of the work you are doing. He told me this when I was in Washington a few days ago.

With best personal regards, I am

Sincerely yours

0820

Nanking

REGISTER

University of Nanking

January 14, 1930

Professor J. Lossing Buck,
University of Nanking,
Nanking, China.

Dear Buck:

I enclose herewith copies of letters we are today writing
Dr. Ely and Professor Willcox.

Thanks for your letter of January 10 written from San Francisco, and also for the copies of your wire and letter to Dr. Ely. I have received two letters from Dr. Ely, one written before, and one after he received the wire you sent on January 9. Both letters are written in very cordial terms, and both assure us that Dr. Ely is profoundly interested in the development of the relations between the Institute and the University. I believe that the letters from our office and from you have completely reassured him on the questions which caused him so much disturbance.

I am enclosing for your information copies of Professor Willcox's letter of January 7 and Professor Ely's letter of January 9. I am also sending, as requested in your letter, a copy of Dr. Ely's letter of November 13 telling of his desire to continually send a representative. I enclose also a statement of the work of the Institute attached to Dr. Ely's letter of November 13.

We are asking Mr. Evans to follow up your request that we purchase all available reports of the annual meetings of the American Soil Survey Association.

I hope this letter finds Mrs. Buck and yourself happily re-established once more on the Nanking campus. For the moment the storm center seems to have shifted from the Yangtze Valley to Shantung. I hope that it will not again turn southward.

Very cordially yours,

BAG-H

B A GARSIDE

Enc.

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RECEIVED
FEB 25 1930

INDEXED

University of Nanking

February 24, 1930

in answer to letter of 2/19/30

Mr. J. Lossing Buck,
University of Nanking,
Nanking, China.

My dear Mr. Buck:

This letter is to report on recent developments in our conversations with Dr. Ely as to cooperation between the University of Nanking and the Institute for Research in Land Economics and Public Utilities.

About a fortnight ago Dr. Ely invited me to have luncheon with him at the City Club. We spent a very pleasant hour exchanging information as to the work of the University and the Institute. Dr. Ely also outlined in a general way his thoughts as to the most feasible method of cooperation between the two institutions. I told him that so far as the Nanking Board of Founders is concerned, we would welcome any method of cooperation which seemed satisfactory to the Institute and to the field authorities of the University, but that the Founders would wish to obtain the judgment of the field before making any final decisions as to the details of such cooperation.

From my conversation with Dr. Ely I understand that his thought is that this cooperation shall be along the following general lines:- When this cooperation becomes effective the Institute will at all times have at least one of their representatives at Nanking, so that the work they are doing will be continuous rather than spasmodic. The salary, and probably the travel expenses of such representatives of the Institute would be borne by the Institute. Living quarters, laboratory and class room facilities, together with whatever facilities were necessary for carrying on research work would be provided by the University of Nanking. Presumably the time of the representatives for the Institute would be spent largely in connection with research work, with, however, the possibility of a limited amount of instruction. Each representative of the Institute would probably remain on the field at least one year, sometimes longer. The selection of representatives would be a matter of conference between the field authorities of the University and the Institute, and would be submitted to confirmation by the Board of Founders.

This, I believe, represents the bare outline of what Dr. Ely has in mind. I believe he hopes that the cooperation may develop to such an extent that a number of representative of the Institute can at all times be present in Nanking. I think there is a possibility that Dr. Ely might himself be persuaded to go out to Nanking for a year or more sometime in

0822

the near future, possibly as early as autumn 1930 if he can make arrangements for having the administrative work of the Institute carried on in his absence.

As a result of my luncheon with Dr.Ely I arranged for Dr.Ely to meet a number of members of the Nanking Board of Founders at a luncheon held last week at the Prince George Hotel. Those who were present at this second luncheon in addition to Dr.Ely and myself were the following:- Dr.Speer, Dr.Scott, Dr.Huntington and Dr.Ehnes. We had hoped that Dr. John H. Pi ley of the New York Times, who is one of the Board of Trustees of the Institute, could also be present, but at the last moment he was compelled to send his regrets. This luncheon was devoted to an interchange of ideas and suggestions between Dr.Ely and the Nanking Founders. We covered much the same ground as did Dr.Ely and myself at the first luncheon, and then there followed a discussion of possible means of securing support for making the cooperation between the University and the Institute more effective. Dr.Ely stated that at the present time the resources of the Institute are probably insufficient to enable them to do much in the way of cooperation with Nanking. He expressed the hope that through joint efforts between the Institute and the University interest and support for this cooperation might be enlisted in such ways as would not adversely affect the present sources of income of either the University or the Institute. The Founders who were present expressed their sympathetic attitude toward this proposal but left the working out of details to be accomplished later.

Before going much further in our plan for this cooperation, it is quite essential that we obtain the views of the field. We suggest that you, in consultation with President Chen and such others as should be consulted, work out with as little delay as possible some tentative plan of cooperation with the Institute along the lines I have indicated above. Such a plan should have the endorsement of the Nanking Board of Directors, the Nanking Board of Founders, and the Institute Board of Directors. It seems to me that the plan should be worked out originally on the field and approved by the University Board of Directors, after which it can be considered by the Institute and the Founders. No doubt modifications will be made during this process, but the important thing now is to have at least a tentative plan which can be made the basis of further study and discussion.

With all good wishes, I am

Very cordially yours,

BAG-H

CC: J.H.Reisner
President Chen

B A GARSIDE

8 copies

16 lb

April 1930

Nanking

April 1930

TRANSFER

CHINA LAND UTILIZATION-POPULATION PROJECTI. Purpose

The purpose of this study is to give a comparatively accurate picture of the extent, location and character of China's agricultural resources; the density and growth of the rural population; and the effect of these two factors upon the content of living as measured by certain objective criteria.

II. Scope

Data will be collected by the sampling method from the major geographical regions (15 to 20) of China, including the outlying provinces. It is planned to include approximately one-sixth of the hsiens of the country in the samples taken.

III. Information to be Collected

I. Areas used for different crops and for other purposes (including lands now waste.)

1. Amount
2. Proportion
3. Trends and causes

II. Utilization of crops and their by-products.

III. Kind, number and production of livestock and the utilization of their products.

IV. Yields and human factors affecting yields --

1. Yields per unit of land and trend.
2. Extent of irrigation and drainage (also possibilities and need.)
3. Frequency and causes of crop failures.
4. Amount and kind of fertilizers used.
5. Extent of tenancy, type of tenure, and the effect of tenancy upon farm practice.
6. Extent and purpose of credit needed.
7. Land values.
8. Farm practice
 - (1) Planting and harvesting dates
 - (2) Frequency of each operation for each crop.

0824

- (3) Average amount of time per mow for each operation
- (4) Type of implement and number of men and number and kind and size of animals for each operation

V. Geographical influences affecting type of farming and yields

1. Climate
2. Topography
3. Soils
- 4.

VI. Marketing and transportation facilities affecting type of farming.

1. Kind and proportion of crops exported from the hsien.
2. Cost and methods of transportation.
3. Trend in exports.
4. Factors limiting the marketing of products.
5. Prices paid farmers.

VII. Kind and extent of subsidiary occupations and amount of idle time.

VIII. Farm layout --

1. Number and distance of plots
2. Number of fields
3. Topography of the farm
4. Unproductive farm areas

IX. Population --

Density

1. Size of farm family
2. Crop area per farm

Growth and composition

1. Age of each family member
2. Relationship of each family member to the head of family
3. Date of marriage of each husband and wife

4. Date of birth of each son, living or dead.
5. Date of death of each deceased son.
6. Date of birth of each daughter, living or dead.
7. Date of death of each deceased daughter.

Mobility

1. Ancestral home of the family and date of migration.
2. Former home and occupation of the head of this family
3. Date of migration of the head of this family.
4. Cause of migration of the head of this family.
5. Former home and occupation of the father of the head of this family.
6. Date of migration of the father of the head of this family.
7. Cause of migration of the father of the head of this family.
8. Residence and occupation of absent sons and absent unmarried daughters.

X. Standard of living indices --

- (1) Kinds and amount and value of foods eaten and trend in food consumption.
- (2) Clothing
 1. Material
 2. Amount
- (3) Housing and furniture
 1. Number of rooms
 2. Construction of house
 3. Kind, amount and quality of furniture
 4. Value
- (4) Special expenditures

IV. Method of Sampling

Since investigators native to the locality studied are very important to the reliability of the data collected, the samples selected will be conditioned in part by the availability of such persons qualified to undertake the work.

For each type of farming area, a representative village (or a group of small villages or hamlets) will be selected, and within which a minimum of 100 farms will be studied in

detail by use of the farm schedule and the family schedule. In addition, a minimum of another 100 farm families will be selected in the same or in neighboring villages for the population part of the family schedule. The farms and families will be selected on the basis of taking all the families in a village, or in the case of a large village, by taking all families along typical streets.

Types of farming areas will be differentiated by the names of crops using 20 per cent, or more, of the farmer's labor. The approximate boundaries of such areas will be determined by obtaining estimates from five persons familiar with conditions in the hsien and even in adjacent hsiens, of proportion of area in each crop.

V. Personnel for Field Work

Data will be collected by regional, qualified student, and local investigators.

Regional investigators will be selected from the staff of the Department of Agricultural Economics, from other departments of the college, and, where qualified, from outside the college. Each regional investigator will carry through a complete study in one area before undertaking the direction of other investigators.

Student investigators will be selected chiefly from the college of Agriculture. Other qualified students may be accepted, especially in case of the population study.

Local investigators will be selected on the basis of familiarity with the community, ability to handle numerical data, good character, personality, and tactfulness.

VI. Training of Investigators

Regional investigators will be trained by the director and other specialists. Student investigators will be trained by the director and specialists with the help of the regional investigators. Local investigators will be trained in person by regional and, in some cases, by student investigators.

VII. Organization of Field Work

Regional investigators will obtain information from the hsiens as a unit and will direct and check the student and

local investigators within the territory assigned.

Student investigators will collect the data required in the farm, locality and family schedules, and in most cases, they will also collect data for the hsiens as a whole. They will select their home hsiens and the adjacent hsiens.

Local investigators will collect the data required in the farm and family schedules. They will work chiefly in their own hsiens, but especially qualified men may be assigned to adjacent hsiens.

All schedules will be checked by the regional investigators in the field, or, where this proves impossible, checked in the office, and required additional information must be obtained before final payment is made to the investigator.

VIII. Specialists

A limited number of specialists in the fields of agricultural economics, rural sociology, population, soils and statistics will assist in the training of investigators and act as advisers. It is expected that at least one specialist in each field will spend six months to a year at Nanking during the period of the project for the purpose of rendering technical assistance and advice.

IX. Work and Policy Committee

The Director shall be Chairman of the Committee to decide on policy and methods of conducting the project. Members of the committee shall consist of regional investigators, and specialists invited to help on the project. The head of the Department of Agricultural Economics shall also be a member of this committee.

X. Publication of Results

The results studied will be published in book form in both English and Chinese. The director will be the author of the report. Those who write part or all of certain sections of the report will appear as author to such sections. All regional, student, and local investigators and specialists who do not participate in the writing will be given credit by name in the preface of the report for the work they do.

Cooperation

Cooperation will be sought from such individuals and organizations as are in a position to assist in one way or another. In this way the funds for the project may bring greater returns. For instance, some enlightened local official may agree to use his own men for collection of data under the supervision of the personnel of the project. Possible cooperators in China are the

1. University of Nanking alumni
2. Other universities
3. Church and mission organizations
4. Schools
5. Local officials
6. Provincial departments such as rural cooperative banks, bureaus of agriculture
7. Bureaus of the National Government
8. Mass Education Movement

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UNIVERSITY OF NANKING
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY
NANKING, CHINA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS,
FARM MANAGEMENT AND RURAL SOCIOLOGY



INDEXED

May 31, 1930.

TRANSFER

Mr. B. A. Garside,
China Union Universities,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

Dear Mr. Garside:

The two enclosed letters,
one to Dr. Melvin and the other to Dr. Pearson,
will give you further explanation of the
cable sent you several days ago.

I hope that both of these men
can come. If Condliffe finds a qualified
statistician, then I think we had better not
go the the expense of having Dr. Pearson come
at this time. I would very much like to have
him come, but unless there are some special
funds to cover it, we had better not have him.
I notice that in my letter of May 28th to him,
I did not make any reference to the question
of another statistician. If the occasion
arises, will you kindly make the necessary
explanation?

With best personal regards,

I am

Very truly yours,

J. Lossing Buck
J. Lossing Buck

JLB:GCM

0031

UNIVERSITY OF NANKING
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

RECEIVED
UNIVERSITIES
JUN 25 1930
JOINT OFFICE

0032

Harvard

May 28th, 1930.

Dr. Bruce Melvin,
Department of Rural Social Organization,
Cornell University,
Ithaca, New York.

Dear Dr. Melvin:

I have sent a cablegram to our New York office, asking them to ask you to come to Nanking for our autumn semester beginning the 4th of September. We would pay maintenance while here, and your own travel expenses from Ithaca to Nanking and return.

The field of rural sociology in our department is short of teachers, and we would like you to come and teach a course in rural sociology and one in rural social psychology, and possibly one or two other courses that might be arranged upon your arrival. Some of the work might take the form of supervised project work for the students.

I hope that you can accept this offer. I am sure that the experience would be such that you would find it well worth while professionally, as well as in the service that you can render to our institution and to the students.

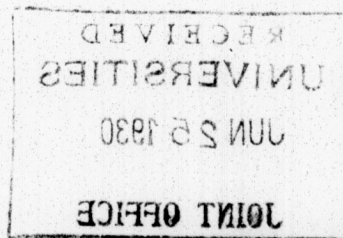
We would also appreciate any help you could give us on our land utilization project.

I regret that our finances make it impossible for us to pay travel expenses for Mrs. Melvin. However, we would welcome here if she should come.

With best personal regards, and hoping to have a favorable reply, I am

Sincerely yours,

JLB:GCM



J. Lossing Buck

0033

May 28th, 1930.

Dr. Bruce Melvin,
Department of Rural Social Organization,
Cornell University,
Ithaca, New York.

Dear Dr. Melvin:

I have sent a cablegram to our
New York office, asking them to ask you to come
to Ithaca for our autumn semester beginning the
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one or two other courses that might be arranged
upon your arrival. Some of the work might take the
form of supervised project work for the students.

I hope that you can accept this offer.
I am sure that the experience would be such that you
would find it well worth while professionally, as well
as in the service that you can render to our institution
and to the students.

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could give us on our land utilization project.

I regret that our finances make it
impossible for us to pay travel expenses for Mrs.
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With best personal regards, and hoping
to have a favorable reply, I am

Sincerely yours,

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| RECEIVED UNIVERSITIES JUN 25 1930 JOINT OFFICE |
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J. Lossing Buck

LIB:GCM

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May 28th, 1930

Dr. F. A. Pearson,
Cornell University,
Ithaca, New York.

Dear Dr. Pearson:

I have cabled our New York Office, asking them to ask you to come to Nanking at the beginning of our autumn semester, September 4th, to help us in our teaching work and in the statistical part of the land utilization project. We can offer your own travel expenses and maintenance while in Nanking. I regret that our finances are such that we cannot offer to pay any of your family's expenses. In fact, I think it would be a little better if you could come without the family, from the standpoint of difficulties of housing and schooling. On the other hand, if you desire to bring them, we will heartily welcome them.

We would be especially interested in having you teach courses in prices and statistics and in having your advice and assistance regarding the statistics of the land utilization project.

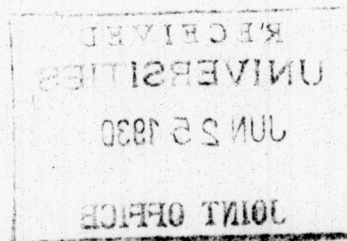
I sincerely hope that matters can be arranged so that you can come. I am not writing Dr. Warren, but hope that you will show this letter to him, and that he will assist in making it possible for you to come.

Your letter regarding Mr. Hsu's presenting some material on credit has been received, and I will pass this information on to Mr. Hsu upon his return from a northern trip. I am glad you have asked him to do this, as he is quite well informed on credit conditions.

Many thanks for sending my article on to the Journal of Agricultural Economics. I would like to have one hundred reprints of this if possible, even at an additional expense, if necessary.

Yours cordially,

J. Lossing Buck.



0835

May 28th, 1930

Dr. W. A. Pearson,
Cornell University,
Ithaca, New York.

Dear Dr. Pearson:

I have called our New York Office, asking them to ask you to come to Ithaca at the beginning of our autumn semester, September 4th, to help us in our teaching work and in the statistical part of the land utilization project. We can offer you travel expenses and a stipend while in Ithaca. I regret that our finances are such that we cannot offer to pay any of your family's expenses. In fact, I think it would be a little better if you could come without the family, from the standpoint of difficulties of housing and schooling. On the other hand, if you desire to bring them, we will heartily welcome them.

We would be especially interested in having you teach courses in prices and statistics and in having your advice and assistance regarding the statistics of the land utilization project.

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Yours cordially,

J. Lossing Buck.

RECEIVED
UNIVERSITIES
JUN 25 1930
JOINT OFFICE

6680



TRANSFER

University of Nanking

June 12, 1930

ans'd. 8/19/30

Mr. J. Lossing Buck,
University of Nanking,
Nanking, China.

My dear Mr. Buck:

See "University of Chicago Press" 6/9/30

We are enclosing herewith a copy of the executed contract covering the publication of your "Studies in Chinese Farm Economy". Two copies of this contract were received from the University of Chicago Press. We are keeping the second copy in our files here in New York.

We have been awaiting your reply to our letter of February 24 in reference to cooperation between the University of Nanking and the Institute for Research in Land Economics and Public Utilities. We are anxious to have your judgment and that of the other people on the field before we go very far in our plans for cooperation between the University and the Institute.

You and Mrs. Buck arrived in Nanking just in time to have ringside seats for the usual spring war. We have been watching the situation with a great deal of concern during these last few months and have been hoping that in spite of disturbances and threats of disturbances all our Universities would be able to complete their spring semesters without serious interruptions of work. I am afraid that the developments of the last few weeks have forced one or more of our institutions to close up their spring work earlier than usual, but I hope that you at Nanking will be able to finish your program in due form.

With warmest regards, I am

Very sincerely yours,

BAG-H

B A GARSIDE

Enc.

0837

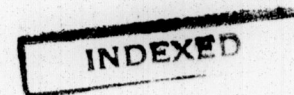
UNIVERSITY OF NANKING
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY
NANKING, CHINA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS,
FARM MANAGEMENT AND RURAL SOCIOLOGY

July 22, 1930.



Mr. B. A. Garside,
150 Fifth Avenue,
University of Nanking
(China Union Universities)
New York City:



Dear Mr. Garside:

This will introduce Mr. Paul C. Hsu,
a friend and colleague of mine. Mr. Hsu has been in
the department here for seven years and has specialized
in rural cooperative credit and marketing. He has also
been acting head of the department since 1927. He is
in America for a year or more to study marketing. You
will find his acquaintance most worth while and any
courtesies you may extend to him will be greatly appre-
ciated, not only by Mr. Hsu, but also by myself.

Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck
J. Lossing Buck.

0838

UNIVERSITY OF NANKING
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY
NANKING, CHINA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS,
FARM MANAGEMENT AND RURAL SOCIOLOGY

August 19, 1930.

(written Aug. 19th)

Nanking

Mr. B. A. Garside,
150 Fifth Ave.,
New York City,
U. S. A.

INDEXED

TRANSFER

Dear Mr. Garside:

Your letter of June 12th arrived a little time ago.
Thanks for the contracts.

The matter of cooperation with the Institute of Research in Land Economics and Public Utilities is I have felt one largely for Dr. Chen to decide upon. I have pressed for a decision but I fear no word has been sent your office yet. Since Ely's work is largely in urban economics I feel that the matter is more for the Arts College than for my department. However, since no action was forthcoming from them I finally drafted a suggested reply with a program for the Institute to cooperate with this department in a Division of Land Economics. In general, I feel that if Ely can find the money we should cooperate. If not we had better not put effort forth much as a University, at least so far as the Department of Agricultural Economics is concerned. It is much more important for this department to put across the visiting professor program I left with you because it is more directly related to the present work of the department. I have given President Chen the opportunity to go ahead with the matter for the Arts College and I do not propose to push it. One reason for hesitancy from the field is Ely's attempt to take to his Institute so much credit. Dr. Chen especially feels that what the Institute does should be an integral part of the university because of Chinese suspicions of outside research organizations at present.

Things have run along quite smoothly here so far as any direct effect from the political situation. Just now there is more apprehension, especially after the Changhsa affair which awakened the Chinese as did the Nanking incident to the state of affairs. A good many think the present conflict will result in a tie while others feel that Chiang will have to give up sooner or later.

I trust you had a good visit in Europe. We have stayed on the job through the summer, and the summer has been about as good as one could expect, perhaps tho, a little warmer than usual.

Please remember me to others in the office. I did greatly appreciate the cooperation from all while I was there.

I believe Dr. Chen is now sending a telegram approving of cooperation with Ely providing emphasis is on training of students. {Aug 19th}

Very sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck

0840



UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

August 11, 1930
(Encl. Aug 1st)

Mr. B. A. Gammage
100 Fifth Ave.
New York City
U.S.A.

RECEIVED
UNIVERSITIES

Dear Mr. Gammage:
Your letter of June 18th arrived a little late.

The matter of cooperation with the United States in the field of forestry is a very important one. It is one that has been discussed for many years. The United States has a very large area of forest land, and it is very important that we should have the best possible management of it. The University of Washington has a very good forestry department, and it is very important that we should have the best possible cooperation with the United States in the field of forestry. I am very glad to hear that you are interested in this matter, and I am sure that we can do a great deal of good work together. I am sure that you will find that the University of Washington is very interested in this matter, and I am sure that we can do a great deal of good work together. I am sure that you will find that the University of Washington is very interested in this matter, and I am sure that we can do a great deal of good work together.

Very truly yours,
J. H. Gammage

I am sure that you will find that the University of Washington is very interested in this matter, and I am sure that we can do a great deal of good work together.

I am sure that you will find that the University of Washington is very interested in this matter, and I am sure that we can do a great deal of good work together.

I am sure that you will find that the University of Washington is very interested in this matter, and I am sure that we can do a great deal of good work together.

Very sincerely yours,
J. H. Gammage

RECEIVED
UNIVERSITIES
SEP 10 1930
JOINT OFFICE

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UNIVERSITY OF NANKING
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY
NANKING, CHINA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS,
FARM MANAGEMENT AND RURAL SOCIOLOGY



RECEIVED

September 9, 1930.

Mr. B. A. Garside,
China Union Universities,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

Dear Mr. Garside:

I am sending you under separate cover one copy of my book, "Chinese Farm Economy" for your office. When the University of Chicago Press edition is ready, I shall be glad to send you one or more additional copies if you desire. Kindly let me know the number of copies you will want and can use to advantage. Of course there are very few free copies, so that three or four would be the maximum we could send gratis.

With kind personal regards, I am

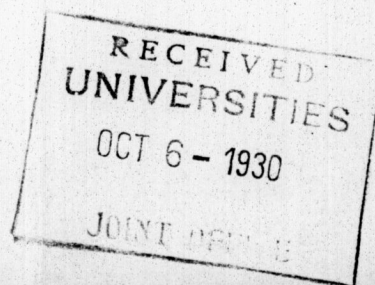
Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck
J. Lossing Buck

JLB:GCM

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0843

Nanking

University of Nanking

September 13, 1930

Professor J. Lossing Buck,
University of Nanking,
Nanking, China.

My dear Prof. Buck:

Let me acknowledge receipt of your letter of August 19. This letter discusses the question of cooperation with the Institute for Research in Land Economics and Public Utilities. Mr. Reisner has also shown me the correspondence which you and he have carried on relative to cooperation with the Institute.

We are glad to have your views as to the possible advantages and difficulties of this proposed cooperation. As you know, we have tried to go very cautiously thus far in our dealings with Dr. Ely and the Institute, and have endeavored on the one hand to avoid committing the University to any definite policy of cooperation, while on the other hand to avoid offending or destroying the interest of Dr. Ely and those associated with him in the Institute.

Dr. Ely is now spending a considerable portion of his time here in New York. I have this week sent him a note suggesting that Mr. Reisner and I would be happy to talk with him at his convenience. I hope that within the next week or two we may have a conference with him and may sound out in a tentative way the possibilities of carrying on the cooperation along the lines you indicate.

We have all been greatly concerned over the difficulties and uncertainties in which all of you at Nanking have been involved during recent months because of political and military disturbances. We can appreciate the fact that all of you have been living under conditions of constant strain and uncertainty. I sincerely hope, however, that as the autumn progresses the situation in Central China will be come more stable and the possibilities of radical overturns will become more remote.

With warmest personal good wishes, I am

Very cordially yours,

B A GARSIDE

BAG-H

0844

Nanking

TRANSFER

University of Nanking

October 7, 1930

Mr. J. Lossing Buck,
University of Nanking,
Nanking, China.

My dear Mr. Buck:

Congratulations on the remarkable excellence of your book "Chinese Farm Economy". A copy mailed from Shanghai reached us a few days ago. Thus far I have had opportunity to glance at it only very hastily; but I hope that I may have opportunity during the coming weeks to study it more carefully. I am very much of a layman on the subject of farm economy but possibly I may be able to learn a great deal about the subject from a study of your book.

Mr. Reigner agrees with me that we could use to advantage as many additional copies of the University of Chicago Press edition as you may be able to supply us without cost. If "three or four would be the maximum that could be sent gratis" we hope you will send us four, please!

With all good wishes, I am

Very cordially yours,

B A GARSIDE

BAG-H

0845

Nanking

TRANSFER

University of Nanking

November 28, 1930

Mr. J. Lossing Buck,
University of Nanking,
Nanking, China.

My dear Mr. Buck:

We have just received from Dr. Hugh A. Moran a check for G\$200 representing a contribution of the Cornell-in-China Club for the work in Nanking. Dr. Moran asked that we notify you of the receipt of this remittance. I am today writing Miss Priest authorizing her to draw this amount at her discretion.

With all good wishes, I am

Very cordially yours,

BAG-H

B. A. GARSIDE

CC: Miss Cloud

0846

Chiang Kueh

feh

208 3539



Nanking, China.
December 3, 1930.

TRANSFER

Dear Friends:

It is some time since I have written, but I have the usual excuse of having been busy.

Most of us, whether we live in China or outside, think first of the political situation, because there seems always to be a "situation". Things became rather acute in the summer time during the civil war between the Nanking Government and Generals Feng and Yen. Added to this was the Communist danger up the river. For a few weeks we in Nanking scarcely knew what might be expected, and there was one report that a Communist plot had been discovered which involved the burning of most of the public buildings in Nanking, including the mission schools, residences, and the University.

Fortunately, General Chiang is a man of great courage, and at a critical moment when his men were retreating and urging him to order the whole army to retreat, refused to do so, and ordered his men into battle in the face of very great difficulties. It is said that he told his men that they could shoot him or do as they wished, that he was going out to fight the enemy. In this way he instilled some courage into his own officers, and turned the tide of victory toward the side of the Nanking Government.

General Chiang very often is referred to as the President of China because he is Chairman of the Executive Committee. Since assuming a leading place in the Nanking Government

0847

DEC 3
1930

- 2 -

there have been a number of times when the government was being badly pressed by its enemies. But Chiang, fortunately for the Government, has always come out on top. I think it is this quality of courage that has given him a place of prominence among the Chinese people.

After the tide turned in favor of the Nanking Government, it was not long before the Manchurian war-lord, Chang Hsueh-liang, decided to cast his lot in with the Government. Most Chinese seem to feel that he had been playing a waiting game to see which side would probably win, and many people still look with considerable suspicion on Chang's alliance with Nanking.

Of course civil war conditions have worked many hardships on the people. General Yen of Shansi issued a great deal of paper money, and taxed the people very heavily. One dollar of Shansi money was worth only thirty cents for a long time and now I understand is worth practically nothing. In fact, the Shansi people want General Yen to leave China and go abroad. The armies of Fong and Yen have not been entirely defeated, and still control most of Shansi province. Nanking is now sending bombing planes there, with the hope of killing Fong and Yen or driving them out. One of my staff members who lives in the southern part of Shansi reports that only a few days ago bombs dropped from planes killed two hundred people in a market town where people were peacefully carrying on marketing operations.

One frequently hears the statement made that there will be fighting next Spring, and that the biggest civil war is

0048

DEC 3
1930

- 3 -

yet to come, meaning that Chiang and Chang will have to fight sooner or later. A year and a half ago that was the report about Feng and Chiang, and that prophecy came true. Of course it may be that the Manchurian war-lord and Chiang can patch things up so as to allow the nation to live in a state of peace.

Bandits and Communists are to be found almost everywhere. It is often difficult to distinguish between the two. The government is now going to give some attention to bandit suppression, but I do not see how they can do the job very thoroughly for some time to come. Three of the men connected with our studies in the rural districts were captured by either Communists or bandits, but fortunately were all released. Naturally, in our attempt to gather information on agricultural conditions in different parts of the country we have found some difficulty in studying certain areas where the bandits are in complete control.

Communist propaganda is rife throughout many country districts, and practically every one of our thirty investigators encountered such propaganda. One investigator tells of a Middle School where the students had been taught Communistic ideas. These students after graduation become the teachers in the rural schools, and they are carrying on propaganda in their school districts.

After the last plenary session of the party, there have been several changes in the ministries, both in organization and in personnel. The Ministry of Agriculture and Mining has been combined with the Ministry of Industry, Commerce,

0849

DEC 3
1930

- 4 -

and Labor, and the whole called the Ministry of Industry. The Ministry of Health has been abolished and the work made a department in the Ministry of the Interior, with the former Minister of Health as Director.

The Minister of Education has had to resign, and has taken a position as President of Peiping University. The new Minister of Education has been trained in France, as has also the new President of the Central University (Government) in Nanking. This probably means more European influence in methods of education. Everyone here is wondering whether the new man will have any different attitude toward religious education in private schools.

There has been considerable speculation as to just why President Chiang Kai-shek joined the church. One hears many reasons, but one cannot help but feel that the chief influence has been his mother-in-law and possibly his wife. The general attitude seems to be that this should cause General Chiang to be more favorable toward the progress of Christian education in China.

In spite of the civil war and the bandits we have been able to carry on our work in the study of land utilization very effectively. This work offers a good opportunity for the training of men who will participate in further research later. The training of these men even after their graduation is as important I think for China as the training of undergraduates.

In conducting this study, we find that the missionaries in the different places throughout China are among our best

0850

DEC 3
1930

- 5 -

co-operators, because they and their Chinese colleagues are in touch with the people.

In connection with our work, we have had visits from a number of well-known men. Dr. Walter F. Willcox of Cornell University was with us for two weeks, and gave a series of lectures on population statistics. Mrs. Buck's brother, Dr. Edgar Sydenstrycker, was with us for about a month. He is director of the Research Division of the Milbank Memorial Fund, and is interested in assisting us in a study of population questions and vital statistics. He also gave a series of lectures on statistical methods. His organization is giving some money to the China Mass Education Movement to be used in the improvement of public health.

Dr. Warren S. Thompson of the Scripps Foundation for the Study of Population Problems is now with us for a year, giving a course of lectures on population and assisting us in our population study.

Just now we have with us Professor and Mrs. Tawney from the London School of Economics. Our students know very little of the development of agrarian history of Europe, and Dr. Tawney is giving a series of lectures on this subject.

The visits of these specialists from other countries give us a greatly appreciated opportunity for having contacts with men in the government bureaus. This is another reason why we welcome these well-known men. It is quite important for us to keep in touch with the men in the government so that they will understand our work.

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DEC 3
1930

- 6 -

TRANSFER

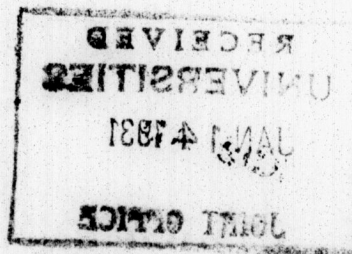
As I have often mentioned in the past, the results of our work are being used constantly by the people in the government.

Things in Nanking are in a more settled condition than any time since the formation of the Nanking Government. Consequently we are quite free from the fear of having to suddenly leave the city because of upset political conditions. This is as you can well imagine very much of a relief and adds to one's peace of mind.

Assuring you of my best wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck



0852

DEC 3
1930

- 6 -

As I have often mentioned in the past, the results of our
work are being used constantly by the people in the govern-
ment.

Things in Nanking are in a more settled condition than
any time since the formation of the Nanking Government.
Consequently we are quite free from the fear of having to
suddenly leave the city because of upset political condi-
tions. This is as you can well imagine very much of a
relief and adds to one's peace of mind.

Assuring you of my best wishes, I am
Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Brock



0853

DEC 3
1930

- 6 -

As I have often mentioned in the past, the results of our
work are being used constantly by the people in the govern-
ment.

Things in Nanking are in a more settled condition than
any time since the formation of the Nanking Government.
Consequently we are quite free from the fear of having to
suddenly leave the city because of upset political condi-
tions. This is as you can well imagine very much of a

relief and adds to one's peace of mind.

Assuring you of my best wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Brock



0854

C O P Y

221 Eddy St.

TRANSFER

Ithaca, New York

June 24, 1931

Dear Mr. Garside:

Enclosed you will find cheque for \$500.00 on behalf of Cornell-in-China Inc., to be transmitted to Mr. Buck at Nanking for use in the work of the College of Agriculture and Forestry. We make no specific restrictions as to the expenditure of the fund, but suggest that it be used in the extension work, and that Professor Meyers and Professor Love be consulted.

We regret that the fund is not larger this year; though in Chinese currency it will probably produce more than the remittance of last year, owing to the drop in exchange. There are a few pledges to be collected and we hope to be able to send a small additional amount later in the year.

Trusting that these funds may be as efficiently used as the money sent in 1930, I am,

Faithfully yours,

(Signed) Hugh A. Moran

Secretary Treasurer

Cornell-in-China, Inc.

0855

UNIVERSITY OF NANKING

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL
ECONOMICS

DIVISIONS

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
FARM MANAGEMENT
RURAL SOCIOLOGY

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE
AND FORESTRY
NANKING, CHINA

CABLE ADDRESS: "UNIVERSITY"

TRANSFER

June 26, 1931.

Mr. B. A. Garside,
China Union Universities, Nanking
150 Fifth Ave.,
New York City.

INDEXED

Dear Mr. Garside:

Your letter of May 8th to Dean Reisner together with the enclosure, has been referred to me for answer. We have requested Mr. Reisner to see Mr. Slocum and make a final decision on whether or not to offer him the position. The only question in my kind is whether or not he will be sufficiently interested in giving most of his time to economic entomology, pertaining to grain crops, vegetables and fruits. Otherwise, we are very pleased with the information you have sent about him. We have asked Mr. Reisner to make the decision and to write you. As soon as you hear from him, will you kindly proceed with the proper steps. We all agree that Mr. Slocum should stay another year and get his Ph. D.

We also feel that Mr. Dews does not seem like a likely candidate.

Sincerely yours,

J. L. Buck

J. L. Buck for K. S. Sie.

B:A

0856

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THE UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA
JOINT OFFICE
WILKINSON CHIEF
AND FORESTRY
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE
UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

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JUL 18 1931
JOINT OFFICE

WILKINSON CHIEF
AND FORESTRY
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE
UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

0857

Nanking

TRANSFER

August 10, 1932.

ack 8-15-32

Mr. B. A. Garside,
China Union Universities,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

My dear Mr. Garside:

Will you be good enough to send a gold check for the balance on the income from Chinese Farm Economy to Miss Elsie Priest so that she may have this exchanged at current rates? We need the advantage of exchange so that we can meet the printing bill for the publication. On all further checks received from the University of Chicago Press I shall appreciate your using the same procedure, namely, sending the gold direct to Miss Priest.

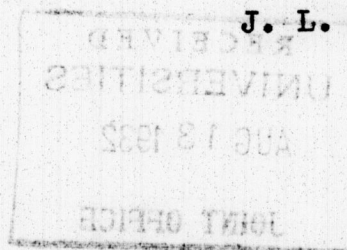
Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck
J. Lossing Buck.

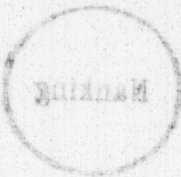
JLB:AB

P. S. -- May I ask please, that you kindly send me duplicate copies of all letters addressed to Miss Priest on this subject in order that my file may be complete.

J. L. B.



0858



August 10, 1932.

Mr. B. A. Garfield,
China Union Universities,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

My dear Mr. Garfield:

Will you be good enough to send a gold check for the balance on the income from Chinese Farm Academy to Miss Priest so that she may have this exchanged at current rates? We need the advantage of exchange so that we can meet the printing bill for the publication. On all further checks received from the University of Chicago Press I shall appreciate your using the same procedure, namely, sending the gold direct to Miss Priest.

Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck
J. Lossing Buck.

JLB:AB

P. S. -- May I ask please, that you kindly send me duplicate copies of all letters addressed to Miss Priest on this subject in order that my file may be complete.

RECEIVED
UNIVERSITIES
AUG 13 1932
JOINT OFFICE

9580

TRANSMITTED

Nanking

University of Nanking

August 15, 1952.

Mr. J. Lossing Buck,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

My dear Mr. Buck:

Your letter of the 10th addressed to Mr. Garside has come to hand. He is away from the office during the balance of the month, but we will follow your suggestion regarding the balance of the income from Chinese Farm Economy. We likewise will follow your suggestion regarding any future checks.

I am passing word on to Mr. Garside that you desire to have copies of all correspondence with Miss Priest on this subject.

I greatly enjoyed the article in yesterday's "Times" regarding Mrs. Buck. It was a mighty interesting write-up.

Very cordially yours,

C. A. Evans

CAB:PW

0860

TRANSFER

Hanking

August 23, 1932.

ack. 8-24-32

Mr. C. A. Evans,
China Union Universities,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

My dear Mr. Evans:

Thank you for your letter of August 15
enclosing copy of one addressed to Miss Priest.

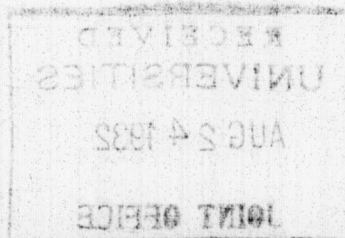
I am wondering if you have any informa-
tion as to the number of copies of CHINESE FARM ECONOMY
which have been sold. If so, I shall appreciate it if
you will let me have it, as I am *anxious* to have this
information for my files.

Thanking you for all past courtesies and
for your kindness in this matter, I am

Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck
J. Lossing Buck.

JLB:AB



0861

TRANSIT
Wankang

August 28, 1932.

Mr. C. A. Evans,
China Union University,
130 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

My dear Mr. Evans:

Thank you for your letter of August 15
concerning the book of mine addressed to Miss Fraser.

I am wondering if you have any information as to the number of copies of CHINESE FARM ECONOMY which have been sold. If so, I shall appreciate it if you will let me have it, as I am anxious to have this information for my files.

Thanking you for all past courtesies and for your kindness in this matter, I am

Sincerely yours,

James B. Buck
J. B. Buck

LIB:AB

RECEIVED
UNIVERSITIES
AUG 24 1932
JOINT OFFICE

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TRANSFER

Nanking

University of Nanking

August 24, 1952.

Mr. J. Lossing Buck,
La Grangeville,
New York

My dear Mr. Buck:

Answering your letter of August 23rd I have gone over the records of sales of "CHINESE FARM ECONOMY" and find the following:-

| | |
|--|-----|
| Individual Sales | 2 |
| Sales through June, 1951, University of Chicago Press..... | 178 |
| Sales through June, 1952, " " " " | 179 |
| Total..... | 259 |

I am quite sure that this covers the complete record we have in the office.

I sincerely trust that you will get a period of rest and preparation for the more strenuous days which are sure to come, and that the delightful weather we are experiencing around New York is extending its sway in your locality.

Closing I want to say how much Mrs. Evans and I enjoyed Mrs. Buck's radio talk on Sunday evening. We were delighted that the message came over the air with such clarity and gave us a larger insight into the background which makes possible the beautiful Oriental setting so artfully set forth in Mrs. Buck's writings.

Very cordially yours,

CAR:PW

0864

CABLE ADDRESS-"WALDORF, NEW YORK"
TELEPHONE-ELDORADO 5-3000

TRANSFER



PARK AND LEXINGTON AVENUES
FORTY-NINTH AND FIFTIETH STREETS

The Waldorf-Astoria

New York

September 10, 1932.

Nanking

Mr. B. A. Garside,
China Union Universities,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

My dear Mr. Garside:

I have received the following telegram
from Mr. Hemens:

Suggest conference Tuesday or Wednesday
noon. Will phone you Monday.

When he calls will you kindly tell him that Wednesday
noon will suit me best and that Mr. W. L. Holland of
the Institute of Pacific Relations wishes to join the
conference at the same time, since he also has some
matters to be discussed. Please ask him the place and
time of meeting.

Thanking you, I am

Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck
J. Lossing Buck.

JLB:AB

0865

RECEIVED
UNIVERSITIES
SEP 12 1932
JOINT OFFICE

0866

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9

TRANSFER

Nanking

University of Nanking

October 3, 1932

Mr. J. Lossing Buok
614 Wyckoff Road
Ithaca, New York

Dear Buok

Mr. Hemens of the University of Chicago Press has left with us three copies of an agreement relative to the sale of the booklet "The 1931 Flood in China." If you are to be in the office within the next few days, I will keep the documents here for you to go over at that time, if not, perhaps we should mail them to you.

I note this is made out in the name of the University of Nanking, but I do not know whether you wish to have our Nanking Board of Founders instruct some of the officers to sign the documents, or whether you would prefer to handle the matter personally.

I note that the agreement provides that the University is to deliver 350 copies of the booklet to the University of Chicago. After sending Reiser 200 copies and keeping out a supply for the Nanking Founders and a few extra copies for later distribution, we were able to send only 240 copies of this booklet to Chicago. This is a matter we should clear up with Mr. Hemens before the agreement is finally executed.

Very cordially yours

B A GARSIDE

BAG:MS

0867

TRANSFER

Nanking

October 4, 1932.

Mr. B. A. Garside,
China Union Universities,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

Dear Garside:

Thanks for your letter of October 3. There is a possibility of my being in New York on Monday, but I think probably it would be best to send on the copies of the agreement to me. Probably we should follow the same procedure as in the case of Chinese Farm Economy. I believe that agreement is in your files. I do not think I should handle the matter personally.

I am not sure that the agreement should state the exact number of copies, since more copies will be sent later in case the present ones are completely distributed. However, if they want a number of copies, the change should be made.

Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck

JLB:AB

P.S. I find I shall have to be in New York on Saturday to see someone of the Rockefeller Foundation. However, I may not have time to get to your office, so you might as well send the contracts on to me.

JLB

0068



October 4, 1932.

Mr. E. A. Campbell,
China Union Universities,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

Dear Sir:

Thanks for your letter of October 3.
There is a possibility of my being in New York on
Monday, but I think probably it would be best to send
on the copies of the agreement to me. Probably we
should follow the same procedure as in the case of
Chinese Farm Economy. I believe that agreement is in
your files. I do not think I should handle the matter
personally.

I am not sure that the agreement should
state the exact number of copies, since more copies will
be sent later in case the present ones are completely
distributed. However, if they want a number of copies,
the change should be made.

Sincerely yours,

Frederick B. ...

LEB:AD

Handwritten notes in cursive script, mostly illegible due to fading and slant.

**RECEIVED
UNIVERSITIES
OCT 6 - 1932
JOINT OFFICE**

9680

TRANSFER

Nanking

University of Nanking

October 7, 1932.

Mr. J. Lossing Buck,
614 Wyckoff Road,
Ithaca, N. Y.

Dear Buck:

I have your letter of October 4th regarding the contract with the University of Chicago Press for handling the distribution of "The 1931 Flood in China".

We are enclosing herewith the three copies of this proposed agreement. You will, of course, wish to glance through it and to see whether it is in accordance with your understanding. I have already called to the question as to the number of copies we are to supply.

The signature on behalf of the University to the agreement in the case of the handling of Chinese Farm Economy was affixed by Dr. Chen. I suppose you would hardly want to delay the completion of this present agreement long enough to send these documents to Nanking for signature, but if time permits that would be a simple solution for the present case. We will probably be having a meeting of our Nanking Founders later this month, and no doubt they will agree to having the contract signed by the officers of the Board.

We are always delighted to have you drop in to see us when you are in the city, but recognise that you do not have such great love for New York City as to loiter here longer than your engagements demand.

Very cordially yours,

BAG:PW
Enc.

B A GARSIDE

0870

TRANSFER
UNIVERSITY OF NANKING

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL
ECONOMICS
DIVISIONS
AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
FARM MANAGEMENT
RURAL SOCIOLOGY

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE
AND FORESTRY
NANKING, CHINA

CABLE ADDRESS: "UNIVERSITY"

614 Wyckoff Road,
Ithaca, New York.
October 10, 1932.



Mr. B. A. Garside,
China Union Universities,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

My dear Mr. Garside:

I have your letter of October 7, enclosing contracts from the University of Chicago Press for the distribution of the 1931 Flood In China. I have the following suggestions to make:

In paragraph 1 that the words "except China" be inserted after the word "elsewhere", and that the words "in book form" be deleted.

Omit paragraph 6 as not applying to the present publication.

In paragraph 8 the part applying to the supplying of 175 copies of the slips to J. H. Reisner should be omitted, because Reisner had already sent out the copies before I could tell him of this plan.

I would suggest adding the following clause at the end of paragraph 11, "unless the University of Nanking desires to take back remaining copies of said publication into their own possession".

I am sending an extra copy of this letter, thinking that you may want to forward it on to the University of Chicago Press.

Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck
J. Lossing Buck.

JLB:AB

0871

UNIVERSITY OF NANKING

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

AND FORESTRY

NANKING, CHINA



Mr. J. W. GARDNER
College of Agriculture
The University of Nanking
Nanking, China

Dear Mr. Gardner:

I have your letter of September 1, 1932, regarding the loan of the book "The Principles of Plant Physiology" to the University of Nanking. The book is now in the library and will be sent to you as soon as possible.

The book is a valuable addition to the library and will be of great help to the students of the College of Agriculture and Forestry.

Sincerely yours,
J. W. Gardner

I am very glad to hear that you are interested in the book and that it will be of help to the students of the College of Agriculture and Forestry.

I am sure that the book will be of great help to the students of the College of Agriculture and Forestry and that it will be a valuable addition to the library.

I am very glad to hear that you are interested in the book and that it will be of help to the students of the College of Agriculture and Forestry.

Very truly yours,
J. W. Gardner

Very truly yours,
J. W. Gardner



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Mrs. J. Loring Buck

Nanking

November 12, 1932

TRANSFER

Mission Worker Abroad Vexes Mrs. Pearl Buck

'Good Earth' Author Tells
1,200 at Luncheon Here
Many Are Ignorant Bores

Mrs. Pearl S. Buck, author of "The Good Earth" and "Sons," delivered a bitter philippic yesterday afternoon against the theory and conduct of much foreign mission work and topped it off with a strong plea for a higher quality of man to be sent into that field by the churches. She spoke for more than an hour at a luncheon in her honor attended by 1,200 Presbyterian women at the Astor. Mrs. Buck was introduced, both by the Rev. Dr. Cleland Boyd McAffee, secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, who was toastmaster at the luncheon, and by Dr. John H. Finley, as the daughter of missionaries and "one of the great company of missionary women herself."

When the microphone was pushed to her she rose quietly and announced that she meant to speak on "The Case for Foreign Missions." She began by explaining that all the many criticisms made of missionary work—that it was narrow and arrogant, that the money was best spent at home, that it did the evangelized countries more harm than good—boiled down to the fundamental question: "Is there a case for foreign missions?"

China, she said, was not an anti-foreign country, although there were, of course, ultra-nationalistic elements in it, and yet the missionaries were often disliked by the intelligent Chinese. "The intelligent Chinese," she remarked, "are unwilling to see a narrow and sectarian form of religion fostered among their people in return for a few hospital facilities, a little flood relief, a little education. The truth is too many of the missionaries today are too small for the situation. I have heard them criticized in the bitterest terms and agreed. I have seen them narrow, arrogant, sure and stupid in their own belief, and disdainful of a great culture. I have seen them scornful, vulgar, ignorant and superstitious, and I have seen them making over Chinese converts in their own image."

Wouldn't Be Satisfied at Home

She wondered, she said, when she first came to this country if the average American Christian was as mediocre as many of the men and women sent out. She found that those sent out were sent very often because there was nothing else to do with them. "Good consecrated—and what a quantity of sloppy thinking that word covers—people so boring that no congregations at home could bear them, young men and women unprepared for any sort of work, much less for that which takes more preparation than any other"—such were the types she found being considered for mission work.

When even a mediocre man was placed in another culture without resources of his own he became narrow, she declared, and moreover, even a good man had obstacles put in his way by those at home. "Our forefathers believed," she continued, "that out of some Christian church, or even out of their special church, a soul was eternally damned, and that remains in the hunger for statistics of conversions on the part of mission boards that hinders many good men. I have watched one great missionary, one of the men that provide the final justification of the work for me, go further and further into the interior, further and further from the organization that called him unorthodox because day by day in the magnitude of his work he was outgrowing and casting off his creed and getting closer to the actual gospel. If I go to one of the villages where he worked his name is a passport today, years after his death."

No More Arrogance of Spirit

Why, she asked, did she still believe in missions? Because she was unwilling to see the figure and idea of Christ, whether he was only the finest imagination of mankind or no, forgotten on earth. She had come to the conclusion, she said, in spite of all her disgust and irritation, that Christians were on the whole better than the average, no matter how very little Christians they were.

"Let us send fewer and finer men," she concluded. "Let them become a part of the country, not professional intruders, really nice Christians. Let the messenger and the message suit the people for whom they are intended. I should like to see every missionary sent out to satisfy a real need of the people in a particular place. Above all, that removes the stigma of moral arrogance that goes with preaching to a people more skillful in the arts of life than we ourselves are. I am weary unto death of preaching. I have spoken as a countrywoman of your race. By years and understanding I am Chinese, and as Chinese I say to you: Come to us no more in arrogance of spirit, but come to do and to work, to understand and become a part of the country."

Cities Adopt City Manager Plan

City manager government has been adopted by 440 cities in the United States, Canada and the Irish Free State since 1906. Thirteen of these later rejected it.

0873

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TRANSFER

Nanking

614 Wyckoff Road,
Ithaca, New York.
December 2, 1932.

ack 12-8-32

Mr. B. A. Garside,
China Union Universities,
150 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

My dear Mr. Garside:

I am wondering whether you have received any word from Nanking at any time in the past year or so to pay a bill to John D. Black, Director, Room 472, Widener Library, Cambridge, Mass., for eleven copies each of Agricultural Land Utilization, \$8.25, and Farm Management, \$11.00, making a total of \$19.25. I have repeatedly received bills for this and I have asked the business manager of our own department to make arrangements for payment through the treasurer's office. Before writing back to Nanking I am simply writing to ascertain whether or not they have written you at all about the matter.

May I also ask whether or not such a payment would naturally be made through your office? If so, then I think the best thing is for you to make the disbursement here and they can settle the charge on the field where arrangements have already been made for taking care of it.

Sincerely yours,

J. Lossing Buck
J. Lossing Buck.

JLB:AB

Paid Oct 24, 1931 - John D. Black Director. \$8.25

0875

Nanking

University of Nanking

December 8, 1952.

Mr. J. Lossing Buck
614 Wyckoff Road,
Ithaca, N. Y.

My dear Mr. Buck:

I have your letter of December 2nd regarding the bills due
Mr. John D. Black.

On September 21, 1951 Miss Priest wrote instructing us to pay
Mr. Black G.\$8.25 covering eleven copies "Scope and Method of Research
in Public Finance in Relation to Agriculture." This payment was made
on October 24, 1951. Does this cover the first item you mention "Agricul-
tural Land Utilisation"?

So far as we can find we have not received any instructions from
Miss Priest regarding the copies of "Farm Management" for which \$11.00 is
due.

Our office makes frequent disbursements to individuals and
firms here in America on instructions from Miss Priest. Within the last
year or so, however, we have set up a banking account here in New York,
which is subject to check from Miss Priest. She is therefore, paying quite
a number of bills by means of these checks she draws herself, rather than
having them handled through our New York Office. For this reason, we would
be rather reluctant to make any disbursements through our office without
having cleared the matter with Miss Priest, otherwise we would frequently
make duplicate payments.

Very cordially yours,

B A GARSIDE

BAG:PW

0876